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Monterey, California



THESIS

IMPLEMENTATION OF A GENERAL FINITE ELEMENT CODE ON AN IBM PC COMPATIBLE MICROCOMPUTER

by

Rehe E. Ruesch

September 1984

Thesis Advisor:

G. Cantin

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Implementation of a General Finite Element Code on an IBM PC Compatible Microcomputer

by

Rehe E. Ruesch Lieutenant Commander, "United States Navy B.S., Purdue University, 1976

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

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ABSTRACT

NEW TENEY. O.L.

The practicality of using microcomputers to solve systems of equations of several hundred unknowns has been demonstrated. However, machine and software limitations of eight bit processors made the construction of useful finite element programs very difficult, and severely limited the size of problems which could be solved in a reasonable amount of time. The introduction of the sixteen bit microprocessor has completely revolutionized the microcomputer industry, and many of the limitations of the eight bit systems have been eliminated. The new microcomputers have made mainframe-like computing power available to everyone, at a very reasonable cost. For many reasons, however, there are few general finite element programs available for the microcomputer today. A general finite element program of moderate complexity called MEF ("Méthode des Eléments Finis") is adapted for implementation on the IBM PC-XT and the COLUMBIA MPC microcomputers. resulting implementation is verified, and results are

N. A. L. C. L. L. FORITA

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	INT	INTRODUCTION					
	Α.	BACKGROUND	8				
		1. Eight Bit Micros and Finite Elements	9				
		2. Sixteen Bit Microcomputer Introduced	12				
	В.	PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE INVESTIGATION	14				
	c.	CHOICE OF THE MACHINE	15				
		1. Configuration of the System	17				
		2. CPU Speed Tests	18				
		3. Matrix Solution Demonstration	20				
	D.	CHOICE OF COMPILER	22				
	E.	CHOICE OF PROGRAM FOR CONVERSION	23				
II.	CON	IVERSION OF MEF	25				
	Α.	GENERAL	25				
	В.	PHASE ONE	26				
	c.	PHASE TWO	29				
		1. Microsoft Version 3.2 Improvements	29				
		2. Small Memory Model Implementation of MEF	31				
		3. Large Memory Model Implementation of MEF	32				
	D.	GLOBAL STRUCTURE AND USE OF MEF	39				
		1. Functional Blocks of MEF	39				
		2. Elements Supported by MEF	44				
		3. Running MEF	46				

III. F	RESU	LTS AND	CONCLUSION	s		,	 	50
I	Α.	SUMMARY					 	50
E	3.	CONCLUS	IONS	·			 	52
C	С.	RECOMME	NDATIONS				 -	54
LIST OF	FRE	FERENCE	s				 	56
APPENDI	IX A	: CPU	CLOCK SPEED	TEST			 	57
APPENDI	IX B	: MATR	IX SOLUTION	TEST	PROGRAM	i	 	62
APPENDI	IX C	: FUNC	TIONAL BLOC	K DIAG	GRAMS	-	 	74
APPENDI	IX D	: SAMP	LE PROBLEMS	AND S	SOLUTION	ıs	 	95
APPENDI	IX E	: MEF	PROGRAM LIS	TINGS			 	146
TNTTTAT	, DT	STRIBIIT	TON TITOT				 	278

LIST OF TABLES

I.	Configuration of the System	17
II.	Matrix Solution Benchmark Tests	20
III.	Functional Block Summary	41
IV.	Element Summary	45

I. INTRODUCTION

A. BACKGROUND

The microcomputer was introduced in the marketplace a little over a decade ago, and has proceeded to develop at an astounding rate. The very large-scale integrated (VLSI) microcomputer of today performs at speeds four to six orders of magnitude greater than first generation computers. The power, utility and versatility of these microcomputers is such that their capability exceeds that of second generation computers, and they are as powerful as many minicomputer systems in a variety of applications. Indeed, the increasing capabilities of microcomputers have driven the latest, high-speed minicomputers to attain the versatility and performance standards of the former medium-scale mainframe computers [Ref. 1: pp. iii-8].

Today, an unprecedented amount of computing power is available at a price which can be afforded by even the smallest of engineering firms and research groups. Two years ago, research into the implementation of finite element software on eight bit microcomputers was conducted by Mulholland [Ref. 2]. At that time, the cost of the computer system used for his research was approximately \$6,000 [Ref. 2: p. 15]. The cost of each of the systems used in this research is about the same, but there is

hardly a comparison in capability between the Apple II Plus used by Mulholland, and the IBM PC-XT of today. The problem today is that there is not a large library of engineering software available for engineering firms and research groups to take advantage of. Wilson [Ref. 6] states that less than one percent of current day finite element analysis is conducted on microcomputers. This lack of software leaves small firms and research groups (who do not have the staff, resources and time to develop extensive programs themselves) unable to take advantage of the computing power available to them. For this reason, there is a need to develop engineering software which will take advantage of the microcomputer's capabilities. Unfortunately, at this time, the limitations and capabilities of the software/microcomputer combination are largely unexplored. This thesis will attempt to shed light on the capabilities of the sixteen bit microcomputer to perform general finite element analysis.

1. Eight Bit Micros and Finite Elements

When first introduced, microcomputers used an eight bit architecture which provided several stumbling blocks to the implementation of engineering software in general. The most significant of these stumbling blocks was the memory size limitation, and the second was a limited instruction set. The maximum addressable memory of the most advanced of these systems was 65,536 bytes. This address space was

often limited, even further, by the presence of read only memory (ROM) chips which contained significant portions of the operating system for the computer. The result was a severe limitation to the size of application software, as well as the size of data objects. The instruction set limitation was significant because it complicated the implementation of high level language compilers, and almost all engineering applications are dependent on the availability of high level languages. These two problems combined to cause another problem which was the immaturity of support software. The limited instruction sets required more code to implement desired features, yet the small memory size restricted the amount of code severely. The result was that operating systems, compilers, and interpreters were notorious for the things they could not do. Nevertheless, there have been a number of commercial as well as academic implementations of finite element codes on eight bit microcomputers. All of these implementations are limited to relatively small problems, and almost all are special application programs which solved only one type of problem (typically beams, trusses, or frames).

As time progressed, the hardware and operating systems of microcomputers matured. With the advent of high speed floppy diskette drives and disk operating systems, the idea of using out-of-core linear equation solvers to solve larger systems of equations on microcomputers became

achievable. Mulholland [Ref. 2: pp. 36-46] demonstrated the ability of eight bit machines to produce an acceptable result using an out-of-core technique. As might be expected, solution times were somewhat slow, but the method increased the size of problem which could be solved with a limited amount of memory. After verifying the utility of the eight bit machine and out-of-core solver combination, Mulholland [Ref. 2: pp. 52-70] continued his investigation by implementing a modification of Mallory's [Ref. 3] STAP-NPS on the Apple-II Plus microcomputer.

The result was a finite element system which was cumbersome to use, and supported only one element type. The system required the attention of the user to shift five floppy diskettes between four disk drives in response to requests from the run time system. In his tests, over two hours were required to solve a system of 160 equations having a half-bandwidth of 64. Mulholland's conclusion [Ref. 2: pp. 72-74] was that the system he used was not a suitable tool for serious finite element work. He cited six primary reasons why the system was inadequate for the application, but it is significant to note that five of the six reasons were actually operating system/compiler limitations. In other words, five of the six were due to immaturity of support software for the Apple-II Plus system at the time.

2. Sixteen Bit Microcomputer Introduced

In 1981 and 1982 the sixteen bit LSI microcomputer was introduced to the market. While the speed of these machines was as much as four or five times greater than the eight bit predecessors, the largest advantages were realized by the improved architecture and instruction sets. Rao [Ref. 1: p. 205] cites a ten fold improvement in execution time for the Intel 8086 over the Intel 8080A while the increase in clock speed was, at most, 4 times that of the 8080A. Obviously, the influence of the architecture and instruction set is strongly significant. One of the most important improvements delivered by the sixteen bit processors was the amount of addressable memory; the smallest address space among the various architectures was 1024 kilobytes. This is not meant to imply that application software was able to take advantage of that address There were no compilers, at the time, that would allow addressing outside a 64 kilobyte page. Even today, compilers that allow addressing beyond the 64 kilobyte page are just beginning to enter the market. However, a tremendous amount of support software such as compilers, interpreters, spread sheets, etc. were no longer limited to 64 kilobytes of memory. As a result, support software began to grow in size and capability. In addition to the increase in address space a number of the systems were able to make use of a separate coprocessor, the Intel 8087, for

numeric data processing. Although, no specific standard has been developed for comparing processing times with and without the coprocessor, most authors agree that addition of the coprocessor has been shown to increase the speed of numeric computation significantly [Ref. 4, 5].

The introduction of the sixteen bit machines, however, did not cause an immediate surge in finite element applications on microcomputers. Wilson [Ref. 6] points out that the development of engineering software is dependent upon the availability of a stable operating system, and a compatible FORTRAN compiler. While today's microcomputers are seldom marketed without an operating system, the initial versions of operating systems have been notoriously unreliable and unsophisticated. Therefore, a lag exists between the introduction of the hardware, and the development of a stable operating system and a compatible FORTRAN compiler. The lag in the case of the eight bit machines was nearly ten years, but because of the experience gained in the development of these systems the lag was shortened considerably for sixteen bit microcomputers.

At the outset of this investigation, the market boasted a variety of disk operating systems which supported floppy disks as well as the newer high-speed hard disks.

There were two FORTRAN compilers available which had undergone a number of modifications and promised the maturity necessary to support finite element applications. There

was also a wide variety of peripheral plotting devices and other equipment and software to support engineering applications.

B. PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE INVESTIGATION

This investigation was conducted as an attempt to implement a general purpose finite element program on a sixteen bit microcomputer, with the intent of determining whether or not the resulting system was practically useful. Wilson [Ref. 6] makes the assertion that new finite element work will be done in FORTRAN, primarily, because all general purpose finite element programs, to date, have been written This author supports the assertion with the in FORTRAN. observation that FORTRAN is also the most widely used and supported language in the engineering community. In addition, FORTRAN 77 eliminates most of the practical objections to FORTRAN as a programming language. Much previous work has gone into the implementation of the more notable general, finite element programs in use today, and the construction of these programs is a project which requires considerable investment in terms of manpower and dollars [Ref. 6]. Since the purpose of the investigation was to evaluate the usefulness of the resultant program/machine combination, it was desirable to implement a system of moderate complexity in order to provide a rigorous test. Therefore, the decision was made to convert an appropriate, existing

program rather than to reinvent the wheel. The program which was chosen, called MEF ("Méthode des Eléments Finis"), was written at the Université de Technologie, Compiègne, France. Justification for the choice of MEF is provided in section 1.5 below. Initially, it was hoped that graphics, and user friendly input routines could be added to the implementation, however, time constraints limited the investigation to conversion of the existing software.

C. CHOICE OF THE MACHINE

The major considerations influencing the choice of the microcomputer for this study were:

- (1) Availability and support of system hardware (including peripherals).
- (2) The existence of a FORTRAN compiler compatible with the system.
- (3) The existence of a compatible, FORTRAN callable, graphics package for future implementation of graphics.
 - (4) System cost.
- (5) The existence of a wide range of technical support for hardware maintenance.
- (6) The availability of a wide range of commercial software for the system.

The last two considerations are to insure that the chosen system was maintainable, and versatile. Presumably, any firm or research group considering the purchase of a

microcomputer would desire to use it for more than finite element analysis. The existence of technical support and commercially available software would be significant considerations in the choice of a system. System hardware considerations included floppy disks, hard disks, modems, printers, plotters, graphical input devices (digitizers, joy sticks, mouse, etc.), and the ability to support a large amount of memory.

At the time equipment for the project had to be chosen IBM's complete domination of the microcomputer market made the choice of the IBM PC or a PC compatible microcomputer the logical choice of hardware for the system. In addition, the IBM PC was widely available at the Naval Postgraduate School. IBM's domination of the market also spawned a tremendous industry aimed at producing peripherals and software for the IBM PC. Therefore, it was clear that capable language compilers, graphics devices, graphics software, and other software would develop more quickly and predictably for the IBM PC than for other systems.

In the end, two systems were used to conduct the investigation: an IBM PC-XT available at the Naval Postgraduate School, and a Columbia MPC. The Columbia MPC was chosen for use at home because of its lower cost and high degree of compatibility with the IBM PC.

1. Configuration of the System

Differences between the two machines chosen for this study are minimal. The description which follows is applicable to both systems with exceptions as noted.

Table I. Configuration of the System

COMPONENT	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
CPU	INTEL 3088 with the INTEL 8087 coprocessor	
MEMORY	512 kilobytes	
DISPLAY	color monitor with graphics adapter and a monochrome display	the Columbia sup- ported a graphics capable monochrome monitor with a graphics adapter
MASS STORAGE	one 5.25 inch, double density, dual sided floppy diskette drive and one ten megabyte hard disk drive	the Columbia system initially supported two 5.25 inch, double density, dual sided floppy diskette drives and no hard disk drive
PRINTER	<pre>graphics capable, dot matrix, parallel printer</pre>	
SERIAL PORTS	two (one used for main- frame communications, and one for a graphics input device in support of future graphics development)	

The hard disk was not required for the development of the MEF system, however, the availability of the hard disk cut compile and linking time almost in half over the Columbia

floppy disk system. When compile and link times approached two hours on floppy disks for the complete MEF system, the increased speed of the hard disk was significant. Later in the investigation, a fifteen megabyte hard disk was added to the Columbia MPC.

At the beginning of the investigation it was impossible to determine the amount of memory which would be required to implement MEF. However, the original implementation of MEF on a VAX 780 minicomputer contained a working array consisting of 160 kilobytes. The memory size of 512 kilobytes was chosen because it was the amount which would fully populate the memory expansion board chosen, and it was felt that it would be large enough to minimize the difficulty in implementing program overlays if overlays became necessary.

Both systems run using functionally identical operating systems (MS DOS for the Columbia and PC DOS for the IBM). Indeed, no modifications of any kind were required to carry the software between the two systems. Even the compiled and linked programs could be carried between the systems.

2. CPU Speed Tests

CPU speed for the two systems is advertised to be 4.77 MHz. However, the hardware and operating systems of both machines are extensively interrupt driven. No criticism is intended of this extremely powerful method of implemention, however, it was known that the effective speed of the

system would be somewhat lower than the clock speed because of the system overhead created by extensive use of interrupts and interrupt handlers. For this reason, a simple test was devised to determine the processor speed available to a user program (apparent speed) to compare with eight bit processor speeds.

The test involved writing a simple assembly language routine which would place the processor in a loop of specified length. The system clock was accessed just before and just after the loop to compute the time spent in the loop. [Ref. 7] was used to determine the number of clock cycles in the loop, and the number of times through the loop was chosen to be large enough so that the computation time involved in accessing the clock would not significantly influence the resultant computation. The program and calculations used are detailed in Appendix A. The result of the test indicated that the apparent speed of the systems is approximately 3.56 MHz (worst case). This test was somewhat subjective, however, the result gave some insight into the minimum performance which could be expected from the system. While the 3.5 MHz speed is significantly lower than 4.77 MHz, it is still about one and a half times greater than typical eight bit processor speeds; coupled with a better architecture and instruction set it was clear that significant things could be expected.

3. Matrix Solution Demonstration

In comparison with the matrix solution tests conducted by Mulholland [Ref. 2: pp. 45-48] tests of the IBM PC-XT, and the Columbia MPC configured with 512 kilobytes of RAM yielded significantly faster solution times for even larger matrices than those tested by Mulholland. The tests were conducted using the FORTRAN program in Appendix B to solve double precision, fully populated, matrices.

The solver uses an LU decomposition followed by back substitution, and takes no advantage of symmetry or bandwidth. The results are as follows:

Table II. Matrix Solution Benchmark Tests

DEGREES FREEDOM	PREDICTED SOLUTION TIME	ACTUAL SOLUTION TIME
25	unknown	0.0577 min.
32	.12 min.	.119 min.
100	3.69 min.	3.48 min.
200	29.54 min.	27.56 min.

The first test was conducted on a matrix whose storage requirements would not exceed 64 kilobytes, but would be large enough to provide a usable benchmark. The 32 degree of freedom (DOF) matrix was run for direct comparison with the results obtained by Mulholland [Ref. 2: pp. 45-46]. As can be seen from the table, the time

required for solution was small as compared with the Apple II Plus best time of 2.68 minutes, and the HP 9845 best time of 0.87 minutes. In comparison with Mulholland's reported solution time of approximately 2.5 hours for a 160 DOF problem having a bandwidth of 64, test four took only 27.56 minutes.

The solution time for the type of solver used varies with the cube of the number of degrees of freedom (i.e., a two fold increase in DOF would predict an increase in solution time of eight). The predicted times for the last three tests were based on the actual execution time for the first test. Since the actual times are even faster than the predicted times the conclusion can be drawn that the overhead of addressing outside a 64 kilobyte memory page is not excessive for this compiler, and does not seem to vary with how far outside the memory page the addressing goes. If the results of test three are used to predict test four the resultant prediction would be 27.84 minutes. As the table shows, this is very close to the actual execution time. It is important to note that for the size matrices tested, and the amount of memory available the solutions were achieved in-core. Therefore, in many respects, the comparison with Mulholland's data is informative, but not exactly fair.

The significance of the comparison is that it shows the size of problem which can be solved in a relatively

short period. The in-core solution of a 200 DOF, double precision system is important both because it has only recently become possible, and because it represents the solution of a moderate sized finite element system with a maximum bandwidth. Larger systems could be solved in-core if bandwidth were minimized, and the solution technique took advantage of symmetry and bandwidth characteristics, as is done with most modern finite element programs. For systems which take advantage of these characteristics, the solution varies as the product of DOF and the square of the bandwidth. This means that a finite element system having a bandwidth of eighty and five hundred degrees of freedom would be solved in about one third the time as test four above (after assembly), or if a factor of three is assumed for all the processing, it would take approximately the same time as test four. Even larger systems could be solved using out-of-core techniques, but a fairly large number of problems can now be solved in-core.

D. CHOICE OF COMPILER

At the start of this investigation, the Microsoft FORTRAN compiler (version 3.1) was the only one which offered features that might be used to implement arrays requiring more than 65,536 bytes of storage. In order to avoid typical limits on data sotrage, Microsoft reserved a full 64k segment for each named common block. In support of portability, the compiler offered a complete ANSI FORTRAN

77 Subset with a few extensions to the full language.

Version 3.1 was used for most of the preliminary work

with MEF, however, difficulties involved in restructuring

the program to take advantage of the Microsoft named com
mon block features prevented the implementation of MEF

with full sized arrays. Later in the investigation,

Microsoft FORTRAN was updated to version 3.2. The new

version supported unrestricted array sizes, overlay sup
port, and an improved support for the Intel 8087 math

coprocessor.

E. CHOICE OF PROGRAM FOR CONVERSION

To provide a sufficiently rigorous test of the computer and software combination it was desirable to implement a general finite element program of moderate to robust complexity. The characteristics of such a program include:

- 1. The ability to solve a variety of problems including problems of elasticity, heat transfer, and fluid mechanics.
- 2. A choice of element types, and the ability to add elements as needed.
- 3. The ability to solve both static and dynamic problems of large size involving more than one element type. Including problems having different degrees of freedom at each node, symmetric or nonsymmetric element matrices.

- 4. The solution of eigen value problems.
- 5. The ability to solve nonlinear problems.

For the purpose of implementation of a finite element code on a microcomputer it would also be useful if the program included an out-of-core equation solver to eliminate severe restrictions on problem size, and block structured code to minimize the difficulty of developing overlays if necessary.

Practical considerations included the availability of source code and thorough documentation for the program.

It was also necessary, because of time constraints, to have the source on some type of machine readable media.

One program which satisfied most of the above characteristics was called MEF. In addition, there was a version of MEF available at the Naval Postgraduate School which ran on the VAX 780 under the VMS operating system. The documentation for MEF was contained in a book [Ref. 8] which was translated from French by Professor Gilles Cantin of the Naval Postgraduate School. Therefore, this investigation chose MEF, the "Méthode des Eléments Finis," to convert for implementation on the IBM PC-XT and Columbia MPC microcomputers.

II. CONVERSION OF MEF

A. GENERAL

The version of MEF which was available at the Naval Postgraduate School was written in FORTRAN IV. The FORTRAN 77 compiler on the VAX 780 at the Naval Postgraduate School was able to compile the FORTRAN IV code with no alterations, and the result was tested using problems for which the solutions have been published [Ref. 8: pp. 447-503]. However, the FORTRAN 77 implementation on the VAX is a robust version of ANSI standard FORTRAN 77, with many extensions which provide compatibility with earlier versions of FORTRAN. The Microsoft FORTRAN version 3.1 which was used at the beginning of this study met the requirements of the ANSI subset of FORTRAN 77 with a few extensions to the full language.

In general, most of the problems that occur in converting engineering applications programs from FORTRAN IV to FORTRAN 77 are tied to the character and string handling differences between the two versions. Occasionally, problems arise in the conversion of do loops because FORTRAN IV did not prevent the poor programming practice of jumping into the range of a do loop. Additional problems arise when using the subset language because it does not support BLOCK DATA modules and requires all occurrences

of a named common block to be exactly the same length. These two problems are mentioned because of their common use in engineering applications, and because of their extensive use in MEF. Aside from these general areas, considerations specific to implementation on a microcomputer include restrictions on array size imposed by the compiler, and memory size limitations imposed by the hardware/ operating system (the operating system for the IBM PC does not support virtual memory). Version 3.1 of the Microsoft Compiler supported a maximum array size of 65,366 bytes (approximately 8,170 double precision words), and a maximum subscript value of 32,767 [Ref. 9: p. 63]. As mentioned previously, version 3.1 provided some relief with regard to memory restrictions by reserving 64 kilobytes of storage for each named common block [Ref. 10: p. 54].

The conversion of MEF took place in two major phases. The first phase used Microsoft FORTRAN version 3.1, and was unsuccessful. The second phase used Microsoft FORTRAN version 3.2 which was actually two full releases improved over version 3.1. The second phase was successful (with some restrictions) after a number of problems with the compiler (bugs) were identified and circumvented.

B. PHASE ONE

The original version of MEF was approximately 4800 lines long which included the comments (written in French).

There are very few microcomputer based text editors which will handle files of that length, and the ones that do become totally bogged down with the overhead of managing the file. It was determined that the most effective way to proceed would be compile approximately 500 lines of code on the microcomputer to identify the specific items which could be changed globally in the original code. After the necessary modifications were determined, they were made to the entire file using the VAX text editor, EDT. When the modifications were complete the large file was broken into five separate segments of approximately 1000 lines each and transferred, via modem, to five separate floppy diskettes. Five diskettes were required so there was room to edit and compile the separate modules. The Microsoft compiler creates intermediate (scratch) files which are almost twice the size of the source file. The easiest, safest place to place the scratch files is on the same diskette as the source file, and 1000 lines of source code, on the average, create scratch files which nearly fill the diskette.

FORTRAN does not support true dynamic memory allocation, and will not allow the direct manipulation of array sizes during execution. Therefore, MEF, like many other finite element program, implements a pseudo-dynamic memory allocation so that array sizes may be altered during execution. In order to do this, all arrays are declared as one dimensional arrays and stored sequentially in a single large

working array. A table of pointers is made to keep track of the beginning of each array, and as tables are deleted the separate tables are moved to accommodate the change. MEF defines the large working array, called VA, to be in blank common, and makes extensive use of named common for all other common block applications. For this reason, the basic structure of MEF had to be altered to implement its conversion with the Microsoft Compiler version 3.1. There were some 15 named common blocks in MEF, and since the compiler reserved 64 kilobytes for each one, approximately 960 kilobytes would have been used just for common block allocation. Needless to say, there was not enough memory available even if the compiler/linker combination were capable of handling the problem.

The program structural change attempted, was to switch all of the elements in named common blocks to blank common, and the single array VA from blank common to named common. It was envisioned that several named common blocks could eventually be used so that the actual size of the working array could be larger than 35,366 bytes. Considerable time was spent in effecting this change, and trying to get the resultant version of MEF to work. However, the changes were too comprehensive, and the attempt was aborted when a new version of the compiler was received in May of 1984. The improvements in version 3.2 allowed the complete abandonment of the restructuring approach, and while phase one

was unsuccessful, the time spent was not wasted. It allowed familiarization with the structure of MEF, and with the specific areas where the FORTRAN IV code needed to be altered for compatibility with subset FORTRAN 77. In addition, it provided considerable familiarization with the operating system, editors, and hardware of both the VAX and the IBM PC-XT/COLUMBIA MPC.

C. PHASE TWO

A new version of MEF which contained english comments was received about the same time as the new version of the Microsoft Compiler. Once again, proceeding as before, a smaller segment of code was used to determine the global changes required on the main body of the code, before transferring it to floppy diskettes. Because of the changes in Microsoft FORTRAN version 3.2, there were significantly fewer alterations required to the global structure of MEF; all of the initial changes pertained, strictly, to the treatment of characters and strings, and to the task of making the named COMMON blocks the same length in each reference.

1. Microsoft Version 3.2 Improvements

Improvements in the compiler which affected the implementation of MEF are as follows:

- 1. Support for the BLOCK DATA statement.
- 2. Support for arrays and COMMON blocks longer than 64 kilobytes.

- 3. Inclusion of A simple overlay linker (overlays were unnecessary in the end, but at the time the investigation started there was no way to tell whether or not they would be required).
- 4. Better support for the Intel 8087 coprocessor including implementation of the IEEE floating point math standard (the default for this version).

From the point of view of this investigator, the single most important change in the Microsoft Compiler was the support for large arrays and common blocks. This is the change which eliminated the unusual implementation of named COMMON present in version 3.1. It must be noted here, that though the common block problem was solved, the ability to address more than 64 kilobytes beyond the beginning of an array or common block was often defeated by compiler/ linker bugs. Simple applications such as the array solver shown in APPENDIX B had no difficulty in compiling, linking, and producing results using arrays limited only by the amount of memory available. However, more complicated programs with numerous common blocks and arrays provide a serious challenge to the compiler/linker combination, and the results are not always gratifying. The improvement over earlier versions, however, are monumental and conversations with Microsoft Technical Support indicate that future releases of the compiler will solve the types of problems encountered in this research.

2. Small Memory Model Implementation of MEF

With the improvements mentioned above it took only a few weeks to provide a working version of MEF which was called the "Small Memory Model" (SMM). That is, no arrays were declared to be large (the working array size was cut to 2000 words). For details of the compiler structure, the reader is referred to [Ref. 12: pp. 99-129]. The result was that the working array was kept in a default data segment referred to as DGROUP. DGROUP also contains memory pointer variables used by the compiler and run-time system; the stack, which is used for passing parameters between subroutines; static variables and constants; and addresses of other data segments such as named COMMON blocks and large arrays. The result is that the small memory model is significantly limited in comparison to the later implementation (called the large memory model) because the working array size could not drive the size of DGROUP over 64 kilobytes without declaring the dummy arrays as large arrays. The only significant difficulty encountered during this conversion was that the BLOCK DATA module would not initialize correctly. Conversations with Microsoft technical support indicated that this was a known bug and that BLOCK DATA had to appear as the first object in a link module in order for correct initialization to take place.

The correctness of the small memory model was verified with the published results used to verify the VAX

implementation. In all cases, the results obtained on the microcomputer were identical with those published by Dhatt and Tuzot [Ref. 8], with the exception of residual computations. Residual computations on the microcomputer produced number of the same (small) magnitude but not the same mantissa. It is suspected that this could be, in part, related to Microsoft's adoption of the IEEE standard for real number representation and calculations. The differences in residual computations are considered to be inconsequential by this investigator. At the time the small memory model was completed, MEF contained only the first two elements; a quadratic element for anisotropic harmonic problems in one, two, or three dimensions; and an eight noded quadrilateral element for two dimensional elasticity problems.

3. Large Memory Model Implementation of MEF .

To begin with, the simplest of approaches was used to convert to a large memory model; all arrays were declared large (using the compiler "metacommand" \$LARGE [Ref. 11: pp. 186-187]). This approach was used because of its simplicity, and the fact that all dummy arrays of the working array (arrays which were contained within the working array) had to have the \$LARGE attribute for the compiler to generate correct linkages. Initial compiler diagnostics included errors for several DO loops that indicated that the compiler believed an illegal jump into the range of a DO had been executed. Each of the affected DO loops was nested and did

not appear to violate the specifications of FORTRAN 77.

Furthermore, they had not caused problems with the implementation of the Small Memory Model. These problems were alleviated by the use of the compiler metacommand \$DO66 [Ref. 11: p. 183] which tells the compiler to use the FORTRAN 66 DO loop conventions (it does not appear that this should have worked, but it did).

The resulting code compiled and linked without diagnostics but did not work. The initial symptom was that it did not recognize any of the commands contained in the input Diagnostic write statements revealed that the array used to store the list of commands was not initialized correctly. The array (BLOCS) was initialized by a DATA statement within the main program. The statement appeared to be correct in syntax and generated no diagnostics, yet writing the contents of the array indicated that it contained nulls. The DATA statement initialization of the array was replaced with a call to a subroutine which initialized the array using assignment statements. This solved the command recognition problems, but runtime errors which involved a variety of arithmetic operation violations were produced. Usually these errors were overflows, underflows, or attempts to use an uninitialized variable in an arithmetic operation. The particular error depended upon what fix up had been used to overcome the previous error.

During this period, conversations with Microsoft Corporation's technical support department indicated that there were several reported bugs in the compiler. One was the BLOCK DATA problem mentioned above, and another was that arrays which had the large attribute were not always initialized correctly by data statements. However, this last problem was only supposed to occur with REAL arrays. The first problem was solved by compiling the BLOCK DATA module separately, and linking it as the first module at all times. This did not alleviated the incorrect initialization of the CHARACTER*4 command array, so the MAIN program segment was compiled separately assigning the \$LARGE attribute to the working array, and allowing all other arrays in the MAIN program to default to \$NOTLARGE. After this the command array was initialized correctly, but run-time errors were still a problem.

The use of character arrays to pass table names was prevalent throughout MEF, and diagnostic write statements indicated that some of them were being initialized correctly and some were not. Since there were so many of them and there did not seem to be any particular characteristic which would identify which ones would initialize and which would not, the arrays containing all of these tables were declared \$NOTLARGE. This resulted in the tables initializing correctly, but the run-time errors persisted.

It is appropriate to mention here that the time to compile and link after making changes which required recompiling all modules was close to two hours on the Columbia floppy disk system. The IBM PC/XT had only recently become available and reduced compile and link time to under an hour. In addition, the linked module using the mixture of metacommands was often over 400 kilobytes long. A standard floppy diskette will only hold 360 kilobytes and these excessively large linked modules would not have been possible without the hard disk. Further, it would not have been possible to proceed without them either; the run-time errors proved essential in localizing the problems and identifying them as compiler bugs rather than logic errors. The linked module using the generic \$LARGE metacommand, was approximately 239 kilobytes, and while neither module would execute correctly, the increase in size of the mixed module was highly suspect since the \$NOTLARGE metacommand was supposed to produce less object code.

Further conversations with Microsoft Technical Support indicated that there had been some reports that mixing the \$NOTLARGE metacommand with the \$LARGE metacommand could cause problems, and that the syntax for the \$(NOT)LARGE command was incorrect in the reference manual. The manual [Ref. 11] specified that the \$(NOT)LARGE metacommand could be used with a string of array identifiers separated by commas. However, according to technical support each occurrence of

the metacommand could only declare a single array name, and the metacommand required a colon separator between the command and the array name (i.e., \$LARGE: array). If the metacommand was used without an argument (called a generic \$(NOT)LARGE) then all arrays in the compiland were considered to have the particular attribute.

Since the mixing of the \$NOTLARGE command with the generic \$LARGE command was suspect, numerous attempts were made to identify all arrays which required the \$LARGE attribute and declare them specifically while allowing all others to default to \$NOTLARGE. None of these attempts worked. Conversations with Microsoft Technical Support indicated that the investigation had possibly uncovered some new problems with the compiler and requested that the problem be documented and sent to Microsoft with a diskette containing the software (they were less enthusiastic when told how extensive the software was).

As a last act of desperation, all data statements which initialized arrays were commented out. The data statement initializations were performed with assignment statements either directly or through subroutine calls, and all modules were recompiled using the generic \$LARGE metacommand. The resulting linked module was approximately 240 kilobytes long and was able to run the simple test problems with no difficulty. However, as the size of problems was increased, the behavior of the program became unpredictable.

The program worked properly until the problem required more than 64 kilobytes of the working array to run. This always occurred during execution of the assembly and solution process, and the results vary depending upon which element subroutine is being used (i.e., which incorrect internal linkage is being used).

To summarize the problems mentioned above:

- 1. Arrays which have the \$LARGE attribute are not always initialized correctly with data statements. The incorrect initialization is not predictable, nor is it confined to REAL arrays.
- 2. The \$LARGE and \$NOTLARGE metacommands cannot be used inside the same compiland.
- 3. BLOCK DATA must appear as the first module in a link module.
- 4. Nested DO loops can sometimes generate compile time errors.

In an effort to cleanup the long streams of assignment statements caused by the data statement problem, a separate compiland was created in which subroutines whose names begin with "INIT" (see Appendix E, pp. 247-258) were placed. The method used was to pass the name of the array being initialized as a calling parameter. The passed parameter was declared \$LARGE, and all other arrays were allowed to default to \$NOTLARGE. A \$NOTLARGE "dummy" array was initialized with a data statement and a DO loop was executed which

assigned the elements of the "dummy" array to the passed array, and then executed a return. During the creation of these subroutines it was discovered that the data statements in the first subroutine of the compiland would not initialize correctly. If the initializations were character strings no diagnostic was generated, but if the initializations were REAL constants the compiler would generate "CANNOT CONVERT CONSTANT" diagnostics. A subroutine called DUMMY which had no function, and was never called by another routine was created and placed as the first subroutine in the compiland. The method is not elegant, but it worked, and it eliminated long strings of assignment statements which did nothing more than assign constants every time a subroutine was called. In the case of many subroutines these statements were only executed once, however, in the case of element subroutines, they were executed many times during a problem solution.

During the course of this investigation five elements were added to MEF, and it was only after the implementation of these elements and the initialization routines that problems large enough to cause difficulties were attempted. It was feared that the modifications to MEF had possibly induced some of the problems. In order to demonstrate whether or not the microcomputer code was portable, and to verify that compiler bugs were the problem, and not a failure in program logic, MEF was transferred by modem to the VAX 780.

The transferred code required four lines of code to be modified. Two of the lines were OPEN statements which contained file names that had illegal character strings under the VMS operating system, and two contained an illegal format element, a backslash (in the Microsoft implementation, the backslash suppresses an automatic carriage return linefeed at the end an output line). The resulting FORTRAN program compiled and linked with no further diagnostics, and its results have been verified using published test problems [Ref. 8], and [Ref. 13: pp. 170-177]. In addition, the results have been tested using the Graphics Interactive Finite Element Timesharing System (GIFTS), and CAL-NPS. A selection of the test problems has been provided in Appendix E.

D. GLOBAL STRUCTURE AND USE OF MEF

It is not the intention of this thesis to provide a comprehensive programmer's reference manual or users guide to
MEF. However, an overview of the structure of MEF will be
helpful to any potential user of this powerful tool. For
greater detail, the reader is referred to Chapter Six of
[Ref. 8].

1. Functional Blocks of MEF

MEF consists of sixteen functional blocks. Some of the blocks are required for all problem types, and some of the blocks are optional depending on the problem being solved. The functional blocks are also the names of the

block calling cards (or commands) and are listed in Table
III below. An underscore indicates that the block is
required for all problem types.

Functional block diagrams are provided in Appendix C, and complete descriptions of the input data cards are provided in [Ref. 8: pp. 440-447]. The main program controls the flow of all information through the functional blocks by transferring control to a subroutine called BLNNNN when the block calling card NNNN is encountered in the input The subroutine BLNNNN then performs preliminary functions such as logical unit identification, and reading of control parameters for the creation of various files and tables. The subroutine then calls subroutine EXNNNN. all cases, subroutine BLNNNN provides appropriate default parameters which will be overridden by user values if specified. Subroutine EXNNNN then performs the major operations of the block by calling on the needed subroutines in the MEF library. The above protocol holds for all blocks except STOP, COMT, and IMAG. All the functions of COMT and IMAG are performed by subroutine BLNNNN, and the function of block STOP is performed by the main program.

with the exception of blocks IMAG, COMT, and STOP each block uses a named COMMON/NNNN/ to assist in the passing of needed information between subroutines. The blocks COMT and IMAG use a named common block, COMMON/TRVL/, which is used as a scratch pad for various routines. Block STOP

does not require its own common block but uses the information from COMMON/ALLOC/ to perform its function of printing the maximum length of the working array used during execution of the problem. The common block COMMON/ALLOC/, is used by subroutine ESPACE and VIDE to keep track of the amount of working space allocated at any time. Subroutine ALLOC allocates table space, and subroutine VIDE deletes unneeded tables followed by compacting the workspace.

Variable and array naming conventions and details are contained in [Ref. 8: pp. 369-376] these details are omitted here because they will only be helpful to the reader who intends to modify MEF. In that case the reader is referred to the source for the extensive detail required.

Table III. Functional Block Summary

IMAG Copies the input data card images to the output listing. Must be the first card if used.

COMT Places comments into the output listing.

COOR Reads the nodal coordinates and number of degrees of freedom of each node. Provides automatic node generation.

DLPN Provides the ability to modify the degrees of freedom at a node. Particularly useful with problems using more than one element type.

COND Reads the boundary conditions.

PRND Reads nodal properties if required by the problem.

PREL Reads element properties if required for the element type being used.

Reads the element connectivities. Also reads element group information when more than one element type is used, or when elements have different properties. Provides automatic element generation.

SOLC Input of concentrated loads.

SOLR Input of distributed loads.

LINM In-core assembly and solution of a linear system of equations.

LIND Out-of-core assembly and solution of a linear system of equations.

NLIN Provides a limited nonlinear solution capability using the Newton-Raphson method.

TEMP Provides the solution of a linear or nonlinear time dependent problem using an Euler method.

VALP Computes eigenvalues and eigenvectors using the subspace iteration method.

STOP Terminates execution of the problem.

The following information concerning array names is provided because the array names may appear in the output listings with no explanation when verbose printouts are requested. Block COOR creates the table of nodal coordinates in the array VCORG, and the cumulative degrees of freedom in the array KDLNC. Block COND stores the equation identification number for each degree of freedom in the array KNEQ, and the specified degrees of freedom at a boundary in the array VDIMP. Block ELEM creates the array KLD which contains the location of the beginning of each column in a skyline matrix, and writes a disk file containing all information pertinent to the description of an element. The disk file will be used

in the assembly process to create element and global stiffness matrices. Block PREL creates the array VPREG in which it stores the properties of the various groups of elements. The global stiffness matrix, VKG, is created in block LIND or LINM. The entire stiffness matrix consists of three submatrices VKGS, VKGD, and VKGI which contain the upper triangle, the diagonal, and the lower triangle of the matrix, respectively. VKGI is only present for nonsymmetric matrices. The Matrix VFG contains the global loads, VDLG is the solution vector, and VRES is the residuals and reactions vector.

As mentioned above, MEF provides various levels of output. The quantity of output desired from a given block is controlled by a parameter on the block calling card (described in detail [Ref. 8: pp. 440-447] which ranges from 0 (the assumed value) to 4. The default value provides all the information needed to verify the input stream and obtain the desired answers while the values 1 thru 4 provide various levels of verbosity. Each level provides all that the last one did plus additional information, and in some blocks levels above 2 have no additional meaning. The reader is cautioned against the indiscriminate use of verbose listings. With larger problems it is easy to create megabytes of listing which can even overrun the capacity of a hard disk. The best procedure is to decide where verbose output is needed and to use it only in the required

blocks. Using verbose printing on the solution blocks creates reams of output and is seldom of any value to the user. The solution processes have all undergone extensive verification, and problems which arise are generally traceable to the input stream. The only exception is when the problem requires more than 64 kilobytes of the working array in which case the program will most often terminate with a run-time arithmetic operation error. In this case, further processing will have to be done with the VAX 780 version.

2. Elements Supported by MEF

The current version of MEF consists of approximately 7000 lines of code (including comments). Five additional elements have been added to make a total of seven elements. A summary of the elements is listed in Table IV. All elements have been written in French and with the exception of elements 1 and 2 produce most of their output in French. The user will have little if any trouble understanding the results and should consider the experience culturally enriching. Most of the words which appear in the listings are cognates or recognizable from the context in which they appear. Time did not permit the translation of the format statements.

The block PREL will require the properties of the elements to be entered as a data card image. The properties are specific to the element routine alone, and must be

entered in the order expected by the element routine. Table IV summarizes the properties required by each element in the correct order. For those elements which require a material density property, the property is used in the creation of a mass matrix for the solution of eigenvalue problems. This property may be omitted if the block VALP will not be used. Element 5 is not implemented in this version, and has been left out of Table IV.

Table IV. Element Summary

ELEMENT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REQ	UIRED PROPERTIES
1	Eight noded quadrilateral for anisotropic harmonic problems in 1, 2, or 3 dimensions	2) 3) 4)	coefficient DX " DY " DZ specific heat capacity
2	Eight noded quadrilateral for 2 dimensional elasticity problems	2) :	Young's modulus Poisson's ratio 0 = plane stress specific mass
3	Six noded triangular element for 2 dimensional elasticity problems	2) :	Young's modulus Poisson's ratio 0 = plane stress 1 = plane strain
4	Three noded triangular element for 2 dimensional regions of unit thickness	2) :	Young's modulus Poisson's ratio 0 = plane stress 1 = plane strain X body force component Y body force
			component specific mass

ELEMENT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REQUIRED PROPERTIES
6	Three noded triangular plate bending element for isotropic or orthotropic materials Notes: If the material is iso- tropic properties are 5) Young's modulus 6) Poisson's ratio 7), 8) = 0 If orthotropic 5) D(1,1) 6) D(1,2) 7) D(2,2)	<pre>1) index for inte- gration by Gauss-Radau (1-5) 1 = least accurate 5 = most accurate 2) thickness 3) 1 = isotropic 2 = orthotropic 4) location to cal- culate stresses 1 = centroid 2 = corner nodes 3 = midnodes 5) - 8) according</pre>
	8) D(3,3) where the D(i,j) are the bending stiffness elasticity constants	to notes 9) specific density
7	Twenty noded brick for three dimensional elasticity problems	 Young's modulus Poisson's ratio
8	Truss element for 2 or 3 dimensional problems	1) cross-section 2) Young's modulus 3) density

3. Running MEF

To execute MEF as installed on an IBM PC-XT or compatible, simply boot the operating system, log to the directory in which MEF.EXE is located, and type MEF followed by a carriage return. MEF will respond by asking for the name of the command input file. The response may be any legal MS-DO5 file name, including a disk drive identifier (for example, a:INPUT.DAT). If the response is the MS-DOS identifier CON then MEF will expect to receive all commands and inputs from the console keyboard. After entering the

input file, MEF will request the name of the output file.

Once again, this may be any legal file name including PRN.

The response PRN will result in the output being directed to the printer. MS-DOS pathnames are not supported by MEF in the naming of input and output files. After the entry of the output file, MEF will begin to process the command input file; as MEF processes the input commands it will update the console with information concerning which functional block it is processing.

When MEF is used on a system which does not have a hard disk it is best to keep the input and output data files on a separate diskette in the default drive, and execute MEF from the default drive using a drive designation. For example, if the default drive was a: the MEF program could be started by typing b:MEF with the MEF diskette in drive b: and a scratch diskette in a:. The reason for this is that MEF creates several scratch files on the default drive during execution, and there is not much room left on a floppy diskette which contains MEF. MEF will create two scratch files for an in-core solution, and three scratch files for an out-of-core solution; the names of these files will begin with \$\$ so that it is not likely they will coincide with existing file names.

Once the initial responses to MEF have been made, the present version of the code expects all input to come from a command file, or the console. Attempting to input

directly from the keyboard can be a very frustrating experience, and if a mistake is made there is no recourse but to begin again. For this reason, it is recommended that a command input file be created with a suitable text editor. FORTRAN 77 rules apply to the format of the cards. That is, entries separated by commas will override the specified format, however, there must be no blanks imbedded in the line if the format is to be overriden. As can be seen from the examples provided in Appendix D either method will work, and the user may find it convenient to enter some cards according to the format, while other cards may be easier to override.

It is advisable to send the output file to disk rather than to the printer. The disk file can be viewed and even edited with a text editor prior to printing. Sending the output to the printer will simply cause the process to be output bound. MEF also uses a 132 character output line, and it is advisable to shift the printer to a 17 character per inch mode if it does not have a wide carriage.

The amount of space required to run the problem must be of concern to the user until the bugs have been eliminated from the compiler. The required number of bytes may be estimated using the following formula:

space required = (bandwidth)(number of nodes)(8)(2.0)

The factor of 2.0 is an empirically determined factor used to account for the storage of all tables in the working array. Because of the compiler bugs which have not yet been circumvented or corrected, if the space required approaches 64 kilobytes then the compiler/IBM PC capabilities have been exceeded, and MEF will probably fail with a run-time error.

III. RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

A. SUMMARY

Chapter I recounted a portion of the history and development of the microcomputer and attempted to list some of the reasons that microcomputer based, engineering software has been slow to develop. The main reason is that it was too difficult to create engineering software on the rather limited resources provided by the eight bit microprocessor, and limited software tools which existed at the time. addition, the engineering software which was created was slow and unwidely to use which hampered its propagation and development. However, the advent of the sixteen bit microprocessor has provided a hardware product whose capabilities are more than adequate for engineering applications. This opinion is supported strongly by the fact that the majority of mainframe minicomputer systems today are based on sixteen bit processor architecture. The major difference between the minicomputer and the microcomputer is operating system maturity, and processor speed. The speed advantage is partially offset by the fact that a microcomputer is seldom used to support timesharing applications, and can often produce results almost as quickly as the minicomputer burdened with the management of timesharing (one must count the time spent waiting, not just the CPU seconds).

Regardless, the sixteen bit microcomputer has been around since 1981, yet there is little engineering software available today. The reason is that reliable software tools (operating systems, compilers, etc.) lag the introduction of hardware by a considerable amount of time. The premise of this thesis was that the necessary maturity of operating system and compiler had been achieved, and a combination of hardware, operating system, and compiler was chosen to test the premise in the specific application of finite elements.

As stated in Chapter I.B, the purpose of this investigation was to implement a general, finite element program on a sixteen bit microcomputer, and determine whether the result was practically useful. The actual programming and conversion of software began in March 1984, and continued thru August 1984. During that period two distinct version of MEF were installed on the IBM PC-XT and the COLUMBIA MPC microcomputers. The first version was a small memory model which performed all the functions of the mainframe version but was quite limited in the size of problems it could handle. This was to be expected, and was merely a point in the stepwise implementation of the objective.

The small memory model was then converted to the current version of MEF which is referred to as the large memory model. The large memory model is significantly more capable than the small memory model in terms of the problem size that can be handled. However, as detailed in Chapter II the large

memory model is not able to take advantage of the full memory available because of the existing bugs in the Microsoft FORTRAN 77 Compiler version 3.2.

B. CONCLUSIONS

Although it was not the intention of this investigation to evaluate the hardware or operating systems of the two machines, it is impossible to write a conclusion without mentioning them. Throughout this investigation, both systems (the IBM PC-XT, and the COLUMBIA MPC) have functioned faultlessly. This observation includes the operating systems and the hardware. Both computers have been supported by a variety of peripherals manufactured by different companies, and neither system has operated in a controlled environment. The machines are turned off and on at will, and have received only the most cursory preventive maintenance. Yet, both systems have maintained one hundred percent availability, on demand, with no time spent at reduced capability. The previous experience of this investigator has been with mainframe . computing systems, and the reliability of these microcomputer systems was totally unexpected.

At the beginning of this investigation, it was not clear that a program the size and complexity of MEF could be converted to operate on a microcomputer. However, a background in computer science and operating systems led this investigator to believe that it might be possible. The results have been

gratifying on one hand, and frustrating on the other. The frustration results from the limitations imposed, not by the program, and not by the hardware, but by the immaturity of the compiler. With the example of the matrix solver shown in Appendix B it is clear that the machine and compiler combination have the capability to solve large problems. It is unfortunate that compiler bugs prevent the full realization of that capability with a more complex application. However, conversations with Microsoft Corporation indicate that a new release of the compiler may be available as early as January 1984, and even at this time, advertisements for competitive compilers are beginning to appear in periodicals.

A more objective statement of the results is that the largest problem which could be run on the microcomputer took less than five minutes from start to stop, and the results are comparable to the results obtained from other sources. It is clear that the execution speed and capability of the software is acceptable. Therefore, the utility of MEF is assured, subject to the temporary restriction of problem size. At this time, MEF is an excellent classroom tool, and is capable of solving most problems given as academic exercises in solids and conduction heat transfer. It is also capable of handling many problems which are not assigned as academic exercises. In addition, because of its modular structure, MEF also provides an excellent teaching tool for

the finite element classroom. As soon as the problem size restrictions are overcome, MEF will have far greater application on the microcomputer.

It is important to understand the significance of what the ability to create and execute software of this complexity and capability (on a microcomputer) can mean to the field of engineering in general. If the compiler had been "clean," the problems encountered in converting MEF would have been minimal. The cost of a microcomputer system is well within the range of most small engineering firms, and the increase in problem solving capability is even more dramatic than the step from the sliderule to the programmable, pocket calculator. There is a wide variety of software available today including finite elements, optimization, heat transfer, fluid dynamics, electronic circuit design, control systems, etc. The cost of computer time has made much of this software unavailable to smaller concerns. However, the near future will undoubtedly see the conversion of much of this software to microcomputer systems. The possibilities are encouraging.

C. RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are made for future development of MEF:

1. MEF, as implemented, is primarily a batch stream processor. By that it is meant that the input is noninteractive and formatted. The facility of MEF would be enhanced by

the addition of interaction, or an interactive preprocessor to produce the "steering file" (command input file).

- 2. The capabilities of graphics to summarize the results from any finite element application cannot be over stated. In addition, the graphic representation of the structure and finite element mesh is important for the detection of errors in the problem definition: Therefore, the addition of graphics to MEF would significantly improve its capability.
- 3. The possibilities regarding the addition of elements are almost without bound. However, the addition of a cubic solid element (a 32 node brick) would provide significant additional capabilities. The addition of such an element would provide an exact solution for beams (using only one element for node loadings), and an excellent model for plates and shells. The addition of such an element would allow the elimination of a number of the existing elements, at the cost of more memory; the trade off would have to be evaluated.

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APPENDIX A

CPU CLOCK SPEED TEST

The following Intel 8088 Assembly language program, assembled with the MICROSOFT assembler (MASM), was used to determine the apparent speed of the processor, or the loss of processor speed due to the processing involved in handling the interrupt driven operating system.

When executed, the program loops for the number of times specified. The actual number of times through the loop can be determined by multiplying the contents of the BX register by 65,536. In this application, the result is 10,485,760. The program accesses the system clock before and after completion of the loop, and computes the elapsed time to the nearest second: The elapsed time is then displayed on the screen. The test was done numerous times on both systems, and never computed an elapsed time less than 52 seconds nor one greater than 53 seconds.

Clock cycle calculations were computed by counting the total number of machine cycles executed between the labels WAIT and ENDWAIT. The eight cycles used for initialization in the two steps before the label WAIT have been included only for the sake of preciseness so that all machine cycles between clock accesses were accounted for. The number of

times through the loop is large enough to insure that any error induced by not counting the clock accesses is insignificant.

INSTRUCTION	NO. OF TIMES EXECUTED	CLOCK CYCLES PER EXECUTION	NO. OF CYCLES IN LOOP
MOV BX,0A0h	1	4	. 4
MOV CX,00h	1	4	4
DEC BX	160	2	320
JZ ENDWAIT	l XFER 159 FAILS	16 4	16 636
DEC CX	1048576	2	20971520
JNZ LOOPS	1048560 XFERS - 160 FAILS	16 4	167769600 640
JMP WAIT	160	15	2400
	Total Clock Cyc	les In Loop	188745140

APParent Clock SPeed = $\frac{188745140}{53}$ = 3.56 MHz

```
PARA 'CODE'
CSEG
        SEGMENT
                   CS:CSEG, DS:CSEG, SS:STACKSG, ES:NOTHING
        ASSUME
;
        ORG
               0100H
        PUSH
               DS
                              ;Save DS for return to DOS, and
        SUB
               AX, AX
                              ; put a zero on the stack.
        PUSH
               AX
        VOM
               AX, CSEG
                              ;Set the DS register.
               DS, AX
        VOM
i
               DX, STARTMSG
        LEA
        CALL
               OUTMSG
                              ;Output start message
                              ;to screen.
;
        CALL
               BEEP
                              :Beep terminal bell.
;
•
        CALL
               GETTIME
                              :Reads clock chip and stores
        MOV
               STARTTM, DX
                              ;minutes and seconds in memory
                              ;location, STARTTM.
÷
                BX, OAOh
        VOM
                              ;Initialize counters for delay loop.
        VOM
                CX, 00h
                              ;For real run BX=0A0h
WAIT:
        DEC
                BX
                              Run around in circles about
                ENDWAIT
        JZ
                              ;10 million times.
       DEC
LOOPS:
                CX
        JNZ
                LOOPS
        JMP
                WAIT
ENDWAIT:
        CALL
                GETTIME
                              :Read the clock chip and
        MOV
                STOPTM, DX
                              ;store in memory location STOPTM.
ţ
ţ
        CALL
                BEEP
                              ;Beep terminal bell.
•
        LEA
                DX, ENDMS6
        CALL
                OUTMS6
                              ;Send all done message
                              ; to the terminal.
;ELAPSED TIME
                               Compute elapsed time.
```

```
:Elapsed time is assumed less than
                               ;one minute.
        XOR
                 AX, AX
                               :Clear AX.
                 BX, STOPTM
        MOV
        YOM
                 CX, STARTIM
        MOV
                 AL, BL
                               ;Stoo time in seconds in AL
        CMP
                 BH, CH
                               ; If minute has incremented during
        JE
                 LBLA
                               ;wait loop must add 60 seconds to
        ADC
                 AL, 60h
                               ;stop time to compute correct delta t.
        DAA
                               :All of this works because the clock
LBLA:
        SUB
                 AL, CL
                              ;provides BCD quantities.
        DAS
        MGV
                 DX, AX
        CALL
                 ASCCONV
                               ;Convert elapsed time to ASCII.
        LEA
                 DX, ELTIMEMSG; and output elapsed time, in seconds,
        CALL
                 OUTMS6
                               ; to the screen.
Ť
        YOM
                 AH, 4Ch
                               ;Return to DOS.
        INT
                 21h
BEEP
        PROC
                NEAR
        MOV
                 AH, OSh
                               :SUBROUTINE to beep the
        MOV
                 DL, 07h
                              ;terminal bell.
        INT
                 21h
        RET
BEEP
        ENDP
GETTIME PROC
                 NEAR
                 DX, 02C2h
        HOV
                               ;SUBROUTINE to reads system clock.
        IN
                AX, DX
                               ;The hours are placed in CX, and the
        MOV
                 DX, AX
        RET
                              ; low order count (approx 18.2 counts
GETTIME
                 ENDP
                               ;per second) in DX.
OUTMSG
        PROC
                 NEAR
        MOV
                 AH, 09h
                              ;SUBROUTINE to output string pointed
        INT
                21h
                              ;to by DX.
        RET
OUTMSG ENDP
i
ASCCONV
                 PROC
                         NEAR ; Convert elapsed time to ASCII.
        LEA
                SI, ASCVAL+3 ;SI points to least significant
                              ;digit's storage location.
        YOM
                CX, 04
                              :Initialize loop counter.
```

```
PUSH
LBLC:
                              ;Save the loop count.
                CX
                CX, 04
        VOM
                              ;Shift count in CX.
        AND
                AX, 000Fh
                              ;Strip right most nybble.
                AX, 30h
                              ;Convert digit to ASCII character.
        OR
        MOV
                [SI], AL
                              :Store the character.
        DEC
                SI
        MOV
                AX, DX
                AX, CL
        SHR
                              :Move the next digit into the least
        MOV
                DX, AX
        POP
                CX
        LOOP
                LBLC
                              ;significant nybble.
        RET
ASCCONV ENDP
STARTMSG DB
                'Begin wait loop', ODh, OAh, OAh, OAh, '$'
ENDMSG
          DB
                'End wait loop', ODh, OAh, '$'
STARTTM
          DW
STOPTM
          DW
ELTIMEMSG DB
                'Elapsed time in seconds: '
ASCVAL
          DB
                     $1
į
CSE6
         ENDS
i
STACKSG SEGMENT PARA STACK 'STACK'
          DW
                80 DUP(?)
STACKSG ENDS
         END
```

APPENDIX B

MATRIX SOLUTION TEST PROGRAM

The following FORTRAN program was used to test the capability of the machine to solve a system of equations,

[A](X) = (B), whose coefficient matrix, [A], required more than 65,536 bytes of storage. The main program requests a job name, and the number of equations to be solved. It then fills the [A] matrix symmetrically, in banded fashion, with the number of equations (NEQ) on the diagonal, and each subdiagonal decreased by one more than the previous subdiagonal; the right hand side of the system, (B), is always a vector of 100.0's. For example, if the number of equations were 5 the program would solve the following system:

5	4	3	2	1	X1	100
4	5	4	3	2	х2	100
3	4	5 `	4	3	x3 ·=	100
2	3	4	5	4	X4	100
1	2	3	4	5	X5	100

The program stores the solution and the solution time on the disk in a file which is identified as jobname.DAT. In addition, the results and solution time are displayed on the console. The system is positive definite which guarantees that no processor error condition will occur in the solution of the system. The number of steps to achieve solution is fixed for a given matrix size, and the amount of time to achieve the solution is not affected by the accuracy of the answers. In short, the only thing which is of interest here is being able to run a series of benchmarks which are guaranteed to proceed to completion.

The elapsed time is determined by successive calls to an assembly language routine, TICKER, which must be assembled separately and linked to the FORTRAN subroutines. The routine was added because the Microsoft FORTRAN compiler has no function which allows access to the system clock. For large systems, which require more than a few seconds to solve, the program could easily be set up to signal the user to start and stop timing with a stop watch. However, for smaller systems, such as the 25 and 32 DOF tests, the elapsed time is too small to determine with a stopwatch. Particularly when the results are to be used to predict solution times for larger systems.

FOR TEST-1.DAT The Solution Is

3.8461538461538E+00	6.9269455534349E-15	-5.8183935461887E-15
-1.5539431443739E-15	6.9501601786561E-15	-7.3976511644819E-15
6.7087227108802E-15	-1.2678408065005E-15	-4.8174716530773E-15
1.3505456915410E-15	4.4550084107864E-15	-5.7056834328442E-15
-4.0948604156610E-17	7.4119342420388E-15	-7.32330380750745-15
1.6435513664323E-15	6.7101591338120E-15	-2.0836013365003E-14
2.7453422022684E-14	-1.9176192891666E-14	-8.6964397150294E-15
2.1610766337363E-14	-9.5897682156343E-16	-2.1338961976026E-14
3.8461538461539E+00		

TIME = .05767 MINUTES

NEQ = 25

FOR TEST-2.DAT The Solution Is

3.0303030303030E+00 2.8196140307940E-17 3.1618483033404E-16 -5.3765407995495E-16 8.65834819928825-16 -2.83428824195725-15 2.0606496035387E-15 7.9685816303165E-16 2.1751157329228E-15 2.03264817850325-15 -6.7609270454854E-15 5.7594701413748E-15 3.3827107781548E-16 -8.0238398139056E-16 -5.7766604500654E-15 2.3465232733079E-15 1.2883032314559E-14 -2.2432853447170E-14 1.2880062543391E-14 -3.90984505574095-15 2.1589175759618E-15 -8.0694495013671E-15 2.1399342284950E-14 -2.4528800015674E-14 2.9480758112488E-15 2.2982194850899E-14 -2.0530161315497E-14 -4.9194647979880E-15 2.4517690154337E-14 -2.4163037642173E-14 9.7680238081105E-15 3.0303030303030E+00

TIME = .11800 MINUTES

NEQ = 32

FOR TEST-3.DAT The Solution Is

9.9009900990099E-01	9.5453377195709E-17	-6.8540742491002E-16
6.6510189646372E-16	3.1602280670458E-17	-2.1833385348956E-16
6.0231650128169E-15	-7.5460757704011E-15	1.8959559151423E-15
-2.0094637123553E-15	2.4533840328452E-15	-1.4785018355849E-16
-2.8687989483966E-16	-1.4755330610054E-15	5.85 07425541527E-15
-1.1568290666613E-15	1.50678322711876-15	3.046359271 3988E-15
8.7207840465378E-15	-1.2381694833975E-14	5.875933962 4861E-15
-1.6390411200061E-15	-5.2001533979711E-15	1.1056030982832E-14
-1.2004944675362E-14	6.8472608535533E-15	-4.1598391672334E-15
8.1980386773411E-15	-1.0210186519736E-14	2.2705540872189E-15
-4.1109406779441E-16	9.5382686124413E-15	-1.1086024973244E-14
1.2843962732201E-14	-1.1193652655344E-14	-8.8145373786180E-16
4.1975035855025E-15	6. 4546905439846E-15	-1.6955941176263E-14
2. 0954050800393E-14	-9. 0052087558773E-15	-1.2414564921144E-14
3.8276714669663E-15	1.2806988307790E-14	5.8470481061057E-15
-9.5233129178282E-15	-7.7232684139203E-16	-1.4190569505143E-14
3.4023789901836E-14	-3.0417698345392E-14	1.3110805120962E-15
5. 4919387864296E-15	-2.6434621782263E-15	1.9542460938892E-14
-1.9756178267955E-14	3.9992584196400E-15	2.1280027556825E-15
-2.5651465217669E-16	-1.3820477797203E-15	1.3528536299486E-16
-9.8171447719577E-15	2.8267623241653E-14	-2.63619150380625-14
1.7386323809334E-14	2.17539266573875-15	-5.4038187890453E-14
7.4810453570045E-14	-3.7721279929513E-14	5,80072803238215-16
-5.2844278730221E-15	9.2214384665882E-15	2.86659062 18786E-14
-4.9256092013141E-14	2.6317476194804E-14	-1.7483217375341E-14
5.3017426386583E-14	-5.0804380408870E-14	-4.8311343633811E-17
1.3768713958846E-14	-2.5653900778252E-14	5.1317810949042E-14
-5.5388663718596E-14	4.7481349640073E-14	1.4264847983392E-15
-4.7976771901982E-14	-5.4655800567770E-15	4.57909625292925-14
1.0906959678161E-14	-4.9474940339240E-14	2.5633078930214E-14
2.3084307311326E-14	-7.4740551015651E-14	8.1039111510772E-14
5. 5017140084367E-15	-7.29 03626883754E-14	1.4338852851700E-14
3.6541830133710E-14	-8.2333428774833E-15	1.7611461206863E-15
9. 9009900990098E-01		

TIME = 3.47767 MINUTES

NEQ = 100

FOR TEST-4.DAT The Solution Is

4.9751243781094E-01	8.10407157699448-16	-6.3022704105503E-1E
-4.5243592798550E-17	4.8230247663559E-16	-4.8094686856488E-16
1.9287997925250E-16	-4.64077 98 043720E-16	1.1736265177040E-15
-2.9397240715880E-16	-1.5759067617456E-15	1.98698931063549-15
3.5684193113147F-15	-2.71606904127675-15	-3.23005314609918-15
2. 2367031680076E-15	-7.8610974959264E-16	-1.01406589826753-15
27 22 0		
2. 3423274737468E-15	-1.2265976148990E-15	-9.4310203321462E-16
-2.3369133923859E-15	4. 3545595605503E-15	-4.2681401557947E-16
1.4815347311197E-15	-2.8874830767152E-15	-4.3348156712426E-16
1.6098180082962E-15	-6. 7681167605003E-16	-3.30249413704225-15
4.1142527518302E-15	2.5555952712168E-16	-4.23308398142298-16
-1.3439971017725E-16	-1.0247340536123E-15	5.95254172009275-16
3.6405878180938E-15	-2.6210766726808E-15	-4.1367853692529E-17
-7.4204493566424E-16	2.0984858032874E-15	1.4503544604859E-15
-5.5831197567108E-15	-1.0008036406686F-16	4.3987383183768E-15
-1.1138016247761E-14	9. 9029445306656E-15	8. 0220946482954E-15
-1.2731667911900E-14	1.9041184820711F-15	-1.69080569857595-15
	-9. 4719234619579E-15	11030000000001012 12
1.1129991569071E-14	31 11 1200 101 201 30 12	-4.0436863526805E-15
7.8544510136269E-15	1.9739929108076E-15	-2.7928685511919E-16
-1.8908238702695E-14	2.5020628162063E-14	-7.9476996716795E-15
-2.69 844 23267922E-15	8.4713928861782E-16	6.0303129965946E-15
-1.2559422095201E-14	1.5484553485252E-14	-1.5803535384613E-14
8.9192780343309E-15	-2.9080259039352E-15	-1.1540290295994E-14
1.6831028417556E-14	-3.4373309123280E-15	9.8243175602359E-15
-1.4528803365360E-14	1.2599790630863E-14	-1.1639838794459E-14
-4.0419987736125E-15	-9, 7892957149773F-16	8,89054877995025-15
6. 7143807187873F-16	-3.2914241639296E-15	2.0976408578060E-14
-4.3836842898259F-14	4. 0763982358910E-14	-1.4494634544272E-14
-1.7159643252139E-14	1.4877203649456E-14	4.51292550677185-15
	20 /0// 0// / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	
9.5041349490937E-15	-2.3408226882068E-14	3.4801730930349E-14
-5.1536403462991E-14	3. 1699186457987E-14	-2.46056382917222-15
-1.7625828454096E-14	3.5068528304064E-14	-2.6181602352315E-14
8.26 445 81147134E-15	-5.4712634542109E-16	7.7051044258022E-16
-1.3568562182020E-14	2.3573520522775E-15	1.6373963874779E-14
-2.2276578855938E-14	3.4438832352252E-14	2.0440983681865E-16
-3.1446321094405E-14	-1.8711978854088E-15	2.1665225141320E-14
-7.6312355214359E-15	-1.5691429652028E-14	1.8378067173779E-14
1.1693870743178E-15	1.1510062775483E-14	-8.20965138205255-15
-2.5021610665137E-14	2.4449298808106E-14	-4.8052611442444E-14
8.8949331557590E-14	-6.0429388230552E-14	1.38681748700835-14
4.8018624008535E-15	-3.6974325184603E-14	4.02565251747865-14
2. 3609456951757E-14	-4.8371859447327E-14	7.3210921226879E-15
		5.77530319973145-14
-5.4417749168070E-15	1.9555839971006E-15	
-9.8757298592470E-14	5.7982607852308E-14	3. 1834614231439E-15
4.2798877724721E-15	-2.4817562337530E-14	-2.20180429340052-14
7.3705548019714E-14	-1.6894473575267E-14	-6.3007982169033E-14
4.1742722696338E-14	1.5015125441023E-14	-7.8180903981022E-15

```
4.5640221501102E-14
-2.28350119640915-14
                       1.2689163938884E-14
                       1.1574453269464E-13
                                           -9.6433876688429E-14
-1.0022774539354E-13
 4.3343846624364E-14
                      -3.6739450892136E-14
                                             1.3493315031049E-14
 7.0939813268461E-15
                       2.0012673956105E-14
                                            -1.29098978953915-14
                                            -1.4025495529011E-14
 2.8251919858608E-14
                      -6.4663404204362E-15
-3.2055878018689E-14
                       1.1309775543359E-14
                                             1.9056404665781E-14
-1.5764743391028E-14
                       2.3657361537963E-14
                                            -1.2567799398804E-14
-4.2716861775601E-15
                      -1.8147460594876E-15
                                            -4.0141086848355E-14
1.1405791906399E-13
                      -5.5741573151303E-14
                                            -4.2459852155577E-14
-4.2453076345260E-15
                       1.0362532985526E-13
                                            -8.8229045474678E-14
2.9451463111826E-14
                      -2.8870848145435E-14
                                             3.31015673296725-14
-6.8346372628696E-14
                       7.3991561334720E-14
                                             4.43972621815065-15
                                             2.4737510482256E-14
-5.7453411423013E-14
                       1.84133942452915-14
                                            -2.62462450891318-14
4.1497854538118E-14
                      -5.9210679251088E-14
6.9963930172649E-14
                      -5.3643566057255E-14
                                            -6.0964496532426E-15
2.6881322987547E-14
                       4.7034090288469E-14
                                            -6.1331586904634E-14
-1.6406994082191E-14
                       1.90083305824956-15
                                            6.5605392492665E-14
-7.9561942476198E-14
                       1.3378275230445E-13
                                            -1.3124826477839E-13
-9.1658330019724E-15
                       8.5868721046333E-14 -9.8177145190048E-14
8.4360246180512E-14
                       4.9751243781092E-01
```

TIME = 27.56250 MINUTES

NEQ = 200

```
$LARGE
$NOFLOATCALLS
      PROGRAM SOLDP
      IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
      INTEGER*4 ITIME1, ITIME2, CENTI
      DIMENSIGN A(4000Q), B(200), JOBNAME(2)
      CHARACTER*12 IFN
      REAL #4 TIME
      OPEN(5, FILE='CON')
      OPEN(6, FILE='CON')
      WRITE(6,*) * ****** ENTER A JOBNAME (8 CHARACTERS MAX) ***
      READ (5, 10) JOBNAME
      FORMAT (2A4)
 10
      WRITE(6,*) ' ****** ENTER THE NUMBER OF EQUATIONS *******
                      (MUST BE 200 OR LESS IN THIS VERSION) 1
      READ (5, *) NEQ
      RHS=100.0D0
      IEXT='DAT'
      CALL FNAME (JOBNAME, IEXT, IFN)
      OPEN(2, FILE=IFN, STATUS='NEW', FORM='FORMATTED')
      NEQM1=NEQ-1
      DO 100 I=1, NEGR1
      B(I)=RHS
      II=(I-1) #NEQ+I
      A(II)=NEQ
      IP1=I+1
      DO 100 J=IP1, NEQ
      IJ=(J-1)*NEQ+I
      JI = (I-1) * NED + J
      A(IJ)=NEQ-J+I
      A(JI)=A(IJ)
100 CONTINUE
      B(NEQ) = RHS
     NEGNEQ=NEQ+NEQ
      A (NEQNEQ) = NEQ
     CALL TICKER (ITIME1)
      CALL ELU(A, NEQ)
     CALL SLVB (A, B, NEQ)
      CALL TICKER(ITIMEE)
     CENTI = ITIME2 - ITIME1
      TIME = FLOAT(CENTI) / 6000.
     WRITE(2, 998) IFN
     WRITE(6,998) IFN
998 FORMAT (T28, 'FOR ', A12, /,
            T28, 'The Solution Is', /, T28, 15(1H=))
     DO 200 I=1, NEQ, 3
```

```
JJ=I
     JJP=JJ+2
     IF (JJP. GT. NEQ) JJP = NEQ
     WRITE(2,'(1P3E22.13)') (B(J), J=JJ, JJP)
     WRITE(6, '(193E22.13)') (8(K), K=JJ, JJP)
 200 CONTINUE
     WRITE(6,999) TIME
     WRITE(2, 999) TIME
 999 FORMAT(/,5X,' TIME = ',F12.5,' MINUTES',//)
     WRITE(2, *) ' NEQ =', NEQ
     WRITE(6, *) ' NEQ =', NEQ
     CLOSE(2)
     STOP
     END
     SUBROUTINE ELU(A, N)
C
C
C
   THIS SUBROUTINE DECOMPOSES MATRIX A INTO A LOWER UNIT
    TRIANGULAR AND AN UPPER TRIANGULAR MATRIX. THE GRIGINAL MATRIX *
C
 A IS REPLACED BY THE TWO TRIANGULAR MATRICES. THE DIAGONAL OF *
C
   THE LOWER MATRIX IS NOT NEEDED SINCE IT IS A UNIT TRIANGULAR
C
  MATRIX. THIS IS A MODIFICATION OF A SUBROUTINE WRITTEN IN
0
   1965 .
C.
C
C
              COPYRIGHT (C) BY GILLES CANTIN
C.
             MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA, 24 JULY 1984.
C
C<del>*****************************</del>
C
     IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
     DIMENSION A(1)
     NM1=N-1
     DO 100 K=1, NH1
     KP1=K+1
     KK=(K-1)*N+K
     AKK=A(KK)
     DO 100 I=KP1, N
     IK=(K-1) *N+I
     G=-A(IK)/AKK
     A(IK)=G
     DO 100 J=KP1,N
     IJ=(J-1)*N+I
     KJ = (J-1) *N+K
 100 A(IJ)=A(IJ)+G*A(KJ)
     RETURN
     END
```

```
C
THIS SUBROUTINE DOES A BACKWARD SUBSTITUTION FOLLOWED BY A
   FORWARD SUSBSTITUTION OF B INTO A, WHERE A HAS ALREADY BEEN
   DECOMPOSED BY A CALL TO ELU. THE VECTOR B IS DESTREYED AND
   REPLACED BY THE ANSWERS TO THE SYSTEM OF LINEAR EQUATIONS.
C
C
            COPYRIGHT (C) BY GILLES CANTIN
0
           MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA, 24 JULY 1984.
IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H, 0-Z)
    DIMENSION A(1), B(1)
    NM1=N-1
    NP1=N+1
    DO 100 K=1, NM1
    KP1=K+1
    BK=B(K)
    DO 100 I=KP1, N
    IK=(K-1) +N+I
100 B(I)=B(I)+A(IK)*BK
    NN=N+N
    B(N)=B(N)/A(NN)
    DO 300 K=2, N
    I=NP1-K
    J1=I+1
    BI=B(I)
    DO 200 J=J1,N
    IJ = (J-1) *N+I
200 BI=BI-A(IJ)*B(J)
    B(I)=BI
    II = (I-1) *N+I
300 B(I)=B(I)/A(II)
    RETURN
    END
```

```
C
C<del>*******************</del>
C
С
    THIS SUBROUTINE TAKES AN ALPHANUMERIC JOENAME CONTAINED IN
    THE ARRAY JOBNAME (2) AND CONCATENATES IT WITH THE EXTENSION
С
                                                             ¥
C NAME CONTAINED IN EXT AND RETURNS THE COMPOSED FILE NAME WITH
С
    A PERIOD SEPARATING THE FILE NAME AND FILE EXTENSION. THE
   COMPLETE NAME IS RETURNED LEFT JUSTIFIED IN THE ARRAY FN(3)
C
    THIS VERSION TAKES ADVANTAGE OF FORTRAN-77 AND SHOULD BE
С
C
   MACHINE INDEPENDENT. IT HAS WORKED ON THE VAX/780 THE
C
    APOLLO MODEL DN/300, AND THE IBM PC.
C
C<del>***********************</del>
C
C
               COPYRIGHT (C) BY GILLES CANTIN
C
             MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA, 24 JULY 1984.
C
     DIMENSION JOBNAME(2), FN(3), JJOB(2), FFN(3)
     CHARACTER*1 JOBCH(8), FNCH(12), EXTCH(4), BLANK, PERIOD
     EQUIVALENCE (JJOB(1), JOBCH(1)), (EEXT, EXTCH(1)), (FFN(1), FNCH(1))
     DATA BLANK/' '/, PERIOD/'.'/
     DO 10 I=1.4
10 EXTCH(I)=BLANK
     DO 20 I=1.8
50
     JOBCH(I)=BLANK
     DO 30 I=1.12
30
     FNCH(I)=BLANK
     DO 40 I=1,2
40
     JJOB(I)=JOBNAME(I)
     EEXT=EXT
     EXTCH(4) = EXTCH(3)
     EXTCH(3) = EXTCH(2)
     EXTCH(2)=EXTCH(1)
     EXTCH(1) = PERIOD
     DO 50 I=1,8
     IF (JOBCH(I).NE.BLANK) II=I
50
     FNCH(I)=JOBCH(I)
     IL=II+1
     IH=IL+3
     DO 60 I=IL, IH
     III=I-II
60 FNCH(I)=EXTCH(III)
     DO 70 I=1.3
70 FN(I)=FFN(I)
     RETURN
     END
```

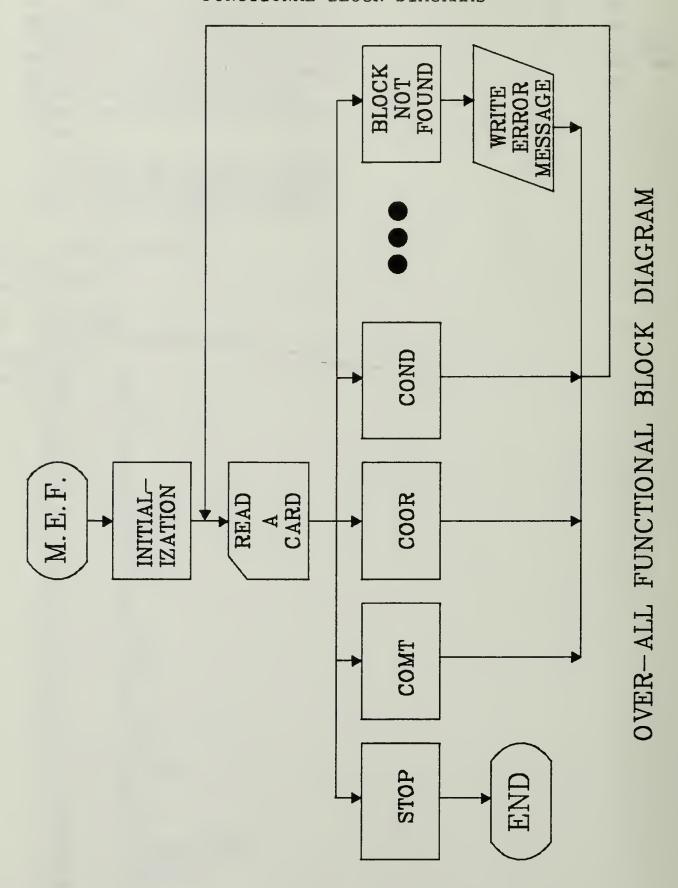
```
SUBROUTINE TICKER(ITIME)
      THIS IS AN 8088 ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE ROUTINE
      ADAPTED FROM A PROGRAM WRITTEN BY W. CLAFF OF THE
      BOSTON COMPUTER SOCIETY, ONE CENTER PLAZA, BOSTON,
      MASS 02108. THE ORIGINAL VERSION WAS FOR MICROSOFT
      FORTRAN V3.1, AND WAS PUBLISHED IN BYTE MAGAZINE,
      FEB 1984. THIS VERSION HAS BEEN MODIFIED TO
      CONFORM TO THE CALLING CONVENTION FOR MICROSOFT
      FORTRAN V3.2.
      AS IN THE VERSION WRITTEN BY CLAFF, THIS VERSION
      EXTRACTS THE BCD TIME FROM DOS, AND RETURNS THE
      RESULT TO THE CALLING PROGRAM IN CENTISECONDS.
DATA
           SEGMENT PUBLIC 'DATA'
DATA
        ENDS
DGROUP GROUP DATA
CODE
        SEGMENT 'CODE'
        ASSUME CS:CODE, DS:DGROUP, SS:DGROUP
PUBLIC TICKER
TICKER PROC
                   FAR
        PUSH
                   Bb
        MOV
                   BP, SP
        PUSH
                   AX
        PUSH
                   BX
        PUSH
                   CX
        PUSH
                   DX
        MOV
                   AH, O2CH
                   021H
        INT
        XCHG
                   CX, DX
                   AL, CH
        MOV
        VOM
                   BL, 100
        MUL
                   BL
                   CH, O
        MOV
        ADD
                   CX, AX
        MOV
                   AL, DH
                   BL, 60
        MOV
        MUL
                   BL
        YOM
                   DH<sub>4</sub> 0
        ADD
                   AX. DX
        YOM
                   DX, O
        MOV
                   BX, 6000
        MUL
                   BX
        ADD
                   CX, AX
        ADC
                   DX, O
                   BX, DWORD PTR [BP+6]
        LES
        YOM
                   ES: (BX3, CX
```

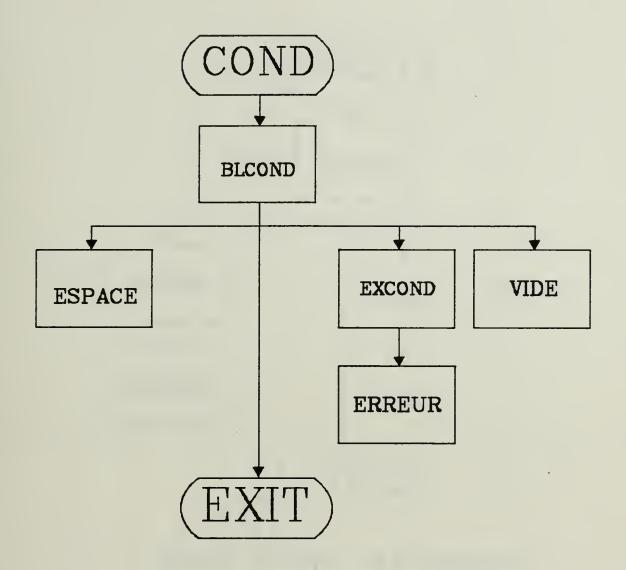
ES:(BX+2),DX

VOM

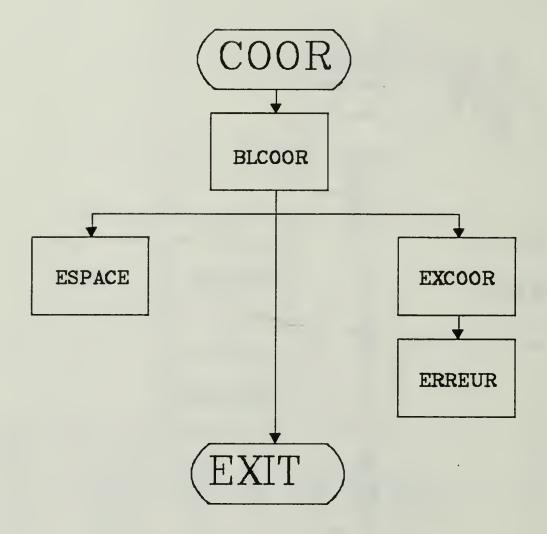
	POP	DX
	bOb	CX
	POP	BX
	POP	AX
	POP	BP
	RET	4
TICKER	ENDP	
CODE	ENDS	
	END	

APPENDIX C
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

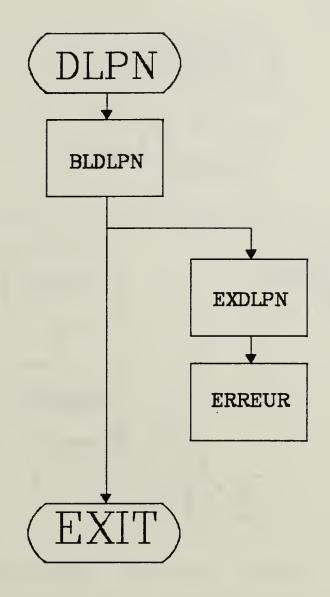




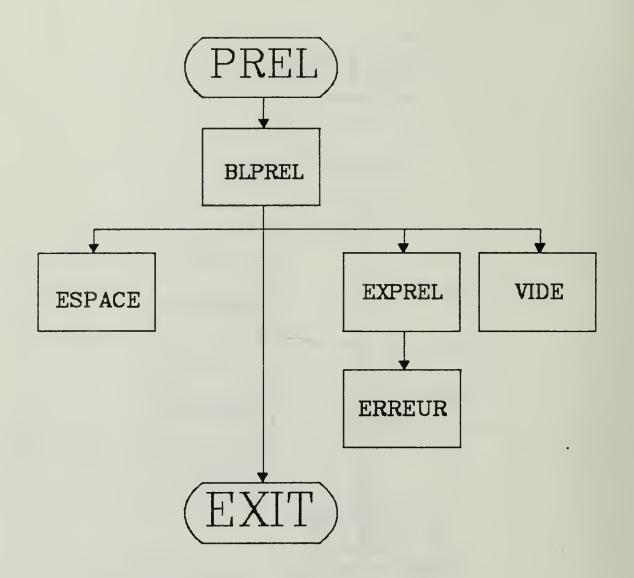
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK COND



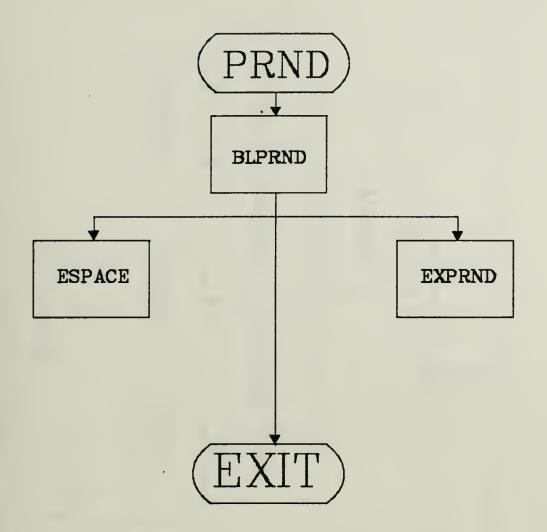
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK COOR



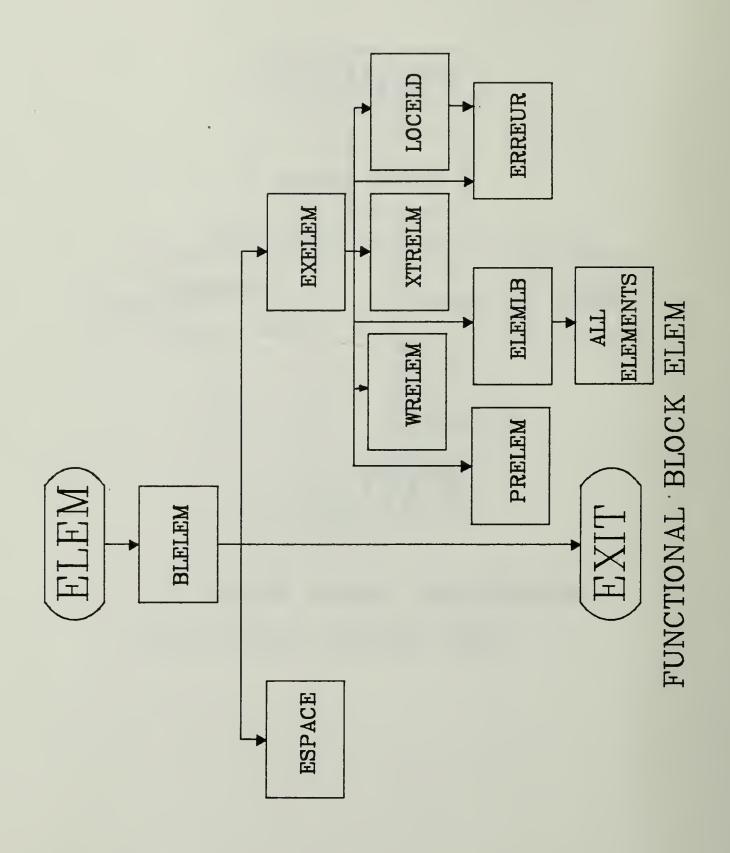
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DLPN

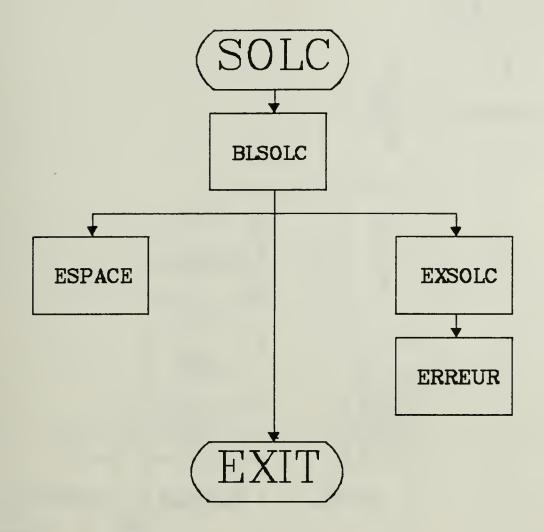


FUNCTIONAL BLOCK PREL

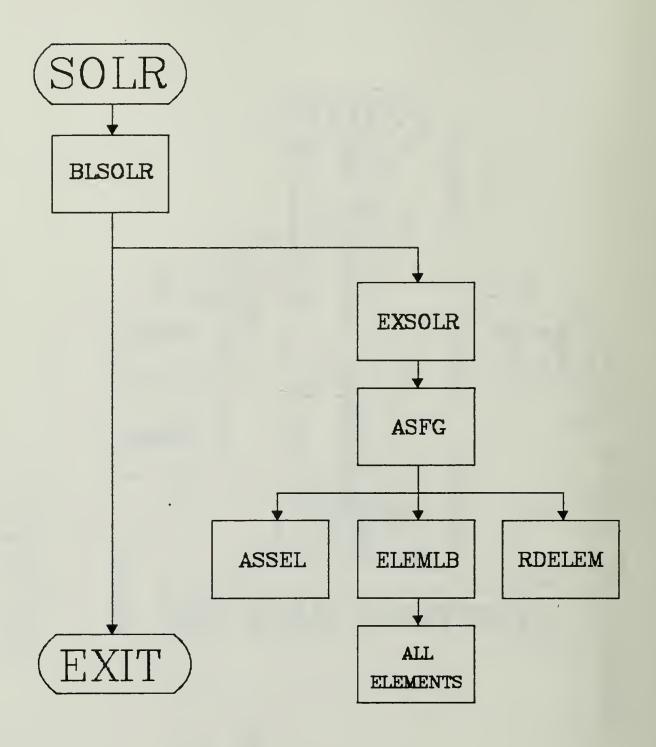


FUNCTIONAL BLOCK PRND

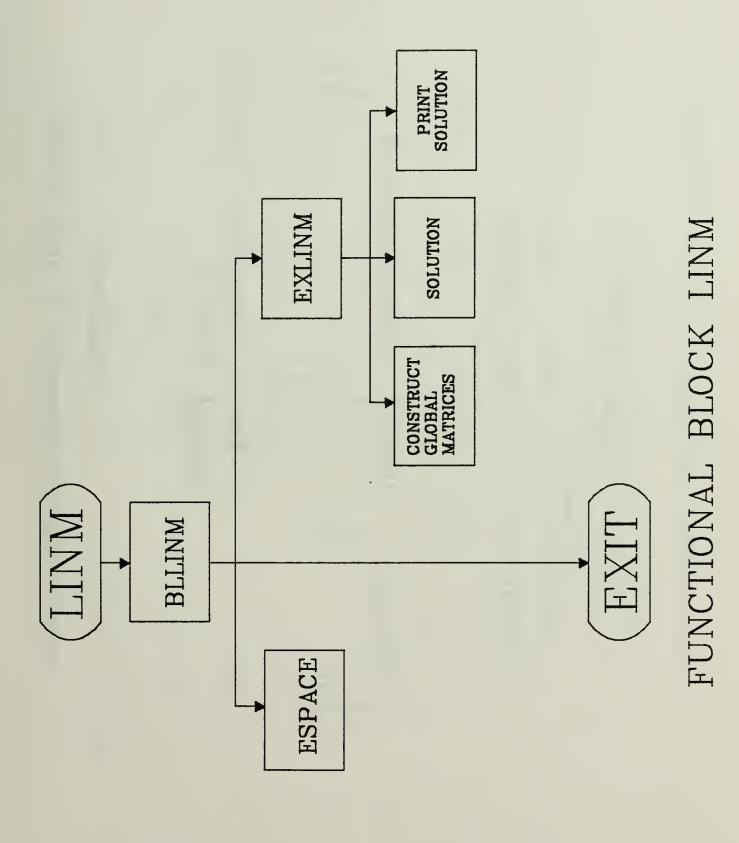


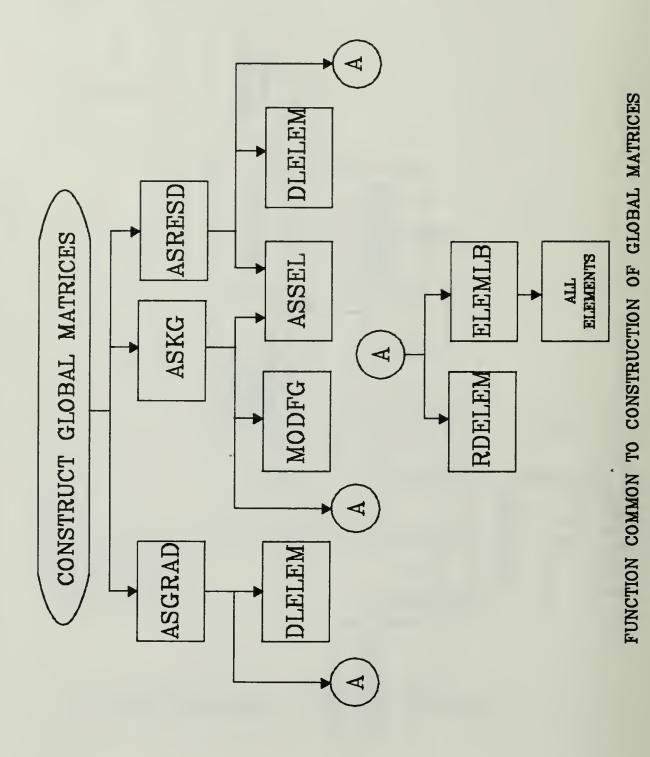


FUNCTIONAL BLOCK SOLC

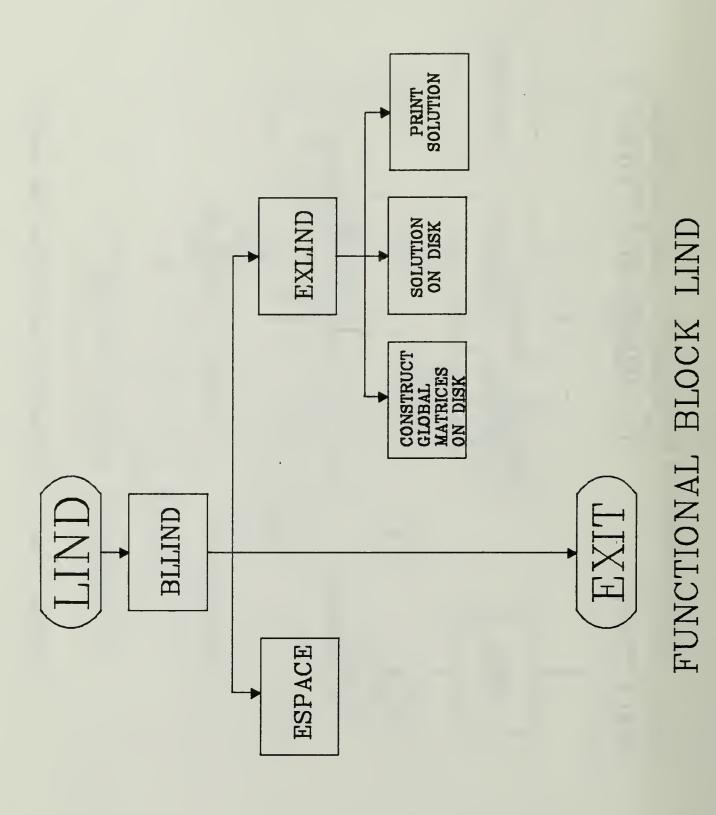


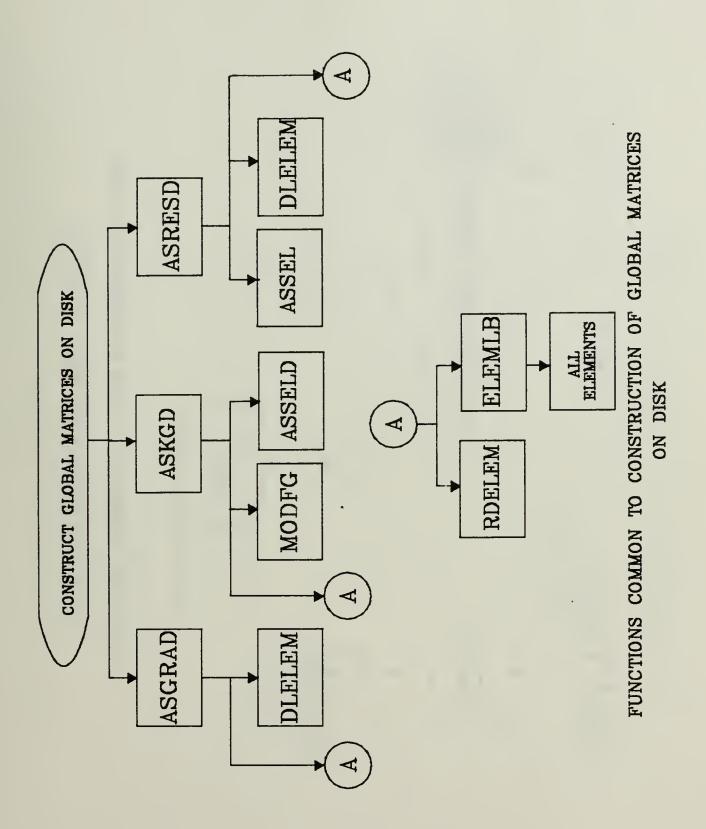
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK SOLR

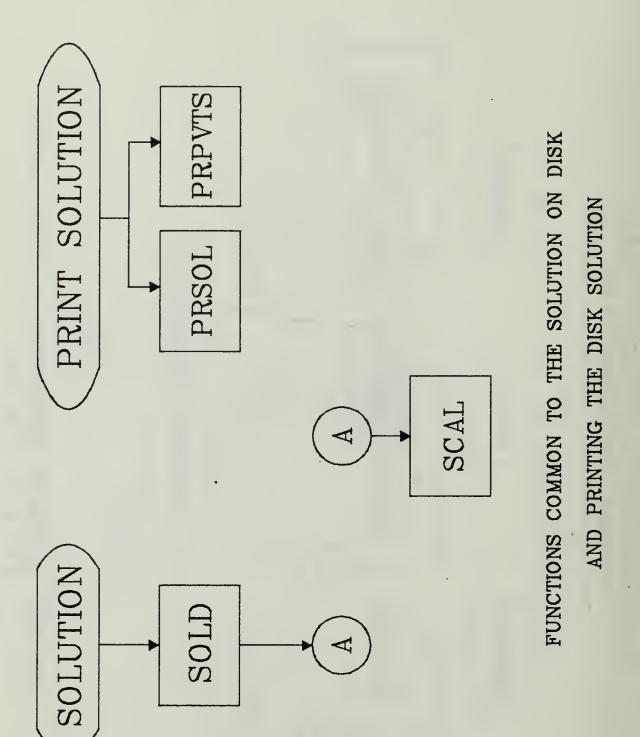


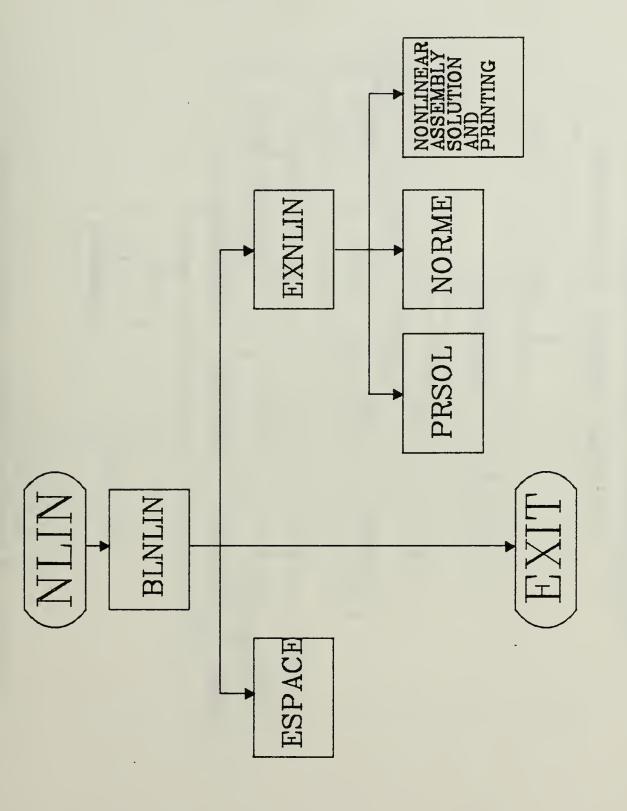


FUNCTIONS COMMON TO THE SOLUTION AND PRINTING THE SOLUTION



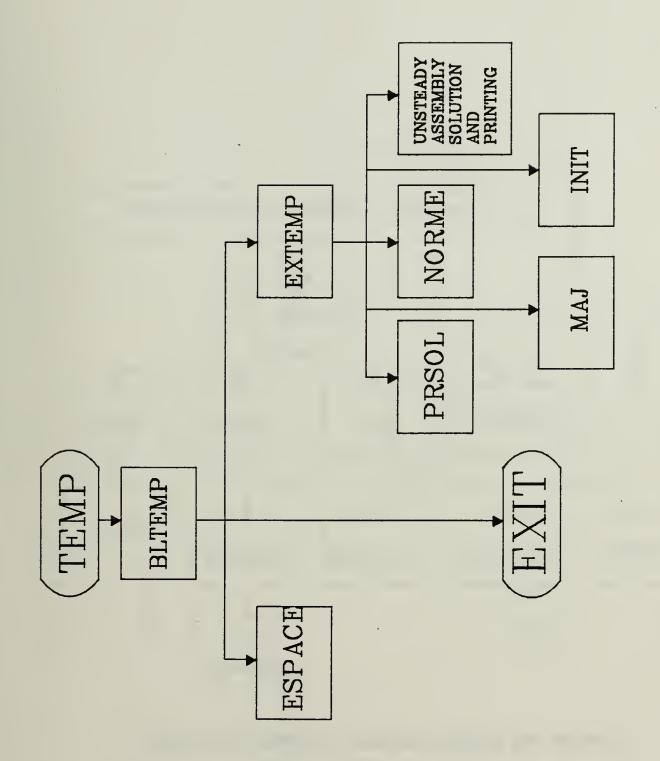




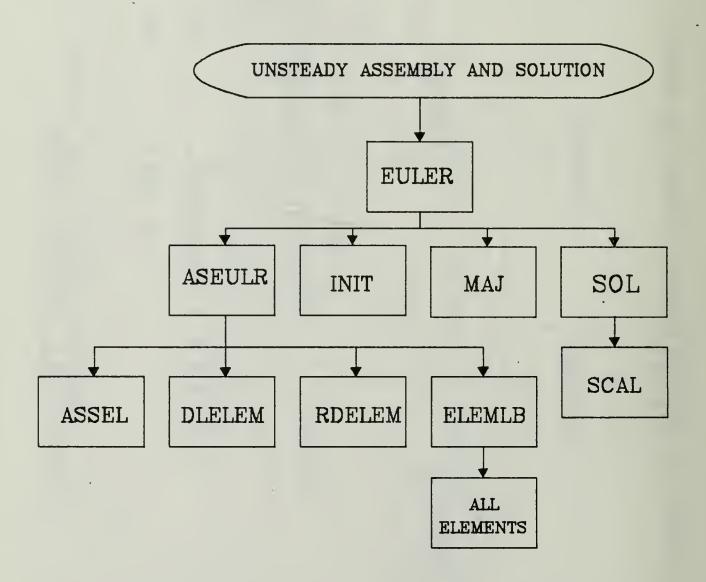


FUNCTIONAL BLOCK NLIN

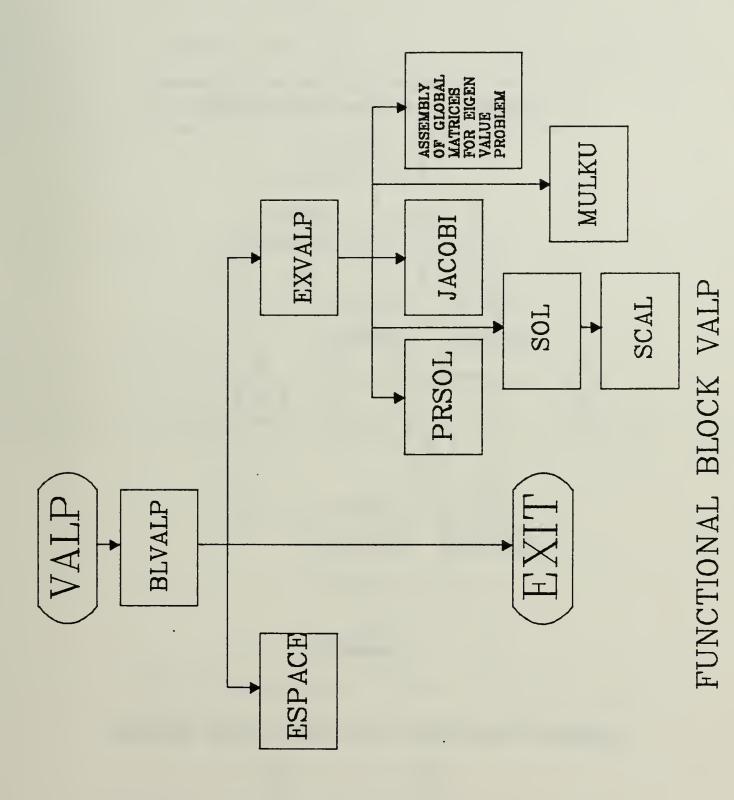
FUNCTIONS FOR NONLINEAR ASSEMBLY, SOLUTION, AND PRINTING

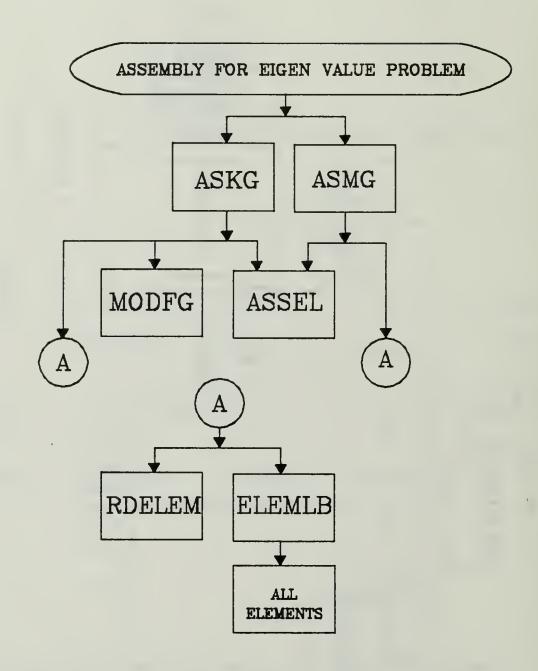


FUNCTIONAL BLOCK TEMP



FUNCTIONS FOR UNSTEADY ASSEMBLY, SOLUTION AND PRINTING





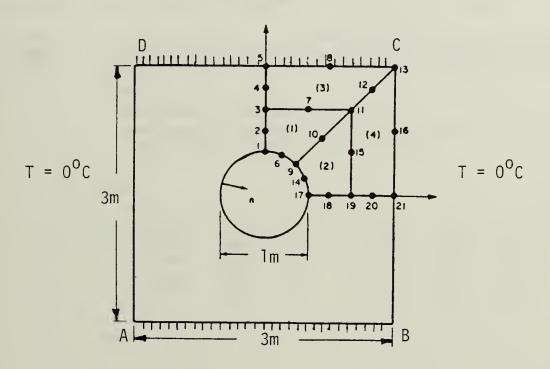
ASSEMBLY FUNCTIONS FOR EIGEN VALUE PROBLEM

APPENDIX D

SAMPLE PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

Conduction heat transfer problem for comparison with the results of Dhatt and Touzot

concrete plate



$$d = d_x = d_y = 1.4 \text{ w/(m}^{\circ}\text{C})$$

 $C = 2.03 \times 10^6 \text{ J/(m}^{3} \text{ OC)}$

constant heat flux on inside = 1

The distributed boundary condition on the inner circle is replaced by consistent concentrated nodal values:

nodes 1, 17 = 0.6545 nodes 6, 14 = 0.2618 node 9 = 0.1309 The consistent nodal values are arrived at as follows:

$$0.6545 = \frac{\pi}{24}$$

$$0.2618 = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$0.1309 = \frac{\pi}{12}$$

In the analysis, the double symmetry allows only one quarter of the plate to be considered.

F.E.M.3. G.TOUZOT, G.DHATT MODIFIED BY

REHE E. RUESCH

IMAGE OF DATA CARDS

			COLU			_	
CARD NUMBER	102455700019	2455700010	3	4 34567890123456	5 7000107457	6 0001024563	7 8
NURBER	123456789012		3406789012 		/830123436/		8901234367890
1	COMT						
2	HEAT TRANS	FER IN A P	ERFORATED	SQUARE PLATE			
3	SAMPLE PRO	BLEM TO CO	MPARE RESU	LTS OF MEF ON	THE IBM PC		
4	WITH TH	OSE OF THE	AUTHORS,	DHATT AND TOUZE	70		
5							
6	COOR						
7		2 0.5					
8	1 0.0	1.0	0.0	5 0.0	3.0	0.0	
9	6 0.3827			8 1.5	3.0	0.0	
10	9 0.707		0.0	13 3.0	3.0	0.0	
11	14 0.9239		7 0.0	16 3.0	1.5	0.0	
12	17 1.0	0.0	0.0	21 3.0	0.0	0.0	
13	0						
14	COND						
15	1						
16	13 15	21					
17	0						
18	PREL						
19	1 4			0.4365			
20	1 1.4	1.4	1.4	2.03E6			
21 22	0 Elem						
23							
24	4 8	1		+ 7 D	10 11	7 7	0
25	1 2 3 2	8 1	1 1 1	1 6 9 3 7 11	10 11	7 3 8 5	2
26	0	0 1		2 / 11	15 12	0 3	7
27	SOLC 3						
28	1 0.0654	5					
29	1 17						
30	2 0.1309						
31	9						

32	3 0.2618				
33	6 14				
34	0				
35	LINH				
36	1				
37	STOP				
CARD	1234567890123456789012345678901	3456789012345678901234	567890123456	5789012345	67830
NUMBER	1 2 3	4 5	6	7	8
	COLU	MN NUMBER			

END OF DATA

COMMENTS

HEAT TRANSFER IN A PERFORATED SQUARE PLATE
SAMPLE PROBLEM TO COMPARE RESULTS OF MEF ON THE IBM PC
WITH THOSE OF THE AUTHORS, DHATT AND TOUZOT

INPUT OF NODES (M= 0)

MAX. NUMBER OF NODES (NNT) = 21°

MAX. NUMBER OF D.O.F. PER NODE (NDLN) = 1

DIMENSIONS OF THE PROBLEM (NDIM) = 2

COORDINATE SCALE FACTORS (FAC) = .50000E+00 .50000E+00 .10000E+01

WORKSPACE IN REAL WORDS (NVA) = 20000

INPUT OF BOUNDARY CONDITIONS (M= 0)

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS CARDS

>>>>>100000000 .00000E+00 .0000E+00 .00000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .0000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .0000E

TOTAL NUMBER OF NODES	(NNT) =	21
TOTAL NUMBER OF D.O.F.	(NDLT) =	21
NUMBER OF EQUATIONS TO BE SOLVED	(NEQ) =	18
NUMBER OF PRESCRIBED NON ZERO D.O.F.	(NCLNZ)=	0
MUMBER OF PRESCRIBED ZERO D.O.F.	(NCLZ)=	3

NODAL COORDINATES ARRAY

NO	D.L.	X	Υ	7	EQUATION NUMBER	(NEO)
1	1	.00000E+00	.50000E+00	.00000E+00	1	
2	1	.00000E+00	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	2	
3	1	.00000E+00	.10000E+01	.00000E+00	3	
4	1	.00000E+00	.12500E+01	.00000E+00	4	
5	1	.00000E+00	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	5	
6	1	.19135E+00	.46195E+00	.00000E+00	6	
7	1	.47068E+00	.98097E+00	.00000E+00	7	
8	1	.75000E+00	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	8	
9	1	.35350E+00	.35350E+00	.00000E+00	9	
10	1	.64013E+00	.64013E+00	.00000E+00	10	
11	1	.92675E+00	.92675E+00	.00000E+00	11	
12	1	.12134E+01	.12134E+01	.00000E+00	12	
13	1	.15000E+01	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	-1	
14	1	.46195E+00	.19135E+00	.00000E+00	13	
15	1	.98097E+00	.47068E+00	.00000E+00	14	
16	1	. 15000E+01	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	-2	
17	1	.50000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	15	
18	1	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	16	
19	1	.10000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	17	
20	1	. 12500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	18	
21	1	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	-3	

INPUT OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES (M= 0)

NUMBER OF GROUPS OF PROPERTIES (NGPE) = 1 NUMBER OF PROPERTIES PER GROUP (NPRE) = 4

CARDS OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES

))))) 1 .14000E+01 .14000E+01 .14000E+01 .20300E+07))))) 0 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00

INPUT OF ELEMENTS (M= 0)

MAX. NUMBER OF ELEMENTS	(NELT) =	4
MAX. NUMBER OF NODES PER ELEMENT	(NNEL)=	8
DEFAULT ELEMENT TYPE	(NTPE) =	1
NUMBER OF GROUPS OF ELEMENTS	(NGRE) =	1
INDEX FOR NON SYMMETRIC PROBLEM	(NSYM)=	0
INDEX FOR IDENTICAL ELEMENTS	(NIDENT)=	()

ELEMENT: 1 TYPE: 1 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 8 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 1
CONNECTIVITY (NE) 1 6 9 10 11 7 3 2

ELEMENT: 2 TYPE: 1 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 8 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 1
CONNECTIVITY (NE) 9 14 17 18 19 15 11 10

ELEMENT: 3 TYPE: 1 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 8 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 1
CONNECTIVITY (NE) 3 7 11 12 13 8 5 4

ELEMENT: 4 TYPE: 1 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 8 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 1
CONNECTIVITY (NE) 11 15 19 20 21 16 13 12

MEAN BAND HEIGHT= 5.3 MAXIMUM= 10

LENGTH OF A TRIANGLE IN KG (NKG)= 95

NUMBER OF INTEGRATION POINTS (NPG)= 36

INPUT OF CONCENTRADED LOADS (M= 3)

TABLE FG GOES FROM VA(111) TO VA(128)

CARDS OF NODAL LOADS

>>>>> 1 .65450E-01
>>>>> 1 17 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
>>>>> 2 .13090E+00
>>>>> 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
>>>>> 3 .26180E+00
>>>>> 6 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
>>>>> 0 .00000E+00

TOTAL LOAD VECTOR

.65450E-01 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .13090 00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00

ASSEMBLING AND LINEAR SOLUTION (M= 0)

INDEX FOR RESIDUAL COMPUTATION (NRES)= 1
ENERGY (ENERG)= .42653E+00

ABSOLUTE VALUE OF MINIMUM PIVOT = .97469E+00 EQUATION: 5

ALGEBRAIC VALUE= .97469E+00 EQUATION: 5

DETERMINANT = .14103E+09 * 10 ** 0

MAX. RESIDUAL VALUE= .26262E-15 EQUATION 6

NODES	X	Υ	Z	DEGREES OF FREEDOM (* = PRESCRIBED)
i	.00000E+00	.50000E+00	.00000E+00	.575202+00
2	.00000E+00	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	.44681E+00
3	.00000E+00	.10000E+01	.00000E+00	.37137E+00
4	.00000E+00	.12500E+01	.00000E+00	.33326E+00
5	.00000E+00	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.32317E+00
6	.19135E+00	.46195E+00	.00000E+00	.56684E+00
7	.47068E+00	.98097E+00	.00000E+00	.31755E+00
8	.75000E+00	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.21866E+00
9	.35350E+00	.35350E+00	.00000E+00	.53887E+00
10	.64013E+00	.64013E+00	.00000E+00	.33300E+00
11	.92675E+00	.92675E+00	.00000E+00	.19818E+00
12	.12134E+01	.12134E+01	.00000E+00	.93103E-01
13	.15000E+01	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *
14	.46195E+00	.19135E+00	.00000E+00	.52269E+00
15	.98097E+00	.47068E+00	.00000E+00	.21421E+00
16	.15000E+01	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *
17	.50000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.50587E+00
18	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.35749E+00
19	.10000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.22597E+00
20	.12500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.10981E+00
21	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *

GRADIENTS IN ELEMENT: 1

```
P.G.: 1 COURDINATES: .52632E-01 .55406E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.11372E+00 -.81069E+00
P.G.: 2 COORDINATES: .76523E-01 .74818E+00
         GRADIENTS : -. 12315E+00 -. 57158E+00
P.G.: 3 COORDINATES: .10041E+00 .94230E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.11487E+00 -.33465E+00
P.S.: 4 COORDINATES: .22283E+00 .52044E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.41886E+00 -.70605E+00
P.G.: 5 COURDINATES: .33101E+00 .72146E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.33351E+00 -.49289E+00
P.G.: 6 COORDINATES: .43919E+00 .92248E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.28656E+00 -.25907E+00
P.G.: 7 COORDINATES: .37650E+00 .44697E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.65190E+00 -.47047E+00
P.G.: 8 COORDINATES: .57236E+00 .66307E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.51763E+00 -.32390E+00
P.G.: 9 COURDINATES: .76823E+00 .87916E+00
         GRADIENTS : -. 44680E+00 -. 11383E+00
```

GRADIENTS IN ELEMENT: 2

```
P.G.: 1 COURDINATES: .44697E+00 .37650E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.71704E+00 -.40960E+00
P.G.: 2 COORDINATES: .66307E+00 .57236E+00
         GRADIENTS
                   : -.60362E+00 -.25620E+00
P.G. : 3 COORDINATES : .87916E+00 .76823E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.45595E+00 -.14059E+00
P.G.: 4 COORDINATES: .52044E+00 .22283E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.88575E+00 -.24160E+00
P.G.: 5 COORDINATES: .72146E+00 .33101E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.73534E+00 -.17979E+00
P.G.: 6 COORDINATES: .92248E+00 .43919E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.59060E+00 -.10744E+00
P.G.: 7 COORDINATES: .55406E+00 .52632E-01
         GRADIENTS : -.89617E+00 -.17241E-01
P.G.: 8 COORDINATES: .74818E+00 .76523E-01
         GRADIENTS : -.78959E+00 -.75879E-01
P.G.: 9 COURDINATES: .94230E+00 .10041E+00
         GRADIENTS : -.69255E+00 -.56986E-01
```

GRADIENTS IN ELEMENT: 3

P.G.: 1 COORDINATES: .11432E+00 .10553E+01 GRADIENTS : -.11051E+00 -.25454E+00 P.G.: 2 COORDINATES: .13821E+00 .12494E+01 GRADIENTS : -.11548E+00 -.14037E+00 P.G.: 3 COORDINATES: .16210E+00 .14435E+01 GRADIENTS : -. 13120E+00 -. 25123E-01 P.6.: 4 COORDINATES: .50216E+00 .10395E+01 GRADIENTS : -.27711E+00 -.20122E+00 P.G.: 5 COORDINATES: .61034E+00 .12405E+01 GRADIENTS : -.28059E+00 -.11578E+00 P.G.: 6 COORDINATES: .71852E+00 .14415E+01 GRADIENTS : -.29573E+00 -.24060E-01 P.G.: 7 COORDINATES: .88222E+00 .10049E+01 GRADIENTS : -. 43817E+00 -. 86922E-01 P.G.: 8 COORDINATES: .10781E+01 .12210E+01 GRADIENTS : -. 44335E+00 -. 28634E-01 P.G.: 9 COORDINATES: .12740E+01 .14371E+01 GRADIENTS : -. 46020E+00 . 40218E-01

GRADIENTS IN ELEMENT: 4

P.G.: 1 COORDINATES: .10049E+01 .88222E+00 GRADIENTS : -. 46122E+00 -. 99442E-01 P.G.: 2 COORDINATES: .12210E+01 .10781E+01 GRADIENTS : -.46380E+00 -.47956E-01 P.G.: 3 COORDINATES: .14371E+01 .12740E+01 GRADIENTS : -.45461E+00 -.94565E-02 P.G.: 4 CDORDINATES: .10395E+01 .50216E+00 GRADIENTS : -. 57615E+00 -. 74187E-01 P.G.: 5 COORDINATES: .12405E+01 .61034E+00 GRADIENTS : -.55835E+00 -.36136E-01 P.G.: 6 COORDINATES: .14415E+01 .71852E+00 GRADIENTS : -.53562E+00 -.72341E-02 P.G.: 7 COORDINATES: .10553E+01 .11432E+00 GRADIENTS : -.65031E+00 -.38270E-01 P.G.: 8 COORDINATES: .12494E+01 .13821E+00 GRADIENTS : -.62235E+00 -.20090E-01 P.G.: 9 COORDINATES: .14435E+01 .16210E+00 GRADIENTS : -.59409E+00 -.42941E-02

EQUILIBRIUM RESIDUALS AND REACTIONS

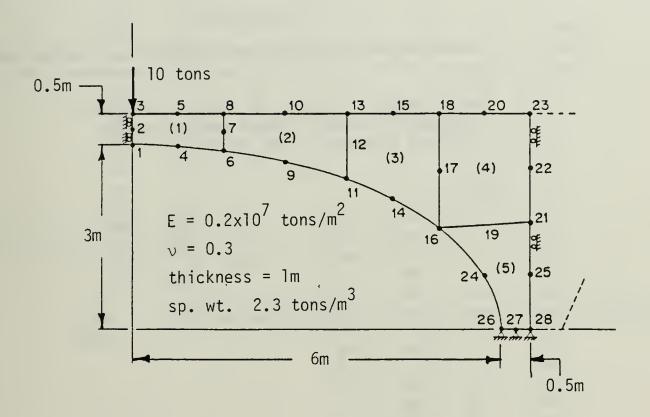
DEGREES OF FREEDOM (* = PRESCRIBED) NODES X Υ Z 1 .00000E+00 .50000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 2 .00000E+00 .75000E+00 .00000E+00 -. 10399E-15 3 .00000E+00 .10000E+01 .00000E+00 .27756E-16 4 .00000E+00 .12500E+01 .00000E+00 -. 77743E-16 5 .00000E+00 .15000E+01 .00000E+00 .13109E-15 .46195E+00 6 .19135E+00 .00000E+00 -. 27756E-15 .47068E+00 .00000E+00 .98097E+00 -. 11102E-15 8 .75000E+00 .00000E+00 .15000E+01 -.63315E-16 9 .35350E+00 .37470E-15 .35350E+00 .00000E+00 10 .64013E+00 .64013E+00 .00000E+00 -. 40246E-15 11 .92675E+00 .92675E+00 .00000E+00 .30531E-15 12 .12134E+01 .12134E+01 .00000E+00 .19429E-15 13 .15000E+01 .15000E+01 .00000E+00 -.10288E+00 * 14 .46195E+00 .19135E+00 .00000E+00 .11102E-15

15	.98097E+00	.470685+00	.00000E+00	.11102E-15
16	.15000E+01	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	52531E+00 *
17	.50000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	13878E-16
18	.75000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	25562E-15
19	.10000E+01	.000C0E+00	.00000E+00	.69389E-16
20	.12500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.10714E-15
21	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	15722E+00 *

END OF PROBLEM, 314 UTILIZED REAL WORDS OVER 20000

Concrete elliptical arch in plane stress, for comparison with the results of Dhatt and Touzot.

EIGEN VALUE PROBLEM



The loads consist of the distributed dead weight, and the concentrated force of 10 tons at node 3.

F.E.M.3. G.TOUZOT, G.DHATT MODIFIED BY

REHE E. RUESCH

IMAGE OF DATA CARDS

1	COMT						
2		TIC ANALYSIS	OF AN ELLIPT	IC HALF BRID	GE ARCH IN	N PLANE STRESS	
3	SAMPL	E PROBLEM T	O COMPARE THE	RESULTS OF	MEF ON THE	IBM PC	
4	WIT	TH THOSE OF	THE AUTHORS,	DHATT AND TO	UZOT		
5			·				
6	COOR						
7	28	2 2					
8	3	0.00	3.50	23	6.50	3.50	5
9	5	0.75	3.50	20	5.75	3.50	5
10	2	0.00	3.25				
11-	7	, 1.50	3.20				
12	12	3.50	2.97				
13	17	5.00	2.58				
14	19	5.75	1.70				
15	1	0.00	3.00				
16	4	0.75	2.98				
17	6	1.50	2.90				
18	9	2.50	2.73				
19	11	3.50	2.44				
20	14	4.25	2.12				
21	16	5.00	1.66				
22	24	5.75	0.86				
23	26	6.00	0.00				
24	27	6.25	0.00				
25	28	6.50	0.00				
26	25	6. 5 0	0.87				
27	21	6.50	i.75				

COLUMN NUMBER 3 4 5 5 7 8 CARD NUMBER 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 22 6.50 2.62 28 -1 29 30 COND 31 11 32 26 27 28 33 10 34 1 2 3 25 21 22 23 35 000000000 36 PREL 37 1 4 38 2.086 0.3 2.3 -1 39 40 ELEM 41 Û 42 5 0 1 0 1 6 7 8 Û 0 1 0 28 43 5 26 27 25 21 19 15 24 44 -1 45 SOLC 46 1 0.00 -10.00 47 3 -1 48 49 SOLR 50 VALP 51 3 20 0.001 5 0 12 1.D-12 0.0 52 STOP CARD 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 NUMBER 1 2 3 4 5 6

END OF DATA

COLUMN NUMBER

COMMENTS

ELASTIC ANALYSIS OF AN ELLIPTIC HALF BRIDGE ARCH IN PLANE STRESS SAMPLE PROBLEM TO COMPARE THE RESULTS OF MEF ON THE IBM PC WITH THOSE OF THE AUTHORS, DHATT AND TOUZOT

INPUT OF NODES (M= 0)

MAX. NUMBER OF NODES (NNT) = 28

MAX. NUMBER OF D.O.F. PER NODE (NDLN) = 2

DIMENSIONS OF THE PROBLEM (NDIM) = 2

COORDINATE SCALE FACTORS (FAC) = .10000E+01 .10000E+01

WORKSPACE IN REAL WORDS (NVA) = 20000

INPUT OF BOUNDARY CONDITIONS (M= 0)

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS CARDS

)))))1100000000 .00000E+00 .00000

TOTAL NUMBER OF NODES (NNT) = 28

TOTAL NUMBER OF D.O.F. (NDLT) = 56

NUMBER OF EQUATIONS TO BE SOLVED (NEQ) = 43

NUMBER OF PRESCRIBED NON ZERO D.O.F. (NCLNZ) = 0

MUMBER OF PRESCRIBED ZERO D.O.F. (NCLZ) = 13

TOTAL NUMBER OF PRESCRIBED D.O.F. (NCLT) = 13

NODAL COORDINATES ARRAY

NO	D.L.	X	Υ	Z	EQUATION NUMBER	(NEQ)
1	2	.00000E+00	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	-7 1	
2	2	.00000E+00	.32500E+01	.00000E+00	8 2	
3	2	.00000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	- 9 3	
4	2	.75000E+00	.29800E+01	.00000E+00	4 5	
5	2	.75000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	6 7	
6	2	.15000E+01	.29000E+01	.00000E+00	8 9	
7	2	.15000E+01	.32000E+01	.00000E+00	10 11	
8	2	.16250E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	12 13	
9	2	.25000E+01	.27300E+01	.00000E+00	14 15	
10	2	.24167E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	16 17	
11	2	.35000E+01	.24400E+01	.00000E+00	18 19	
12	2	.35000E+01	.29700E+01	.00000E+00	20 21	
13	2	.32500E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	22 23	
14	2	.42500E+01	.21200E+01	.00000E+00	24 25	
15	2	.40833E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	26 27	
16	2	.50000E+01	.16600E+01	.00000E+00	28 2 9	

17	2	.50000E+01	.25800E+01	.00000E+00	30	31
11	_	. 300005101	. E3000E101	.000002100		
18	2	. 48750E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	32	33
19	2	.57500E+01	.17000E+01	.00000E+00	34	35
20	2	.57500E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	36	37
21	2	.65000E+01	.17500E+01	.00000E+00	-11	38
22	2	.65000E+01	.26200E+01	.00000E+00	-12	39
23	2	.65000E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	-13	40
24	5	.57500E+01	.86000E+00	.00000E+00	41	42
25	2	.65000E+01	.87000E+00	.00000E+00	-10	43
26	2	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	-1	-2
27	2	.62500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	-3	-4
28	2	.65000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	-5	-6

INPUT OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES (M= 0)

NUMBER OF GROUPS OF PROPERTIES (NGPE) = 1
NUMBER OF PROPERTIES PER GROUP (NPRE) = 4

CARDS OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES

))))) 1 .20000E+07 .30000E+00 .00000E+00 .23000E+01))))) -1 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00

INPUT OF ELEMENTS (M= 0)

		_
MAX. NUMBER OF ELEMENTS	(NELT) =	5
MAX. NUMBER OF NODES PER ELEMENT	(NNEL)=	8
DEFAULT ELEMENT TYPE	(NTPE) =	5
NUMBER OF GROUPS OF ELEMENTS	(NGRE) =	1
INDEX FOR NON SYMMETRIC PROBLEM	(NSYM)=	0
INDEX FOR IDENTICAL ELEMENTS	(NIDENT) =	0

ELEMENT: 1 TYPE: 2 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 16 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 0

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 1 4 6 7 8 5 3 2

ELEMENT: 2 TYPE: 2 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 16 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 0

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 6 9 11 12 13 10 8 7

ELEMENT: 3 TYPE: 2 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 16 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 0

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 11 14 16 17 18 15 13 12

ELEMENT: 4 TYPE: 2 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 16 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 0

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 16 19 21 22 23 20 18 17

ELEMENT: 5 TYPE: 2 N.P.: 8 D.O.F.: 16 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 4 GROUP: 0

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 26 27 28 25 21 19 16 24

MEAN BAND HEIGHT= 9.1 MAXIMUM= 15

LENGTH OF A TRIANGLE IN KG (NKG)= 393

NUMBER OF INTEGRATION POINTS (NPG)= 45

INPUT OF CONCENTRADED LOADS (M= 0)

CARDS OF NODAL LOADS

```
))))) 1 .00000E+00 -.10000E+02
```

)}))) 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

))))) -1 .00000E+00 .00000E+00

ASSEMBLING OF DISTRIBUTED LOADS (M= 0)

SUBSPACE ITERATION (M= 0)

NUMBER OF DESIRED EIGENVALUES	(NVALP) =	3
MAX. NUMBER OF ITERATIONS PERMITTED	(NITER)=	20
INDEX FOR DIAGONAL MATRIX	(NMDIAG) =	0
CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE ON EIGENVALUES	(EPSLB) =	.10000E-02
SHIFT	(SHIFT)=	.00000E+00
SUBSPACE DIMENSION	(NSS)=	5
MAX. NUMBER OF ITERATION IN JACOBI	(NSWM) =	12
CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE IN JACOBI	(TOLJAC)=	.10000E-11

ITERATION	1 MAX.	ERROR=	.5E+06 EXACT EIGENVALUES:	0
ITERATION	2 MAX.	ERROR=	.4E+00 EXACT EIGENVALUES:	Q
ITERATION	3 MAX.	ERROR=	.1E-01 EXACT EIGENVALUES:	3

. . . CONVERGENCE IN 4 ITERATIONS

EIGENVALUE NO. 1 = .56152E + 04

EIGENVECTOR:

NODES	χ	γ	Z	DEGREES OF FREEDOM	(* = PRESCRIBED)
1	.00000E+00	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.66375E+00
2	.00000E+00	.32500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.66172E+00
3	.00000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.65867E+00
4	.75000E+00	.29800E+01	.00000E+00	13930E-01	.60786E+00
5	.75000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.45051E-01	.60490E+00
6	.15000E+01	.29000E+01	.00000E+00	40117E-01	.48147E+00
7	.15000E+01	.32000E+01	.00000E+00	.18612E-01	.47890E+00
8	.16250E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.78526E-01	.45397E+00
9	.25000E+01	.27300E+01	.00000E+00	43577E-01	.28471E+00

```
.24167E+01
                 .35000E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                               .80294E-01
                                                                .296582+00
                                                                .14162E+00
    .35000E+01
                 .24400E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                              -.43399E-01
11
   . 35000E+01
                 .29700E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                               .72541E-02
                                                                .13794E+00
    .32500E+01
                 .35000E+01
                                               .68736E-01
                                                                .17225E+00
13
                             .00000E+00
   .42500E+01
                 .21200E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                              -. 32304E-01
                                                                .72376E-01
                                               .48582E-01
                                                                .85795E-01
15
   .40833E+01
                 .35000E+01
                             .00000E+00
16
   .50000E+01
                 .16600E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                              -.17548E-01
                                                                .30240E-01
                 .25800E+01
                                                                .33255E-01
17
    .50000E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                              -.50562E-02
   .48750E+01
                 .35000E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                               .23860E-01
                                                                .39282E-01
18
19
   .57500E+01
                 .17000E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                              -.78157E-02
                                                                .17301E-01
                 .35000E+01
20
   .57500E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                               .14539E-01
                                                                .16647E-01
21
   .65000E+01
                 .17500E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                               .00000E+00 *
                                                                .11501E-01
   .65000E+01
                 .26200E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                               .00000E+00 #
                                                                .95616E-02
22
                                                                .11585E-01
23
   .65000E+01
                 .35000E+01
                             .00000E+00
                                               .00000E+00 *
                                              -. 19224E-02
24
   .57500E+01
                 .86000E+00
                             .00000E+00
                                                                .13207E-01
25
    .65000E+01
                 .87000E+00
                             .00000E+00
                                               .00000E+00 *
                                                                .988985-02
26
   .60000E+01
                 .00000E+00
                             .00000E+00
                                               .00000E+00 *
                                                                .00000E+00 #
27
    .62500E+01
                 .00000E+00
                             .00000E+00
                                               .00000E+00 *
                                                                .00000E+00 *
28
   .65000E+01
                 .00000E+00
                             .00000E+00
                                               .00000E+00 *
                                                                * 00+300000 *
```

EIGENVALUE NO. 2 = .37888E + 05

EIGENVECTOR:

NODES	X	Υ	Z	DEGREES OF FREEDOM	(* = PRESCRIBED)
1	.00000E+00	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	43557E+00
2	.00000E+00	.32500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 #	43947E+00
3	.00000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	43308E+00
4	.75000E+00	.29800E+01	.00000E+00	. 75478E-01	30806E+00
5	.75000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	66583E-01	30728E+00
6	.15000E+01	.29000E+01	.00000E+00	.12568E+00	50310E-01
7	.15000E+01	.32000E+01	.00000E+00	.19733E-01	43091E-01
8	.16250E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	83712E-01	502298-02
9	.25000E+01	.27300E+01	.00000E+00	.10301E+00	.25248E+00
10	.24167E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	30655E-01	.23703E+00
11	.35000E+01	.24400E+01	.00000E+00	.43413E-01	.31596E+00
12	.35000E+01	.29700E+01	.00000E+00	.53209E-01	.32955E+00
13	.32500E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.32536E-01	.31620E+00
14	.42500E+01	.21200E+01	.00000E+00	.34673E-02	.27207E+00
15	.40833E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.74869E-01	.29474E+00
16	.50000E+01	.16500E+01	.00000E+00	12682E-01	.20050E+00
17	.50000E+01	.25800E+01	.00000E+00	.22806E-01	.21003E+00
18	.48750E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.77638E-01	.23648E+00
19	.57500E+01	.17000E+01	.00000E+00	232825-02	.14099E+00
20	.57500E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.40232E-01	.17473E+00
21	.65000E+01	.17500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.11596E+00
22	.65000E+01	.26200E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.14199E+00
23	.65000E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.15438E+00
24	.57500E+01	.86000E+00	.00000E+00	. 15066E-02	.10386E+00
25	.65000E+01	.87000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.71782E-01

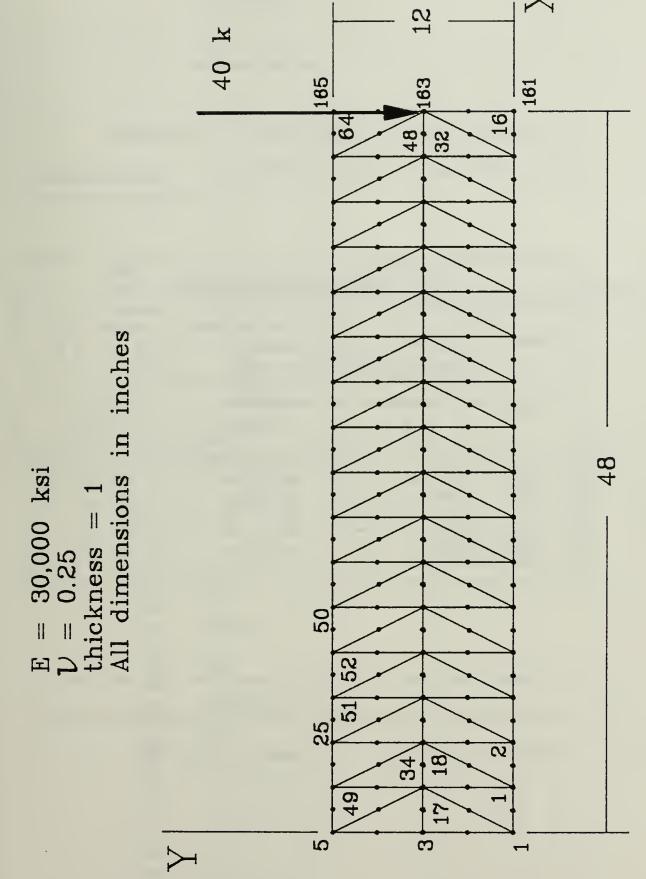
```
26 .60000E+01 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 * .0000E+00 * .00000E+00 * .00000E
```

EIGENVALUE NO. 3 = .10014E+06

EIGENVECTOR:

NODES	X	γ	Z	DEGREES OF FREEDOM (* = PRESCRIBED)
MODES	^	'	L	DEDMETO OF THE POST AS A PARTICULAR PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE POST AS A PARTICULAR PROPERTY OF THE PARTICULAR PROPERTY OF THE POST AS A PARTICULAR PROPERTY OF THE PARTICULAR PRO
1	.00000E+00	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *41128E+00
2	.00000E+00	.32500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 #42594E+00
3	.00000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *41526E+00
4	.75000E+00	.29800E+01	.00000E+00	.12574E+0022292E+00
5	.75000E+00	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	69262E-0122541E+00
6	.15000E+01	.29000E+01	.00000E+00	.17483E+00 .10569E+00
7	.15000E+01	.32000E+01	.00000E+00	.68934E-01 .11778E+00
8	.16250E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	33533E-01 .14924E+00
3	.25000E+01	.27300E+01	.00000E+00	.89392E-01 .32437E+00
10	.24167E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.86100E-01 .32239E+00
11	.35000E+01	.24400E+01	.00000E+00	47209E-01 .12451E+00
12	.35000E+01	.29700E+01	.00000E+00	.81544E-01 .14886E+00
13	.32500E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.18077E+00 .20020E+00
14	.42500E+01	.21200E+01	.00000E+00	87810E-0178360E-01
15	.40833E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.18541E+0014116E-01
16	.50000E+01	.16600E+01	.00000E+00	75138E-0121317E+00
17	.50000E+01	.25800E+01	.00000E+00	10474E-0121304E+00
18	.48750E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.13544E+0017181E+00
19	.57500E+01	.17000E+01	.00000E+00	41600E-0121638E+00
20	.57500E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.62931E-0127285E+00
21	.65000E+01	.17500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *22656E+00
22	.65000E+01	.26200E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *28436E+00
23	.65000E+01	.35000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *29085E+00
24	.57500E+01	.86000E+00	.00000E+00	27562E-0116051E+00
25	.65000E+01	.87000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *11610E+00
26	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 * .00000E+00 *
27	.62500E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 * .00000E+00 *
28	.65000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 * .0000E+00 *

END OF PROBLEM, 1676 UTILIZED REAL WORDS OVER 20000



cantilevered beam for comparison with the results of Felippa

The following table of results for the cantilevered beam was obtained by Carlos A. Felippa.

	DEFLECTION AND NORMAL STRESS									
'Element Mesh		Tip Deflection $\delta = v_C$	Stress σ_{x} at $X = 9$ ", $Y = 6$ "							
CST	A-1 A-2	0.30556 0.34188	51.225 57.342							
LST	B-1 B-2	0.35506 0.35569	59.145 60.024							
	eory and for v _C)	0.35583	60.000							

For comparison, the tip defelections from MEF are the ones for nodes 161 thru 165. The stresses are the stresses listed for Gauss Point 3 of elements 51 and 52.

F.E.M.3. G.TOUZOT, G.DHATT MODIFIED BY

REHE E. RUESCH

IMAGE OF DATA CARDS

CARD		1		2	СО	LUMN 3	N U	MB	ER 5		6		7	
NUMBER	123456		234567		2345678	39012345		2345		23458		234567		34587
1	COMT													
2		NTILE	AVERED	BEA	M 12 X	48 X 1	(INCHE	S)						
3						ENTS (E								
4		ELEM												
5				N- WT	TH THE	RESULTS	OF CA	RLOS	A. FE	Fibb	1			
6					.,		J. J.				•			
7	COOR													
8	165	٥	2											
9	1	_	0.0		0.0	0.0	161		48.0		0.0		0.0	5
10	2		0.0		3.0		162		48.0		3.0		0.0	Ξ
11	3		0.0		6.0		163		48.0		6.0		0.0	5
12	4		0.0		9.0		164		48.0		9.0		0.0	5
13	5		0.0		12.0		165		48.0		12.0		0.0	5
14	0		•••		12.0	0.0	100		7010		12.0		V. C	
15	COND													
16	11													
17	1,2,3,	450												
18	0	4, 3, 0												
19	PREL													
		-												
20	1 70 0	3	. 25 A .	۸										
21	1,30.0	203,0	. 23, 0.	υ,										
22	0													
23	ELEM		_											
24	54	6	3				_				_			
25	1	16	10	3	1	1 1				13	7	0		
26	17	16	10	3	1	1 1		13		3	2	0		
27	33	16	10	3	1	1 3		13		5	4	0		
28	49	16	10	3	1	1 5	9	13	14	15	10	O		
29	0													
30	SOLC													
31	1,0.0,	-40.0	,0.0											

32 163, 33 0 34 LINM 35 1 36 STOP CARD 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 NUMBER 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 COLUMN NUMBER

END OF DATA

COMMENTS

CANTILEAVERED BEAM 12 X 48 X 1 (INCHES)
6 NODED TRIANGUALAR ELEMENTS (ELEMO3)
64 ELEMENTS
FOR COMPARISON WITH THE RESULTS OF CARLOS A. FELIPPA

INPUT OF NODES (M= 0)

MAX. NUMBER OF NODES (NNT)= 165

MAX. NUMBER OF D.O.F. PER NODE (NDLN)= 2

DIMENSIONS OF THE PROBLEM (NDIM)= 2

COURDINATE SCALE FACTORS (FAC)= .10000E+01 .10000E+01

WORKSPACE IN REAL WORDS (NVA)= 20000

INPUT OF BOUNDARY CONDITIONS (M= 0)

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS CARDS

>>>>>1100000000 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00
>>>>> 1 2 3 4 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
>>>>>00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00

TOTAL NUMBER OF NODES (NNT) = 165
TOTAL NUMBER OF D.O.F. (NDLT) = 330
NUMBER OF EQUATIONS TO BE SOLVED (NEQ) = 320
NUMBER OF PRESCRIBED NON ZERO D.O.F. (NCLNZ) = 0
MUMBER OF PRESCRIBED ZERO D.O.F. (NCLZ) = 10

NODAL COORDINATES ARRAY

NO	D.L.	X	γ	Z	EQUATION NUMBER	(NEQ)
1	2	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	-1 -2	
5	5	.00000E+00	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	-3 -4	
3	2	.00000E+00	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	-5 -6	
4	2	.00000E+00	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	- 7 −8	
5	2	.00000E+00	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	-9 -10	
6	5	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	1 2	
7	2	.15000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	3 4	
8	2	.15000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	5 6	
9	2	.15000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	7 8	
10	5	.15000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	9 10	
11	2	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	11 12	
12	5	.30000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	13 14	
13	5	.30000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	15 16	
14	5	.30000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	17 18	
15	2	.30000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	19 20	
16	5	.45000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	21 22	
17	2	.45000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	23 24	
18	2	.45000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	25 26	
19	2	.45000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	27 28	
20	2	.45000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	29 30	
21	2	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	31 32	
22	2	.60000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	33 34	
23	2	.60000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	35 36	
24	2	.60000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	37 38	
25	2	.60000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	39 40	
26	2	.75000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	41 42	
27	2	.75000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	43 44	
28	5	.75000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	45 46	
29	2	.75000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	47 48	
30	2	.75000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	49 50	
31	2	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	51 52	
32	2	.90000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	53 54	
33	2	.90000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	55 56	
34	2	.90000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	57 58	
35	2	.90000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	59 60	
36	5	.10500E+02	.00000E+00	.000005+00	61 62	
37	2	.10500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	63 64	
38	2	.10500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	65 6 6	
39	5	.10500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	67 68	
40	2	.10500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	69 70	
41	2	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	71 72	
42		.12000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	73 74	
43	2	.12000E+02	.50000E+01	.00000E+00	75 76	

```
.30000E+01
                                     .000000E+00
44
          .12000E+02
                                                                77
                                                                      78
                                                                79
45
      5
                                                                      80
          .12000E+02
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
46
      2
          . 13500E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
                                                                31
                                                                      82
47
      2
          .13500E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               83
                                                                      84
48
      2
          .13500E+02
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                                85
                                                                      86
49
      2
          .13500E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               87
                                                                      88
50
      2
          .13500E+02
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
                                                                83
                                                                      90
                                                               91
                                                                      92
51
      5
          .15000E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
52
                                                                93
                                                                      94
      5
          .15000E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
53
      2
          .15000E+02
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               35
                                                                      96
54
      2
                       .30000E+01
                                                                37
                                                                      38
          .15000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
55
                                                               99
                                                                     100
      2
          .15000E+02
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
56
      2
          .16500E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               101
                                                                     102
57
      2
          .16500E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              103
                                                                     104
58
      2
                       .60000E+01
                                                               105
                                                                     106
          . 16500E+02
                                     .00000E+00
59
      2
                                                                     108
          .16500E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              107
60
      2
          .16500E+02
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               109
                                                                     110
                                                                     112
                       .00000E+00
61
      2
          .18000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               111
62
      2
          .18000E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               113
                                                                     114
63
      2
          .18000E+02
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              115
                                                                     116
64
      2
          .18000E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              117
                                                                     118
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              119
65
                       .12000E+02
                                                                     120
      2
          .18000E+02
66
      2
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               121
                                                                     122
          . 19500E+02
67
                                                                     124
      2
          .19500E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               123
68
      5
          .19500E+02
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               125
                                                                     126
69
      2
                                                               127
                                                                     128
          .19500E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
      2
                                                               129
                                                                     130
70
          . 19500E+02
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
                                                                     132
71
      2
          .21000E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                                               131
                                     .00000E+00
72
                                                              133
                                                                     134
          .21000E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
73
      5
          .21000E+02
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              135
                                                                     135
74
      2
          .21000E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              137
                                                                     138
          .21000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
75
      2
                       .12000E+02
                                                              139
                                                                     140
                                                                     142
76
      2
         .22500E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               141
77
      2
          .22500E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              143
                                                                     144
78
      2
         .22500E+02
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              145
                                                                     146
79
      2
                                                              147
                                                                     148
          .22500E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               149
                                                                     150
80
      2
         .22500E+02
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
81
      2
          .24000E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              151
                                                                     152
                                                                     154
82
      2
          .24000E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               153
                                                                     156
83
      2
                                                              155
          .24000E+02
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               157
                                                                     158
84
      2
          .24000E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
85
      5
          .24000E+02
                                                              159
                                                                     160
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
                                                                     162
85
      2
          .25500E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
                                                               161
      2
                                                                     164
87
          .25500E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              163
          .25500E+02
88
      2
                       .60000E+01
                                                              165
                                                                     166
                                     .00000E+00
89
      2
         .25500E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              167
                                                                     168
90
      2
          . 25500E+02
                       .12000E+02
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              163
                                                                     170
                                                              171
91
      2
         .27000E+02
                       .00000E+00
                                     .00000E+00
                                                                     172
92
      2
          .27000E+02
                       .30000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              173
                                                                     174
93
      2
          .27000E+02
                                                              175
                                                                     176
                       .60000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
94
          . 27000E+02
                       .90000E+01
                                     .00000E+00
                                                              177
                                                                     178
```

95	2	.27000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	179	180
96	2	.28500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	181	182
97	2	.28500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	183	184
98	2	.28500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	185	186
99	2	.28500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	187	188
100	5	.28500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	189	190
101	2	.30000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	191	192
102	2	.30000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	193	194
103	2	.30000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	195	196
104	2	.30000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	197	198
105	2	.30000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	199	500
106	5	.31500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	201	505
107	2	.31500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	203	204
108	5	.31500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	205	206
109	2	.31500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	207	208
110	5	.31500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	209	210
111	2	.33000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	211	212
112	5	.33000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	213	214
113	5	.33000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	215	216
114	2	.33000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	217	218
115	2	.33000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	219	220
116	5	.34500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	221	555
117	2	.34500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	553	224
118	5	.34500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	225	226
119	2	.34500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	227	228
120	2	.34500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	229	230
121	2	.36000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	231	535
122	5	.36000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	233	234
123	2	.36000E+02	.60000E+01	.000005+00	235	236
124	2	.36000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	237	238
125	2	.36000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	239	240
126	5	.37500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	241	242
127	2	.37500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	243	244
128	5	.37500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	245	246
129	2	.37500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	247	248
130	2	.37500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	249	250
131	5	.39000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	251	252
132	2	.39000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	253	254
133	2	.39000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	255	256
134	2	.39000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	257	258
135	2	.39000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	259	260
136	5	.40500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E÷00	261	262
137	2	.40500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	263	264
138	5	.40500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	265	266
139	2	.40500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	267	268
140	5	.40500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	269	270
141	2	.42000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	271	272
142	5	.42000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	273	274
143	2	.42000E+02	.50000E+01	.00000E+00	275	276
144	2	.42000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	277	278
145	5	.42000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	279	280

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146
      2 .43500E+02 .00000E+00 .00000E+00
                                                  281
                                                        282
147
      2 .43500E+02 .30000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  283
                                                        284
148
      2 .43500E+02 .60000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  285
                                                        285
                                               287
149
      2 .43500E+02 .90000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                        288
150
      2 .43500E+02 .12000E+02 .00000E+00
                                               289
                                                        290
151
      2 .45000E+02 .00000E+00 .00000E+00
                                                  291
                                                        292
152
      2 .45000E+02 .30000E+01 .00000E+00
                                               293
                                                        294
153
      2 .45000E+02 .60000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  295
                                                        296
154
      2 .45000E+02 .90000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  237
                                                        298
                                                  299
155
      2 .45000E+02 .12000E+02 .00000E+00
                                                        300
                                               301
156
      2 .46500E+02 .00000E+00 .00000E+00
                                                        302
157
      2 .46500E+02 .30000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  303
                                                        304
158
      2 .46500E+02 .60000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  305
                                                        306
159
      2 .46500E+02 .90000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                 307
                                                        308
                                               309
160
      2 .46500E+02 .12000E+02 .00000E+00
                                                        310
161
      2 .48000E+02 .00000E+00 .00000E+00
                                                  311
                                                        312
162
      2 .48000E+02 .30000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  313
                                                        314
163
      2 .48000E+02 .60000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  315
                                                        316
164
      2 .48000E+02 .90000E+01 .00000E+00
                                                  317
                                                        318
165
      2 .48000E+02 .12000E+02 .00000E+00
                                                  319
                                                        320
```

INPUT OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES (M= 0)

NUMBER OF GROUPS OF PROPERTIES (NGPE) = 1 NUMBER OF PROPERTIES PER GROUP (NPRE) = 3

CARDS OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES

)>>>> 1 .30000E+05 .25000E+00 .00000E+00 >>>>> 0 .00000E+00 .00000E+00 .00000E+00

INPUT OF ELEMENTS (M= 0)

MAX. NUMBER OF ELEMENTS	(NELT) =	64
MAX. NUMBER OF NODES PER ELEMENT	(NNEL) =	6
DEFAULT ELEMENT TYPE	(NTPE)=	3
NUMBER OF GROUPS OF ELEMENTS	(NGRE)=	4
INDEX FOR NOW SYMMETRIC PROBLEM	(MSYM) =	0
INDEX FOR IDENTICAL ELEMENTS	(NIDENT)=	0

ELEMENT: 1 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 1 6 11 12 13 7

ELEMENT: 2 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 11 16 21 22 23 17

ELEMENT: 3 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 21 26 31 32 33 27

ELEMENT: 4 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1

CONNECTIVITY (NE) 31 36 41 42 43 37

```
ELEMENT: 5 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.C.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 41 46 51 52 53 47
ELEMENT: 6 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.C.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 51 56 61 62 63 57
ELEMENT; 7 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    DENNECTIVITY (NE) 61 65 71 72 73 67
FLEMENT: 8 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 5 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 71 76 81 82 83 77
ELEMENT: 9 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 81 86 91 92 93 87
ELEMENT: 10 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 5 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    EGNNECTIVITY (NE) 91 96 101 102 103 97
ELEMENT: 11 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 101 106 111 112 113 107
ELEMENT: 12 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.G.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    EGNNECTIVITY (NE) 111 116 121 122 123 117
PLEMENT: 13 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 121 126 131 132 133 127
ELEMENT: 14 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 131 136 141 142 143 137
ELEMENT: 15 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 141 146 151 152 153 147
ELEMENT: 16 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 5 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 151 156 161 162 163 157
ELEMENT: 17 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 1 7 13 8 3 2
ELEMENT: 18 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 5 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 11 17 23 18 13 12
ELEMENT: 19 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 21 - 27 33 28 23 22
ELEMENT: 20 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.D.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 31 37 43 38 33 32
SLEMENT: 21 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 41 47 53 48 43 42
ELEMENT: 22 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 51 57 63 58 53 52
ELEMENT: 23 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.D.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 61 57 73 68 63 62
ELEMENT: 24 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 71 77 83 78 73 72
ELEMENT: 25 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 81 87 93 88 83 82
ELEMENT: 26 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 91 97 103 98 93 92
ELEMENT: 27 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 101 107 113 108 103 102
ELEMENT: 28 TYPE: 3 N.O.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 111 117 123 118 113 112
ELEMENT: 29 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 5 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 121 127 133 128 123 122
ELEMENT: 30 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.G.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
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DONNECTIVITY (NE) 131 137 143 138 133 132
ELEMENT: 31 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.B.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 141 147 153 148 143 142
ELEMENT: 32 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 151 157 163 158 153 152
ELEMENT: 33 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.C.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 3 8 13 9 5
ELEMENT: 34 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CDNNECTIVITY (NE) 13 18 23 19 15 14
ELEMENT: 35 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.D.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 23 ° 28 33 29 25 24
ELEMENT: 35 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 33 38 43 39 35 34
ELEMENT: 37 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.G.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 43 48 53 49 45 44
ELEMENT: 38 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 53 56 63 59 55 54
ELEMENT: 39 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 63 68 73 69 65 64
ELEYENT: 40 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 73 78 83 79 75 74
ELEMENT: 41 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 5 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 83 88 93 89 85 84
ELEMENT: 42 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 93 98 103 99 95 94
ELEMENT: 43 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 103 108 113 109 105 104
ELEMENT: 44 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 113 118 123 119 115 114
ELEMENT: 45 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.B.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 123 128 133 129 125 124
ELEMENT: 46 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 133 138 143 139 135 134
ELEMENT: 47 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 143 148 153 149 145 144
ELEMENT: 48 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 153 158 163 159 155 154
ELEMENT: 49 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 5 9 13 14 15 10
ELEMENT: 50 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 15 19 23 24 25 20
ELEMENT: 51 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 25 29 33
                                 34 35 30
ELEMENT: 52 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 35 39 43 44 45 40
ELEMENT: 53 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 45 49 53
                                 54 55 50
ELEMENT: 54 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 55 59 63 64 65 60
ELEMENT: 55 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1
    CONNECTIVITY (NE) 65 69 73 74 75 70
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ELEMENT: 56 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 75 79 93 84 85 80 ELEMENT: 57 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 85 89 93 94 95 90 ELEMENT: 58 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 95 99 103 104 105 100 ELEMENT: 59 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 105 109 113 114 115 110 ELEMENT: 60 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 115 119 123 124 125 120 ELEMENT: 61 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 125 129 133 134 135 130 ELEMENT: 62 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.D.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CDNNECTIVITY (NE) 135 139 143 144 145 140 ELEMENT: 63 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.O.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 145 149 153 154 155 150 ELEMENT: 64 TYPE: 3 N.P.: 6 D.D.F.: 12 N. PROP: 0 EL. PROP: 3 GROUP: 1 CONNECTIVITY (NE) 155 159 163 164 165 160

MEAN BAND HEIGHT= 16.1 MAXIMUM= 25 LENGTH OF A TRIANGLE IN KG (NKG)= 5152 NUMBER OF INTEGRATION POINTS (NPG)= 192

INPUT OF CONCENTRADED LOADS (M= 0)

CARDS OF MODAL LOADS

ASSEMBLING AND LINEAR SOLUTION (M= 0)

INDEX FOR RESIDUAL COMPUTATION (NRES) = 1 ENERGY (ENERG) = .14252E+02

ABSOLUTE VALUE OF MINIMUM PIVOT = .11094E+03 EQUATION: 320

ALGEBRAIC VALUE= .11094E+03 EQUATION: 320

DETERMINANT = .16934E+09 * 10 ** 1520

MAX. RESIDUAL VALUE: .86544E-11 EQUATION 278

SOLUTION

-.31019E-01

-. 41661E-01

.13500E+02

.000000E+00

.00900E+00

	4 DE 2 A D	500005.01	000000	150005 01	10ED+E 0+	
17	.13500E+02	.30000E+01	.000000E+00	15230E-01	40581E-01	
48	.135005+02	.60000E+01	.00000000	.14188E-15	40216E-01	
43	.13500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.152305-01	40581E-01	
50	.135002+02	.120005+02	.000000E+00	.31019E-01	41651E-01	
51	.15000E+02	.000000E+00	.00000E+00	33842E-01	50138E-01	
52	.15000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	15637E-01	49111E-01	
53	.15000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.16098E-15	48774E-01	
54	.15000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.16637E-01	49111E-01	
55	.15000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.33842E-01	50138E-01	
56	.15500E+02	.000000E+00	,00000E+00	36519E-01	59318E-01	
57	.16500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	17981E-01	58332E-01	
58	.165005+02	.60000E+01	.000000E+00	.180892-15	57999E-01	
59	.16500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.17981E-01	58332E-01	
E0	.16500E+02	.120005+02	.000000E+00	.36519E-01	59318E-01	
61	.18000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	39032E-01	69139E-01	
52	.18000E+02	.300000E+01	.000000E+00	19262E-01	682065-01	
63	.180005+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.20285E-15	67900E-01	
54	.18000E+02	.300002+01	.00000E+00	.19262E-01	68206E-01	
65	.18000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.39092E-01	69139E-01	
55	.19500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	41519E-01	79599E-01	
67	.19500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	20481E-01	78707E-01	
58	.19500E+02	.60000E+01	.000005+00	.22348E-15	78406E-01	
69	.195005+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.20481E-01	78707E-01	
70	.19500E+02	.120005+02	.00000E+00	.41519E-01	79599E-01	
71	.21000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	43842E-01	90639E-01	
72	.21000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	21637E-01	89800E-01	
73	.21000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.24516E-15	89526E-01	
74	.210005+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.21637E-01	- .898 00E-01	
75	.21000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.43842E-01	90639E-01	
75	.22500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	46019E-01	10226E+00	
77	.22500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	22731E-01	10146E+00	
78	.225002+02	.50000E+01	.00000E+00	.25923E-15	10119E+00	
79	.22500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.22731E-01	10146E+00	
80	.22500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.46019E-01	102265+00	
81	.24000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	48092E-01	11439E+00	
82	.24000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	23762E-01	11364E+00	
S3	.24000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.26824E-15	11340E+00	
<u>84</u>	.24000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.23762E-01	11364E+00	
85	.24000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.48092E-01	11439E+00	
86	.25500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	50019E-01	12704E+00	
87	.25500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	24731E-01	12633E+00	
38	.255005+02	.50000E+01	.00000E+00	.293225-15	12609E+00	
83	.25500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.24731E-01	12633E+00	
30	.25500E+02	.120005+02	.00000E+00	.50019E-01	12704E+00	
31	.27000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	51842E-01	14014E+00	
92	.270005+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	25637E-01	13949E+00	
93	.27000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.321385-15	13928E+00	
94	.27000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.25637E-01	13949E+00	
35	.27000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.51842E-01	14014E+00	
36	.28500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	53519E-01	15370E+00	
97	.28500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	26481E-01	15308E+00	

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                               .00000E+00
                                                  .26481E-01
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149	.43500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.31544	E-01	30618E+00			
150	.43500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	. 5341	IE-01	30634E+00			
151	.45000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	63649	9E-01	32257E+00			
152	.45000E+02	.30000E+01	.000000E+00	31750)E-01	32249E+00			
153	.45000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.61189	9E-15	32244E+00			
154	.45000E+02	.90000E+01	.000000E+00	.31750	0E-01	32249E+00			
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156	.46500E+02	.00000E+00	.000000E+00	63813	3E-01	33873E+00			
157	.46500E+02	.30000E+01		31878		33884E+00			
158	.46500E+02	.60000E+01		.65434		33912E+00			
159	.465005+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.31878		33884E+00			
160	.465005+02	.12000E+02		.63813		33873E+00			
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162	.48000E+02	.30000E+01		31823		35507E+00			
	.48000E+02	.50000E+01		.66939		35630E+00			
163	.48000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.31823		35507E+00			
164									
165	.48000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	. 63868	3E-01	35477E+00			
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	TI PARKT	4						
			1 FDCV	FOOV	PAMAN	CZCV	OTOV	プロコン ジ	
P. G.	Х	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIG1	SIG2	TAUMAX	
	45000F-04	00000E.00	05/055 00	E4333E 63		A3 BALLETIAS	157415.61	ED/675.04	r
I	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	26425E-02	.51///E-03	44555E-	-0380418E+02			-85.0
							80793E+02		
5	.30000E+01	.30000E+01	11694E-02	.28854E-03	10756E-	0335114E+02			-87.9
	·						35161E+02		
3	.15000E+01	.30000E+01	13192E-02	.18747E-03	48780E-	-0340714E+02			-81.0
						363035+01	41638E+02	.19004E+02	
			_						
	NTES DANS L		2						
p. 6.	Χ	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIG1	2165	TAUMAX	
i	.45000E+01	.00000E+00	23971E-02	.59440E-03	505 5 8E-	-0471953E+02			-89.5
						15113E+00	71958E+02	.35903E+02	
5	.60000E+01	.30000E+01	11622E-02	.29304E-03	27446E-	0334847E+02	.79468E-01	32935E+01	-84.7
						.38732E+00	35155E+02	.17771E+02	
3	.45000E+01	.30000E+01	12279E-02	.30507E-03	28349E-	0336851E+02	60618E-01	34019E+01	-64.8
						.25130E+00	3716 3 E+02	.18707E+02	
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT	3						
P.G.	Χ	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIS1	S162	XAMUAT	
1	.75000E+01	.00000E+00	22432E-02	.55844E-03	50915E-	-0467314E+02	75302E-01	61098E+00	-89.5
						69751E-01	67319E+02	.33625E+02	
2	.90000E+01	.30000E+01	10735E-02	.27037E-03	28154E-	0332188 E+0 2	.64231E-01	33785E+01	-84.1
						.41434E+00	32538E+02	.16476E+02	

	.75000E+01	.30000E+01	11400E-02	.28810E-03	28056E-03		.98918E-01 34504E+02	33667E+01 .17465E+02	-84.4
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT	4						
2.6.	X	γ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S165 S16A	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
i	.10500E+02	.00000E+00	20817E-02	.51677E-03	57160E-04		11664E+00 62486E+02		-89.4
5	.12000E+02	.30000E+01	38726E-03	.24843E-03	28138E-03		.51747E-01 29984E+02	33766E+01 .15208E+02	-83.6
3	.10500E+02	.30000E+01	10555E-02	.25621E-03	28314E-03		.74499E-01 32006E+02	33977E+01 .16220E+02	-84.0
CONTAT	NTES DANS L	EI EKENT	5						
P.G.	χ	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162 S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.13500E+02	.00000E+00	19163E-02	.47498E-03	59055E-04		13088E+00 57530E+02		-69.3
5	.15000E+02	.30000E+01	90316E-03	.22730E-03	28119E-03		.48224E-01	33743E+01	-83.0
3	.13500E+02	.30000E+01	97190E-03	.24497E-03	28399E-03	29141E+02		34078E+01	-83.4
•									
				•					
	NTES DANS L		6	·	DOWN!	0104	2754	TELLUI /	7-70
CONTAI P.G.	NTES DANS L X	ELEMENT Y	6 EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S165 S16A	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA ·
₽.6.	X	Y	_			SIG1 52531E+02	\$1G2 13437E+00	TAUMAX 71407E+00	TETA ·
P.G.	X .16500E+02	, 00000E+00	EPSX	. 43328E-03	59506E-04	\$161 52531E+02 12464E+00 24578E+02	\$162 13437E+00 52541E+02 .47407E-01	TAUMAX 71407E+00 . 26208E+02 33736E+01	
P.G.	X .16500E+02 .18000E+02	Y .00000E+00	EPSX 17499E-02	.43328E-03	59506E-04 28114E-03	\$161 52531E+02 12464E+00 24578E+02 . 50123E+00 26640E+02	\$162 13437E+00 52541E+02 .47407E-01 25032E+02	TAUMAX71407E+00 .26208E+0233736E+01 .12766E+0234103E+01	-89.2
P.G.	X .16500E+02 .18000E+02	Y .00000E+00	EPSX17499E-0281965E-03	.43328E-03	59506E-04 28114E-03	\$161 52531E+02 12464E+00 24578E+02 . 50123E+00 26640E+02	\$162 13437E+00 52541E+02 .47407E-01 25032E+02 .61003E-01	TAUMAX71407E+00 .26208E+0233736E+01 .12766E+0234103E+01	-89. 2 -82. 3
P. G.	X .16500E+02 .18000E+02 .16500E+02	Y .00000E+00 .30000E+01	EPSX17499E-0281965E-03	.43328E-03	59506E-04 28114E-03	\$161 52531E+02 12464E+00 24578E+02 . 50123E+00 26640E+02	\$162 13437E+00 52541E+02 .47407E-01 25032E+02 .61003E-01	TAUMAX71407E+00 .26208E+0233736E+01 .12766E+0234103E+01	-89. 2 -82. 3
P. G.	X .16500E+02 .18000E+02	Y .00000E+00 .30000E+01	EPSX17499E-0281965E-0388851E-03	.43328E-03	59506E-04 28114E-03	\$161 52531E+02 12464E+00 24578E+02 . 50123E+00 26640E+02	\$162 13437E+00 52541E+02 .47407E-01 25032E+02 .61003E-01	TAUMAX71407E+00 .26208E+0233736E+01 .12766E+0234103E+01	-89. 2 -82. 3
P.G.	X .16500E+02 .18000E+02 .16500E+02 NTES DANS L X	Y .00000E+00 .30000E+01 .30000E+01	EPSX17499E-0281965E-0388851E-03	.43328E-03 .20640E-03 .22403E-03	59506E-04 28114E-03 28419E-03	SIG1 52531E+02 12464E+00 24578E+02 . 50123E+00 26640E+02 . 48969E+00 SIGX SIG1 47533E+02	\$162 13437E+00 52541E+02 .47407E-01 25032E+02 .61003E-01 27069E+02 \$162	TAUMAX71407E+00 .26208E+0233736E+01 .12766E+0234103E+01 .13779E+02 TAUXY TAUMAX71525E+00	-89. 3 -82. 3 -82. 8
P.G. 1 2 3 CONTAI P.G.	X .16500E+02 .18000E+02 .16500E+02 NTES DANS L X	Y .00000E+00 .30000E+01 .30000E+01 ELEMENT Y	EPSX17499E-0281965E-0388851E-03	.43328E-03 .20640E-03 .22403E-03 EPSY	59506E-04 28114E-03 28419E-03 GAMXY 59604E-04	SIG1 52531E+02 12464E+00 24578E+02 50123E+00 26640E+02 48969E+00 SIGX SIG1 47533E+02 12435E+00 22077E+02	\$16213437E+0052541E+02 .47407E-0125032E+02 .61003E-0127069E+02 \$16213514E+0047544E+02	TAUMAX71407E+00 .26208E+0233736E+01 .12766E+0234103E+01 .13779E+02 TAUXY TAUMAX71525E+00 .23710E+0233735E+01	-89. 3 -82. 8 -82. 8

CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT	8						
₽.6.	X	γ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGS	TAUXY	TETA
1	.22500E+02	.00000E+00	14167E-02	.34994E-03	59628E-04		13527E+00 42546E+02		-89.0
5	.24000E+02	.30000E+01	65294E-03	.16471E-03	28112E+03		.47227E-01 20140E+02		-80.5
3	.22500E+02	.30000E+01	72183E-03	.18234E-03	28425E-03			34110E+01 .11374E+02	-81.3
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT	9						
P. G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIG1	SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.25500E+02	.00000E+00	12500E-02	.30827E-03	59647E-04		13516E+00 37547E+02		-88.9
5	.27000E+02	.30000E+01	56961E-03	.14388E-03	28112E-03		.47355E-01 17717E+02		-79.2
3	.25500E+02	.30000E+01	63850E-03	.16151E-03	28424E-03		.60238E-01 19728E+02		-80.2
וזמדאחה	NTES DANS L	EI EMENT	10						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGS SIGA	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
.1	.28500E+02	.00000E+00	10833E-02	.26663E-03	59718E-04		13443E+00 32549E+02	71662E+00 .16215E+02	-85.7
2	.30000E+02	.30000E+01	48630E-03	.12308E-03	28113E-03		.48011E-01 15318E+02	33735E+01	-77.6
3	.28500E+02	.30000E+01	55519E-03	.14068E-03	28422E-03		.60316E-01 17310E+02		-78.9
								•	
CONTAIN P.G.	NTES DANS L X	ELEMENT Y	11 EPSX	EPSY	YXMAA	Vais	SIGY	TOHYV	TETA
7.0.	۸		_FJA	CFSI	Onnai		5162	TAUMAX	TE SH
1	.31500E+02	.00000E+00	91654E-03	.22504E-03	60055E-04		13093E+00 27548E+02		-88.5
5	.33000E+02	.30000E+01	40306E-03	.10236E-03	28116E-03	_	.51108E-01 12954E+02	· · · · · ·	-75.5
3	.31500E+02	.30000E+01	47197E-03	.11989E-03	28409E-03		.60720E-01 14920E+02		-77.2
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT	12						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIBY	TAUXY	TETA

						SIG1	S162	TAUMAX	
1	.34500E+02	.000000E+00	74941E-03	.18376E-03	61633E-04		11486E+00 22535E+02		-88.1
3	.36000E+02	.30000E+01	32015E-03	.82072E-04	28130E-03	95884E+01		33756E+01	-72.5
3	.345005+02	.30000E+01	38916E-03	.99246E-04	28348E-03	11659E+02		34018E+01	-74. 9
רחאדםז	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 1	i 7						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.37500E+02	.00000E+00	58057E-03	.14368E-03	68621E-04		46786E-01 17468E+02		-87.3
5	.39000E+02	.30000E+01	23872E-03	.63479E-04	28189E-03		.12156E+00 84640E+01		-68.5
3	.37500E+02	.30000E+01	308205-03	.79265E-04	28089E-03	92283E+01		33706E+01	-72.0
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT :	ı L	-					
P.G.	X X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	2165 216A	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.40500E+02	.00000E+00	40429E-03	.10677E-03	95552E-04		.18232E+00 12190E+02		-84.7
5	.42000E+02	.30000E+01	16265E-03	.49449E-04	28351E-03		.28117E+00 65138E+01	34033E+01	-63.4
3	.40500E+02	.30000E+01	234625-03	.61-830E-04	27178E-03	70132E+01		32614E+01	-6 8.7
ODUTAN	NITES BONS I								
P.G.	NTES DANS L X	ELEMEN: 1 Y	.5 EPSX	EPSY	YXMAG	SIGX SIG1	- S162 - S164	TAUXY TAUMAX	TEŢA
1	.43500E+02	.00000E+00	20152E-03	.60935E-04	15722E-03		.33779E+00 64829E+01		-74.5
5	.45000E+02	.30000E+01	94911E-04	.21937E-04	28073E-03	28617E+01		33688E+01	-56. 3
3	.43500E+02	.30000E+01	18016E-03	.49195E-04	26112E-03	53717E+01		31334E+01	-65.6
CONTAIN	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 1	.6						
P. G.	χ	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S165 S165	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.46500E+02	.00000E+00	73112E-04	.11770E-03	50210E-04	13979E+01	.31816E+01	60253E+00	-82.6

						225065101	14759E+01	976775101	
9	48000E+02	36000F+0:	. 73112F-04	25479F-03	13257E-03	.30126E+00			-11.0
_	, ,500002.02	.000002.01	1,01100 0,	1001110 00	. 1025/2 00		78778E+01		• • • •
3	.46500E+02	.30000E+01	.22904E-17	19011E-03	25348E-03	15209E+01			-26.6
						.13145E-12	76043E+01	.38021E+01	
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT :	17						
p. 6.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY		SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIGI	SIG2	TAUMAX	•
	4 F650F . 64	300005.01	445555 AS	535555 AL	200555 02	35(1):5.05	340555.04	207105.01	50.5
1	.150005+01	.30000E+01	11538E-02	.63363E-04	322555:-03	36414E+02		38/19E+01 .15113E+02	-82.6
2	150000401	50000E±01	9A5ABE-17	67565E-04	- 19557F-A7	.50852E+00			-54.0
	.15000101	.500902.01	1 30101	.000000	. 170001 00		11959E+01		0710
3	.00000E+00	.30000E+01	11538E-02	.00000E+00	10756E-03	36922E+02			-87.3
_						91706E+01			
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT :	18						
P.G.	X	Ÿ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY		SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIGI	S162	TAUMAX	
	ITAGAT.AI	766005.64	453755 00	34556F 63	603725 43	374.005.00	103015.00	200120.01	-, -
1	.45000E+01	.30000E+01	123/62-02	.31262E-03	293/35-03	37102E+02		35248E+01 .18934E+02	-84.5
5	45000E±01	60000E±01	100515-16	- 17689E-04	_ A9997E-03	14146E+00			-44.0
_	142000E±01	10000000	100316-10	17 0000	1 0331E -V3		62371E+01		
3	.30000E+01	.30000E+01	12376E-02	.288545-03	27448E-03	37294E+02			-84.9
				1250072 10	1217102 00		37588E+02		2713
						•			
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT !	19						
P.G.	Х	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIGI	SIGS	TAUMAX	
,	amaaam.a.	700000.01	115115 66	2007FF 43	578772 47	215135.45	53555F A4	771007.01	
i	.75000E+01	.30000E+01	11511E-02	.289/5E-03	2/833E-03	34517E+02		33400E+01 .17610E+02	-84.5
9	.75000E+01	50000E±01	105005-15	43041E-06	_ 493785_03	.34433E-02			-45.0
	1120005101	10000000101	1100005-10	1700716-00	* + 121 OC - V3		59167E+01		70.0
3	.50000E+01	.30000E+01	11511E-02	.29304E-03	28154E-03	34491E+02			-84.5
_							34817E+02		0
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 3	20						
P.G.	Х	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIG1	SIG2	TRUMAX	
	ACECCE AC	364447	400100						
I	.10500E+02	.30000E+01	10640E-02	.26786E-03	28220E-03	31906E+02			-84.0
9	.10500E+02	£∆∆∆∆E+∆+	107545-15	- 2A72EE_AE	- AB1A0E-02	19781E-01	32260E+02		-44.9
۲	103005705	- 000005+01	10/046-19	24/202-03	401406-03		79124E-01 58263E+01		744.3
						ומובושביטו	. 300030701	107260116.	

J	. 300002.02	. 50000 E. 0.1	.103402 02		. 201302 0		3223 8E +02		0 7. (
	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 3	21						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.13500E+02	.30000E+01	97960E-03	.24677E-03	28375E-03	29373E+02 .44869E+00	.59921E-01 297625+02		-83.5
5	.13500E+02	.60000E+01	.12890E-16	37887E-05	47749E-03	30310E-01 .56543E+01	12124E+00 58059E+01		-44.8
3	.12000E+02	.30000E+01	97960E-03	.24843E-03	28119E-03	29360E+02 . 49436E+00	.11298E+00 29741E+02		-83.6
CONTAI!	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 8	22						
p.G.	χ	Y	EPSX	EPSY	CAMXY	SIGX SIGX	S165 S16A	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.16500E+02	.30000E+01	89602E-03	.22588E-03	28414E-03	26866E+02	.60136E-01 27291E+02		-62.9
5	.16500E+02	.60000E+01	.13957E-16	41315E-05	47656E- 03	33052E-01	13221E+00 58015E+01		-44. E
3	.15000E+02	.30000E+01	89602E-03	.22730E-03	28114E-03	26854E+02		33736E+01	-83.0
CONTAIN	NTES DANS L	FLEMENT 8	23						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY ·	GAMXY	SIG1	21 6 5	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.19500E+02	.30000E+01	81263E-03	.20504E-03	28423E-03	24364E+02	.60195E-01 24831E+02		-82.3
5	.19500E+02	.60000E+01	.14105E-16	42089E-05	 47635 E-03	33671E-01 .56323E+01	13468E+00 58006E+01		-44.7
3	.18000E+02	.30000E+01	81263E-03	.20640E-03	28112E-03	24353E+02		33735E+01	-82.3
CONTAI	VTES DANS L	ELEMENT S	24						
P.G.	X	Y		EPSY	GAMXY		SIGS	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.22500E+02	.30000E+01	72929E-03	.18420E-03	28424E-03	21864E+02	.60219E-01 22382E+02		-81.4
5	.22500E+02	.60000E+01	.76941E-17	42250E-05	47631E-03	33800E-01		57157E+01	-44.7
3	.21000E+02	.30000E+01	72929E-03	.18555E-03	28112E-03	21853E+02			-81.5

3 .90000E+01 .30000E+01 -.10540E-02 .27037E-03 -.28138E-03 -.31886E+02 .13977E+00 -.33766E+01

-84.0

.60984E+00 -.22359E+02 .11485E+02

מדיארה ז	NTES DANS L	EI EMENT	25						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.25500E+02	.30000E+0	164595E-03	.16337E-03	28425E-03		.60277E-01 19945E+02		-80.3
5	.25500E+02	.60000E+0	1 .17713E-16	42267E-05	47629E-03		13525E+00 58002E+01		-44.7 ·
3	.24000E+02	.30000E+0	164595E-03	.16471E-03	28112E-03		.10316E+00 19921E+02	33735E+01 .10296E+02	-80.4
CONTAI	NTEC DONE I	רו בארגיד	20						
P.G.	NTES DANS L X	Y	26 EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIG1	5165	TAUMAX	
1	.28500E+02	.30000E+0	156263E-03	.14255E-03	28423E-03		.60545E-01 17525E+02		-79.0
٤	.28500E+02	.60000E+0	1 .12006E-16	42187E-05	47625E-03		13500E+00 57996E+01	57150E+01 .57152E+01	-44.7
3	.27000E+02	.30000E+0	156263E-03	.14388E-03	28113E-03		.10323E+00 17500E+02	33735E+01 .91247E+01	-79.2
P.G.	NTES DANS L X	Y Y	EPSX	EPSY	SAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.31500E+02	.30000E+0	147934E-03	.12177E-03	28415E-03		.61815E-01 15130E+02	34098E+01	-77.3
5	.31500E+02	.60000E+0	1 .17847E-16	41771E-05	47605E-03			57126E+01	-44.7
3	.30000E+02	.30000E+0	147934E-03	.123085-03	28116E-03	14354E+02		33739E+01	-77.5
	NTES DANS L		28						
p.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGS SIGS	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.34500E+02	.30000E+0	139623E-03	.10117E-03	28380E-03		.67654E-01 12773E+02		-75.1
5	.34500E+02	.60000E+0	1 .12916E-16	39840E-05	47515E-03	31872E-01		57018E+01	-44.8
3	.33000E+02	.30000E+0	139623E-03	.10236E-03	28130E-03	11860E+02		33756E+01	-75 . 3
Marine -									
CONTAI P.G.	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT Y	29 EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA

						SIG1	SIG2	TAUMAX	
1	.37500E+02	.30000E+01	31391E-03	.81368E-04	28224E-03				-72.3
2	.37500E+02	.60000E+01	.74417E-17	31501E-05	47115E-03	25201E-01		56538E+01	-44.8
3	.36000E+02	.30000E+01	31391E-03	.82072E-04	28189E-03	93886E+01	57169E+01 .11501E+00 10470E+02	33827E+01	-72.3
						.113612401	104702+02	. 303632701	
CONTAIL	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT - :	30						
P.6.	χ	Y	EPSX	EPSY	6AMXY	SIGX SIG1	2165 2165	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.40500E+02	.30000E+01	23489E-03	.64245E-04	27647E-03		.17672E+00 83009E+01		-68.9
5	.40500E+02	.60000E+01	.59905E-17	17029E-06	45564E-03				-45.0
3	.39000E+02	.30000E+01	23489E-03	.63479E-04	28361E-03		54711E+01 .15223E+00	.54677E+01 34033E+01	-68.3
_						.15117E+01	83580E+01	.49398E+01	
CONTAIN	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT :	31	-					
P.6.	X	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S16Y S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
						2101	3105	HUNHA	
1	.43500E+02	.30000E+01	16606E-03	.48477E-04	26673E-03		.22277E+00 64594E+01		-64.4
5	.43500E+02	.60000E+01	.40635E-16	.35364E-05	42014E-03		.11316E+00 49711E+01	50417E+01 .50419E+01	-45.3
. 3	.42000E+02	.30000E+01	16606E-03	.49449E-04	28073E-03	49184E+01	.25387E+00	33688E+01	-63.8
						.1914/E+01	65792E+01	.424695+01	
	NTES DANS L			menu	manyu	2.50	0.75%	MP 20 1 1 2 2 4 2	~-~-
P.6.	X	, Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162 S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.46500E+02	.30000E+01	85147E-04	88824E-04	41347E-03		35235E+01 84413E+01		-44.7
2	.46500E+02	.60000E+01	.19166E-16	10056E-03	68437E-03		32181E+01 10312E+02		-40.8
3	.45000E+02	.30000E+01	85147E-04	.21937E-04	13257E-03	25492E+01		15908E+01	-64.5
CONTAI!	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT ; Y	33 EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
۲. 6.	X	Y	ことロソ	2731	CHAY	S161	2165	TAUMAX	1513
1	.15000E+01	.60000E+01	.94548E-17	63565E-04	19553E-03	50852E+00	20341E+01	23464E+01	-36.0

	.11959E+0137386E+01 .24672E+0	‡
2 .15000E+01 .90000E+01 .11538E-0263565E-0432266E-03	.35414E+02 .71965E+0138719E+0	1 -7.4
	.36918E+02 .66921E+01 .15113E+0	2
3 .00000E+00 .30000E+01 .11538E-02 .00000E+0010756E-03	.36922E+02 .92306E+0112907E+0	1 -2.7
	.36982E+02 .91706E+01 .13906E+0	Ê
CONTAINTES DANS L ELEMENT 34		
P.G. X Y EPSX EPSY GAMXY	SIGX SIGY TAUXY	TETA
	SIG1 SIG2 TAUMAX	
i .45000E+01 .60000E+01 .10051E-16 .17682E-0448997E-03	.14146E+00 .56584E+0058796E+0	
0 184048.44 DAAAA8.44 463355 46 340505 43 503375 43	.62371E+0155298E+01 .58834E+0	
2 .45000E+01 .90000E+01 .12376E-0231262E-0329373E-03	.37102E+0210321E+0035248E+0	
3 30000F.04 B0000F.04 4037FF 00 500FFF 03 5744FF 03	.37433E+0243421E+00 .18934E+0 .37294E+02 .66731E+0032935E+0	
3 .30000E+01 .90000E+01 .12376E-0228854E-0327446E-03	.37294E+02 .66731E+0032935E+0 .37588E+02 .37352E+00 .18607E+0	
	.5/300c+VE .5/33cc+VV .100V/2+V	_
CONTAINTES DANS L ELEMENT 35		
P.G. X Y EPSX EPSY GAMXY	SIGX SIGY TAUXY	TETA
Fedi A 1 Stan Gist Giller	SIG1 SIG2 TAUMAX	1 52 7 5 1
1 .75000E+01 .60000E+01 .10500E-1643041E-0649378E-03	34433E-0213773E-0159253E+0	1 -45.0
	.59167E+0159339E+01 .59253E+0	1
2 .75000E+01 .90000E+01 .11511E-0228975E-0327833E-03	.34517E+0263288E-0133400E+0	1 -5.5
	.34837E+0238293E+00 .17610E+0	2
3 .60000E+01 .90000E+01 .11511E-0229304E-0328154E-03	.34491E+0216850E+0033785E+0	1 -5.5
	.34817E+0249476E+00 .17656E+0	2
·		
CONTAINTES DANS L ELEMENT 36		
P.G. X Y EPSX EPSY GAMXY	SIGX SIGY TAUXY	TETA
	SIG1 SIG2 TAUMAX	
	. 	
1 .10500E+02 .50000E+01 .10764E-16 .24726E-0548140E-03		
5 +0E00F.00 B0000F.04 +0E10F.00 SERBER 03 S0000F.03	.58263E+0157274E+01 .57769E+0	
2 .10500E+02 .90000E+01 .10640E-0226786E-0328220E-03		
3 .90000E+01 .90000E+01 .10640E-0227037E-0328138E-03	.32260E+0241431E+00 .16337E+0	
3 .300000001 .30000001 .100400-02270370-03281380-03	.32238E+0249191E+00 .16365E+0	
	.3cc36c+0c43131c+00 .16363c+0	-
CONTAINTES DANS L ELEMENT 37		
P.G. X Y EPSX EPSY GAMXY	SIGX SIGY TAUXY	TETA
The state of the s	SIG1 SIG2 TAUMAX	. =
1 .13500E+02 .60000E+01 .12890E-16 .37887E-0547749E-03	.30310E-01 .12124E+0057299E+0	-45.2
	.58059E+0156543E+01 .57301E+0	
2 .13500E+02 .90000E+01 .97960E-0324677E-0328375E-03		
	.29762E+0244869E+00 .15105E+0	2

3	.12000E+02	.90000E+01	.97960E-03	24843E-03	28119E-03		11298E+00 49436E+00		-6.4
רחאדמזי	NTES DANS L	FI EMENT :	38						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGY SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
i	.16500E+02	.60000E+01	.13957E-16	.41315E-05	47656E-03		.13221E+00 56363E+01		-45. 3
5	.16500E+02	.90000E+01	.89602E-03	22588E-03	28414E-03		60136E-01 48520E+00	34097E+01 .13888E+02	- 7. :
3	.15000E+02	.90000E+01	. 89602E-03	22730E-03	28114E-03		10537E+00 52112E+00		-7.0
CONTAIN	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT :	39						
P.6.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	6AMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGS SIGS	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.19500E+02	.60000E+01	.14105E-16	.42089E-05	47635E-03		.13468E+00 56323E+01	57162E+01	-45.3
2	.19500E+02	.90000E+01	.81263E-03	20504E-03	28423E-03		60195E-01 52755E+00	34107E+01 .12675E+02	-7.8
3	.18000E+02	.90000E+01	.81263E-03	20640E-03	28112E-03		10360E+00 56039E+00		-7.7
	NTES DANS L		40 Enev	EPSY	6AMXY	SIGX	CICV	TAUXY	TETA
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	ברסז	OHPLA T	SIG1	SIGS SIGA	TAUMAX	3514
1	.22500E+02	.60000E+01	.76941E-17	.42250E-05	47631E-03		.13520E+00 56314E+01		-45.3
2	.22500E+02	.90000E+01	.72929E-03	18420E-03	28424E-03	.21864E+02		34109E+01	-8.6
3	.21000E+02	.90000E+01	.72929E-03	18555E-03	28112E-03	.21853E+02		33734E+01	-8.5
						1220032.02		1111002.02	
CONTAIN	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 4	4 1						
P.G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
i	.25500E+02	.60000E+01	.17713E-16	.42267E-05	47629E-03		.13525E+00 56312E+01		-45. 3
2	.25500E+02	.90000E+01	.64595E-03	16337E-03	28425E-03		60277E-01 64185E+00		-3 .7
3	.24000E+02	.90000E+01	.64595E-03	16471E-03	28112E-03		10316E+00 67148E+00		-9.8

P.G. X	ELEMENT 42 Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S16Y	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .28500E+02	.60000E+01 .	12006E-16	.42187E-05	47625E-03		.13500E+00 56308E+01		-45.3
2 .28500E+02	.90000E+01 .	56263E-03	14255E-03	28423E-03		60545E-01 72206E+00		-11.0
3 .27000E+02	.90000E+01 .	56263E-03	14388E-03	28113E-03		10323E+00 74976E+00		-10.8
00/1751/1750 80/15 1	but bufflerink 1 ar							
P.G. X	ELEMENT 43	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
r.u. A	•	L, 0X	2, 0,	G. E 17.7	SIG1	5162	TAUMAX	14111
1 .31500E+02	.60000E+01 .	17847E-16	.41771E-05	47605E-03		.13367E+00 56293E+01		-45.3
				28415E-03	.15130E+02	61815E-01 82716E+00	.79786E+01	-12.7
3 .30000E+02	.90000E+01 .	47934E-03	12308E-03	28116E-03		10367E+00 85224E+00		-12.5
CONTAINTES DANS L	ELEMENT 44							
p.6. X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .34500E+02	.60000E+01 .	12916E-16	.39840E-05	47515E-03		.12749E+00 56223E+01		-45.2
2 .34500E+02	.90000E+01 .	3 9 623E-03	10117E-03	28380E-03	.11870E+02	67654E-01 97085E+00	34056E+01	-14.9
3 .33000E+02	.90000E+01 .	39623E-03	10236E-03	28130E-03		10573E+00 99230E+00		-14.7
CONTAINTES DANS L	ELEMENT 45	•						
P. G. X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	YXMAƏ	SIGX SIG1	S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .37500E+02	.60000E+01 .	74417E-17	.31501E-05	47115E-03		.10080E+00 55909E+01		-45.2
2 .37500E+02	.90000E+01 .	31391E-03	81368E-04	28224E-03	.93943E+01		33868E+01	-17.8
3 .36000E+02	.90000E+01 .	31391E-03	82072E-04	28189E-03	.93886E+01		33827E+01	-17.7
CONTAINTES DANS L								
P.G. X	γ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA

					SIG1	SIG2	TAUMAX	
1 .40500E+	02 .60000E+01	.59905E-17	.17029E-06	 45564E-03		.54493E-02 54642E+01	54677E+01	-45.0
2 .40500E+	.90000E+01	.23489E-03	64245E-04	27647E-03	.70025E+01	17672E+00 14751E+01		-21.4
3 .39000E+0	02 .90000E+01	.23489E-03	63479E-04	28361E-03	.70086E+01	15223E+00 15117E+01	34033E+01	-21.8
							•	
CONTAINTES DANS		1 7						
P.G. X	Y	EPSX	EPSY 1	T GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGY SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .43500E+	02 .60000E+01	.40635E-16	35364E-05	42014E-03		11316E+00 51126E+01	50417E+01 .50419E+01	-44,8
2 .43500E+	.90000E+01	.16606E-03	48477E-04	26673E-03		22277E+00 17560E+01	32008E+01 .410775+01	-25.6
3 .42000E+	02 .90000E+01	.16606E-03	49449E-04	28073E-03		25387E+00 19147E+01	33688E+01 .42469E+01	-25.2
CONTAINTES DANS	L ELEMENT 4	48						
P.G. X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SI6X SI61	SIGS SIGA	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETĀ
1 .46500E+	10+300008. SG	.19166E-16	.10056E-03	68437E-03		.32181E+01 62894E+01	82125E+01 .83007E+01	-49.2
2 .46500E+	02 .90000E+01	.85147E-04	.88824E-04	41347E-03	.34353E+01 .84413E+01	.35235E+01 14824E+01	49616E+01 .49618E+01	-45. 3
3 .45000E+0	.90000E+01	.85147E-04	21937E-04	13257E-03		20799E-01 78078E+00		-25.5
CONTAINTES DANS	L ELEMENT 4	1 9						
P.G. X	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	YXKAB	SIGX SIG1	S165 S165	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .15000E+	01 .90000E+01	.13192E-02	18747E-03	48780E-03	.40714E+02			-9.0
2 .30000E+	.90000E+01	.11694E-02	28854E-03	10756E-03	.35114E+02			-2.1
3 .15000E+0	01 .12000E+02	.26425E-02	51777E-03	 44555E-03	.80418E+02		53467E+01	-4.0
CONTAINTES DANS	I ELEMENT "	50						
P.G. X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGS SIGA	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .45000E+0	01 .90000E+01	.12279E-02	30507E-03	28349E-03	.36851E+02	.60618E-01	34019E+01	-5.2

					27446E-03 50558E-04	.34847E+02 .35155E+02 .71953E+02	25130E+00 79468E-01 38732E+00 . 15626E+00 . 15113E+00	32935E+01 .17771E+02 60669E+00	-5. 3 5
P.G.	ES DANS L I X	ELEMENT 5 Y	1 EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1.7	75000E+01	.90000E+01	.11400E-02	28810E-03	28056E-03		98918E-01 42648E+00		-5.5
2 .9	90000E+01	.90000E+01	.10735E-02	27037E-03	28154E-03	.32188E+02	64231E-01 41434E+00	33785E+01	-5.9
3.7	75000E+01	.12000E+02	.22432E-02	55844E-03	50915E-04	.67314E+02	.75302E-01 .69751E-01	61098E+00	5
CONTAINTE	ES DANS ! !	ELEMENT 5	þ						
P. G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .1	10500E+02	.90000E+01	.10555E-02	26621E-03	28314E-03	· · · -	74499E-01 43434E+00		-6.0
2 .1	12000E+02	.90000E+01	.98726E-03	24843E-03	28138E-03	.29605E+02	51747E-01 43134E+00	33766E+01	-6.4
3 .1	10500E+02	.12000E+02	.20817E-02	51677E-03	57160E-04	.62479E+02	.11664E+00 .10910E+00	68592E+00	6
CONTAINE	ES DANS L I	ELEMENT 5.	7						
P. G.	X X	γ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .1	13500E+02	.90000E+01	.97190E-03	24497E-03	28399E-03		63777E-01 45616E+00		-6.6
2 .1	15000E+02	.90000E+01	.90316E-03	22730E-03	28119E-03	.27083E+02	48224E-01 46159E+00	33743E+01	-7.0
3 .1	13 500 E+02	.12000E+02	.19163E-02	47498E-03	59055E-04	.57522E+02		70866E+00	 7
CONTAINTE	ES DANS L I	ELEMENT 5	ů.						
P. 6.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX - SIG1	SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1 .1	16500E+02	.90000E+01	.88851E-03	22403E-03	28419E-03		61003E-01 48963E+00		-7.2
2 .1	18000E+02	.90000E+01	.819 65 E-03	20640E-03	28114E-03	.24578E+02	47407E-01 50123E+00	33736E+01	-7.7

3	.16500E+02	.12000E+02	.17499E-02	43328E-03	59506E-04	.52531E+02 .52541E+02	.13437E+00 .12464E+00	71407E+00 .25208E+02	8
CONTAIN	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 5	5						
P.G.	X	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIGS	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.19500E+02	.90000E+01	.80516E-03	20318E-03	28424E-03		60378E-01 53193E+00		-7.9
2	.21000E+02	.90000E+01	.73628E-03	18555E-03	28112E-03		47236E-01 55019E+00	33735E+01 .11565E+02	-8.5
3	.19500E+02	.12000E+02	.15833E-02	39161E-03	59604E-04	.47533E+02 .47544E+02	.13514E+00 .12435E+00	71525E+00 .23710E+02	9
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 5	6						
P. G.	X	Y	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S165 S165	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.22500E+02	.90000E+01	.72183E-03	18234E-03	28425E-03		60248E-01 58378E+00		-8.7
5	.24000E+02	.90000E+01	.65294E-03	16471E-03	28112E-03		47227E-01 61095E+00	33734E+01 .10376E+02	-9.5
3	.22500E+02	.12000E+02	.14167E-02	34994E-03	59628E-04	.42534E+02 .42546E+02			-1.0
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 5	7						
P.6.	χ	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	SIG2	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
i	.25500E+02	.90000E+01	.63850E-03	16151E-03	28424E-03		60238E-01 64818E+00		-9.8
5	.27000E+02	.90000E+01	.56961E-03	14388E-03	28112E-03	.17077E+02		33735E+01	-10.8
3	.25500E+02	.12000E+02	.12500E-02	30827E-03	59647E-04	.37534E+02		71576E+00	-1.1
		•							
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 5	8						
P.G.	X	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY		SIGS SOIS	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
1	.28500E+02	.90000E+01	.55519E-03	14068E-03	28422E+03		60316E-01 72996E+00		-11.1
5	.30000E+02	.90000E+01	.48630E-03	12308E-03	28113E-03		48011E-01 78867E+00		-12.4
3	.28500E+02	.12000E+02	.10833E-02	26663E-03	59718E-04		.13443E+00 .11858E+00		-1.3

רהאידמי	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 5	a						
P.G.	X X	A A	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
	,	•	2. 0/1	2.00		SIG1	SIGS	TAUMAX	-
								•	
1	.31500E+02	.90000E+01	.47197E-03	11989E-03	28409E-03	.14144E+02	60720E-01	34090E+01	-12.8
							83650E+00		
5	.33000E+02	.90000E+01	.40306E-03	10236E-03	28116E-03		51108E-01		-14.5
_							92639E+00		
3	.31500E+02	.12000E+02	.91654E-03	2250 4 £-03	60055E-04		.13093E+00 .11199E+00		-1.5
						.273465402	.111335+00	.13718E+02	
	•								
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 6	0						
P.G.	X	γ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
						SIG1	5162	TAUMAX	
1	.34500E+02	.30000E+01	.38916E-03	992465-04	28348E-03	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			-15.1
			704.00	004707 41	2042AF AB		97830E+00		
5	.36000E+02	.90000E+01	.32015E-03	82072E-04	28130E-03		65076E-01 11284E+01		-:7.5
3	.34500E+02	.12000E+02	749415-07	_ 187766_07	61633E-04				-1.9
3	. 343006706	. 120002702	./-3416-03	-* 100 LDE-AD	-, 010005-04		.90463E-01		-7.0
CONTAI	NTES DANS L	ELEMENT 6	i						
P.G.	Х	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX	SIGY	TAUXY	TETA
P.G.	Х	Υ	EPSX	EPSY	GAMXY	SIGX SIG1	S162 S162	TAUXY TAUMAX	TETA
P.G.						SIG1	S162	TAUMAX	
P.G. 1		Y .90000E+01		EPSY 79265E-04		\$161 .92283E+01	SIG2 70860E-01	TAUMAX 33706E+01	TETA -18.0
1	.37500E+02	.90000E+01	.30820E-03	79265E-04	28089E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02	\$162 70860E-01 11641E+01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01	-18.0
P.G. 1	.37500E+02		.30820E-03		28089E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01	SIG2 70860E-01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01	
1 2	.37500E+02	.90000E+01	.30820E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04	28089E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01	\$162 70860E-01 11641E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01	-18.0
1 2	.37500E+02	.90000E+01	.30820E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02	\$162 70860E-01 11641E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00	-18.0 -21.5
1 2	.37500E+02	.90000E+01	.30820E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02	\$162 70850E-01 11541E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01 .46786E-01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00	-18.0 -21.5
1 2 3	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+01 .12000E+02	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02	\$162 70850E-01 11541E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01 .46786E-01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00	-18.0 -21.5
1 2 3 CONTAI	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+01 .12000E+02	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04 14368E-03	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02	\$162 70860E-01 11641E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7
1 2 3	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+01 .12000E+02	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02	\$162 70850E-01 11641E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01	-18.0 -21.5
1 2 3 CONTAI	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+01 .12000E+02	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04 14368E-03	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02	\$162 70860E-01 11641E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7
1 2 3 CONTAI P.G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L	.90000E+01 .90000E+01 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6:	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04 14368E-03	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02	SIG270860E-0111641E+0112156E+0014543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA
1 2 3 CONTAI P.G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L	.90000E+01 .90000E+01 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6:	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03	79265E-04 63479E-04 14368E-03	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02	SIG270860E-0111641E+0112156E+0014543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7
1 2 3 CONTAI P.G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L X	.90000E+01 .90000E+02 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6: Y	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03 2 EPSX	79265E-0463479E-0414368E-03 EPSY61830E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02 \$16X \$161 .70132E+01 .82819E+01	\$162 70850E-01 11641E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02 \$162 10162E+00 13704E+01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01 . 48261E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA
1 2 3 CONTAI P.G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L X	.90000E+01 .90000E+02 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6: Y	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03 2 EPSX	79265E-0463479E-0414368E-03 EPSY61830E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04 GAMXY 27178E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02 \$16X \$161 .70132E+01 .82819E+01 .48092E+01	\$162 70850E-01 11641E+01 12156E+00 14543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02 \$162 10162E+00 13704E+01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01 . 48261E+01 34033E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA
1 2 3 CONTAI P.G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L X .40500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+02 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6: Y	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03 2 EPSX .23462E-03 .16265E-03	79265E-0463479E-0414368E-03 EPSY61830E-0449449E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04 GAMXY 27178E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02 .17468E+02 .70132E+01 .82819E+01 .48092E+01 .65138E+01 .12083E+02	\$16270860E-0111641E+0112156E+0014543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02 \$16210162E+0013704E+0128117E+0019858E+0118232E+00	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01 . 48261E+01 34033E+01 . 42498E+01 11466E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA
1 2 3 CONTAI P.G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L X .40500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+02 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6: Y	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03 2 EPSX .23462E-03 .16265E-03	79265E-0463479E-0414368E-03 EPSY61830E-0449449E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04 6AMXY 27178E-03 28361E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02 .17468E+02 .70132E+01 .82819E+01 .48092E+01 .65138E+01 .12083E+02	\$16270860E-0111641E+0112156E+0014543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02 \$169 \$169 \$16210162E+0013704E+0128117E+0019858E+01	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01 . 48261E+01 34033E+01 . 42498E+01 11466E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA -21.3 -25.6
1 2 3 CONTAI P. 6.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L X .40500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+02 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6: Y	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03 2 EPSX .23462E-03 .16265E-03	79265E-0463479E-0414368E-03 EPSY61830E-0449449E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04 6AMXY 27178E-03 28361E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02 .17468E+02 .70132E+01 .82819E+01 .48092E+01 .65138E+01 .12083E+02	\$16270860E-0111641E+0112156E+0014543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02 \$16210162E+0013704E+0128117E+0019858E+0118232E+00	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01 . 48261E+01 34033E+01 . 42498E+01 11466E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA -21.3 -25.6
1 2 3 CONTAI P. G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L X .40500E+02 .42000E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+02 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6: Y .90000E+01	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03 2 EPSX .23462E-03 .16265E-03	79265E-0463479E-0414368E-03 EPSY61830E-0449449E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04 6AMXY 27178E-03 28361E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02 .17468E+02 .70132E+01 .82819E+01 .48092E+01 .65138E+01 .12083E+02	\$16270860E-0111641E+0112156E+0014543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02 \$16210162E+0013704E+0128117E+0019858E+0118232E+00	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01 . 48261E+01 34033E+01 . 42498E+01 11466E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA -21.3 -25.6
1 2 3 CONTAI P. G.	.37500E+02 .39000E+02 .37500E+02 NTES DANS L X .40500E+02	.90000E+01 .90000E+02 .12000E+02 ELEMENT 6: Y .90000E+01	.30820E-03 .23872E-03 .58057E-03 2 EPSX .23462E-03 .16265E-03	79265E-0463479E-0414368E-03 EPSY61830E-0449449E-04	28089E-03 28189E-03 68621E-04 6AMXY 27178E-03 28361E-03	\$161 .92283E+01 .10322E+02 .71313E+01 .84640E+01 .17429E+02 .17468E+02 .17468E+02 .70132E+01 .82819E+01 .48092E+01 .65138E+01 .12083E+02	\$16270860E-0111641E+0112156E+0014543E+01 .46786E-01 .78630E-02 \$16210162E+0013704E+0128117E+0019858E+0118232E+00	TAUMAX 33706E+01 . 57428E+01 33827E+01 . 49592E+01 82345E+00 . 87299E+01 TAUXY TAUMAX 32614E+01 . 48261E+01 34033E+01 . 42498E+01 11466E+01	-18.0 -21.5 -2.7 TETA -21.3 -25.6

1 .43500E+02 .90000E+01 .18016E-0349195E-0426112E-03 .53717E+0113292E+0031334E+01 .67899E+0115512E+01 .41705E+01 .41705E+01 .45000E+02 .90000E+01 .94911E-0421937E-0428073E-03 .28617E+01 .57312E-0133688E+01	-24.4
2 AFONDE 02 00000F 01 54011F 04 21027F 04 29072F 02 20012F 01 57212F 01 2200F 01	
2 .45000E+02 .90000E+01 .94911E-0421937E-0428073E-03 .28617E+01 .57312E-0133688E+01 .51084E+0121894E+01 .36489E+01	-33.7
3 .43500E+02 .12000E+02 .20152E-0360935E-0415722E-03 .59610E+0133779E+0018866E+01 .64829E+0185964E+00 .36713E+01	-15.5
CONTAINTES DANS L'ELEMENT 64	
P.G. X Y EPSX EPSY GAMXY SIGX SIGY TAUXY SIG1 SIG2 TAUMAX	TETA
P.G. X Y EPSX EPSY GAMXY SIGX SIGY TAUXY	т <u>ет</u> д -63. 4
P.G. X Y EPSX EPSY GAMXY SIGX SIGY TAUXY SIG1 SIG2 TAUMAX 1 .46500E+02 .90000E+0111615E-16 .19011E-0325348E-03 .15209E+01 .60834E+0130417E+01	

EQUILIBRIUM RESIDUALS AND REACTIONS

NODES	χ	Υ	1	DEGREES OF FREEDOM	(* = PRESCRIBED)
1	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.00000E+00 *
2	.00000E+00	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.00000E+00 *
3	.00000E+00	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.00000E+00 *
4	.00000E+00	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.00000E+00 *
5	.00000E+00	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00 *	.00000E+00 *
6	.15000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
7	.15000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
8	.15000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
9	.15000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
10	.15000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
11	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
12	.30000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
13	.30000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
14	.30000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
15	.30000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
16	.45000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
17	.45000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
18	.45000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
19	.45000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
20	.45000E+01	.120005+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
21	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
22	.60000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
53	.60000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00

24	.60000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
25	.60000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
25	.75000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
27	.75000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
28	.75000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
29	.75000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
30	.75000E+01	.120005+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
31	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
32	.90000E+01	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
33	.30000E+01	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
34	.90000E+01	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
35	.90000E+01	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
35	.10500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
37	.10500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
38	.10500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
39	.10500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
40	.10500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
41	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
42	.12000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
43	.12000E+02	.50000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
44	.12000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
45	.12000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
45	.13500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
47	.13500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
48	.13500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
49	.13500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
50	.13500E+02	.120005+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
51	.15000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
52	.15000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
53	.15000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
54	.15000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
55	.15000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
56	.16500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
57	.16500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
58	.16500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
59	.16500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
60	.16500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
61	.18000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
62	.18000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
63	.18000E+02	.50000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
64	.18000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
65	.18000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
66	.19500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
67	.19500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
68	.19500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
69	.19500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
70	.19500E+02	.120005+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
71	.21000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
72	.21000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.000002+00	.00000E+00
73	.21000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
74	.21000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00

```
.21000E+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
 75
     .22500E+02
                                                  .00000E+00
 76
                  .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
 77
     .22500E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .000000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
 78
     .22500E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
 73
     .22500E+02
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
80
     .225002+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .000000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
 81
     .24000E+02
                  .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
 82
     .24000E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
 83
     .24000E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .000000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
 84
     .24000E+02
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
 85
     .24000E+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
86
     .25500E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
 87
     .25500E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
 88
     .25500E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
     .25500E+02
 89
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
90
     .25500E+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+0G
 91
     .27000E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .000000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                    .00000E+00
                               .000000E+00
92
     .27000E+02
                  .30000E+01
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
 93
     .27000E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
94
     .27000E+02
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
 95
     .27000E+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .0000005+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
96
     .28500E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
 97
     .28500E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
98
     .28500E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
 99
     .28500E+02
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
     .28500E+02
100
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
101
     .30000E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
102
     .30000E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
103
     .30000E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
                  .90000E+01
104
     .30000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
105
     .30000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                  .12000E+02
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
106
     .31500E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
107
     .31500E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
108
     .31500E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
109
     .31500E+02
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E±00
                                                                   .00000E+00
110
     .31500E+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
111
     .33000E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
112
     .33000E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
     .33000E+02
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
113
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
     .33000E+02
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
114
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
115
     .33000E+02
                                                                   .00000E+00
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
     .34500E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .00000E+00
116
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
117
     .34500E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
118
     .34500E+02
                  .60000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
                                                                   .000000E+00
119
     .34500E+02
                  . 90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
120
     .34500E+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
121
     .36000E+02
                  .00000E+00
                               .000000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .0000005+00
122
     .36000E+02
                  .30000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
123
     .36000E+02
                  .50000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .000000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
124
     .36000E+02
                  .90000E+01
                               .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
125
     .36000E+02
                  .12000E+02
                               .00000E+00
                                                  .00000E+00
                                                                   .00000E+00
```

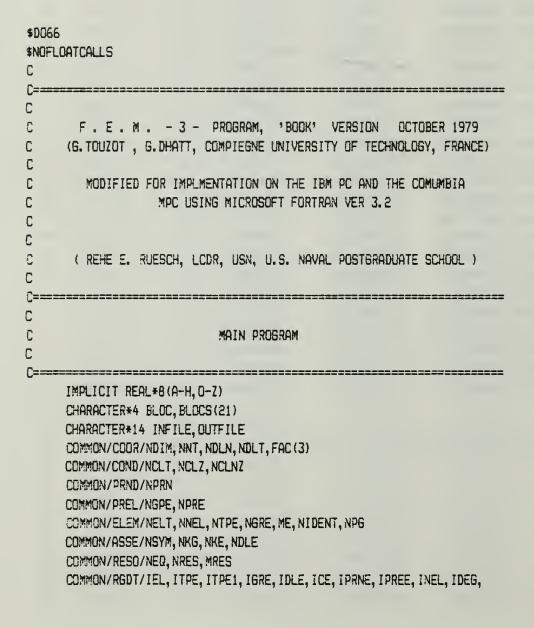
126	.37500E+02	.000000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
127	.37500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	,00000E+00
128	.37500E+02	.50000E+01	.00000E+00	.000000E+00	.00000E+00
129	.37500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.000000E+00	.00000E+90
130	.37500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
131	.39000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E÷00	.00000E÷00
132	.39000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
133	.39000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.000000E+00
134	.39000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
135	.39000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
136	.40500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E÷00	.000000E+00
137	.40500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.000005+00
138	.40500E+02	.60000E+01	.000000E+00	.00000E+00	.0000 0E +00
139	.40500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.000 00 E+00
140	.40500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
141	.42000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
142	.42000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
143	.42000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.000002+00	.00000E+00
144	.42000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
145	.42000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
146	.43500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
147	.43500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.000005+00	.00000E+00
148	.43500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+0G
149	.43500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00 000 E+00
150	.43500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
151	.45000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.000000E+00	.00000E+00
152	.45000E+02	.30000E+01	.000000E+00	.000005+00	.00000E+00
153	.45000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.000 00 E+00
154	.45000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
155	.45000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
156	.46500E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E-00
157	.46500E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.000005+00
158	.46500E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.0000 0E +00
159	.46500E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
160	.46500E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E÷00
161	.48000E+02	.000005+00	.000000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
162	.48000E+02	.30000E+01	.00000E+00	.000005+00	.00000E+00
163	.48000E+02	.60000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.40000E+02
164	.48000E+02	.90000E+01	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00
165	.48000E+02	.12000E+02	.00000E+00	.00000E+00	.00000E+00

END OF PROBLEM, 7001 UTILIZED REAL WORDS OVER 20000

APPENDIX E

MEF PROGRAM LISTINGS

The program listings for MEF are provided below. Each separate disk file, or compiland, is marked by the Microsoft FORTRAN 77 metacommands which preced it.



```
1 IPG, ICOD, IDLEO, INELO, IPGO
      COMMON/LIND/NLBL, NBLM, MKG1, MKG2
     COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, OMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPAS, NPAS, 19AS, NITER,
     1 ITER, IMETH
      COMMON/VALP/NITERI, NMDIAG, EPSLB, SHIFT, NSS, NSWM, TOLIGO, NVALP
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MLUN(10)
      COMMON/ALLCC/NVA, IVA, IVAMAX, NREEL, NTEL
     COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNED, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLDCE, LOCRE, UNE.
     1 LPRNE, LPREE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFS, LRES, LDLG, LME,
     2 LDLEO, LDLGO, LFGO
     COMMON/TRVL/VDE(9), RDUMMY(512), NULL
     COMMON/DUMPLA/Y13, Y21, X13, X21, SU4, SU5, SU6, D4, D5, D6,
     1CL4, CL5, CL6, SL4, SL5, SL6, B(3, 9)
     COMMON VA (20000)
     DATA BLOCS/'IMAG', 'COMT', 'COOR', 'DLPN', 'COND', 'PROD', 'PREL',
                 'ELEM', 'SOLC', 'SOLR', 'LINM', 'LIND', 'NLIN', 'TEM9',
                 DATA NB/21/
C
C+++++++ WRITE HEADING TO CONSOLE AND REQUEST INPUT AND CUTPUT
C
            FILE NAMES. FILE NAMES MUST CONFORM TO MS DOS 2.0
C
            CONVENTIONS. NO PATHNAMES ALLOWED. A NAME CAN, THEREFORE,
            CONSIST OF (AT MOST) 14 CHARACTERS: DEV:FILENAME.EXT
C
C
C
                       FOR EXAMPLE: A: INPUT. DAT
C
      WRITE(*, 2000)
      WRITE(*,'(A\)') ' COMMAND FILE NAME?'
      READ(*,'(A14)') INFILE
      WRITE(*,'(/)')
      WRITE(*,'(A\)') ' OUTPUT FILE NAME? '
      READ(*,'(A14)') OUTFILE
      WRITE(*,'(/)')
      WRITE(*,'(A)') ' PROCESSING BEGINS...'
      OPEN (MP, FILE=GUTFILE, STATUS='NEW')
      OPEN (MR, FILE=INFILE, STATUS='OLD')
C
C:++++++
C
C..... LENGTH OF BLANK COMMON IN REAL WORDS (TABLE VA)
     NVA=20000
     --- HEADING
      WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT (1H1, 30X, 'F.E.M. 3. ' /25X, ' G. TOUZOT, G. DHATT'
     1
                             ,/25x,' MODIFIED BY'
     2
                              ,//25X,' REHE E. RUESCH'/25X,19('=')//)
     --- READ BLOCK TITLE
      READ (MR, 1000) BLCC, M, MLUN
      WRITE(*,'(A18, A4)') ' PROCESSING BLOCK ', BLOC
1000 FORMAT (A4, I6, 10I5)
```

C	SEARCH FOR THE BLOCK TO BE EXECUTED	
	DO 20 I=1, NB	
24	IF (BLOC.EQ.BLOCS(I)) GO TO 30	
20	CONTINUE	
0040	WRITE(MP, 2010)	
5010	FORMAT(' ** ERROR, MISSING BLOCK CALLING CARD',/)	
20	60 TO 10	
30	GO TO (110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170,	
	1 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240,	
	2 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 999), I	4 74001
	BLOCK TO PRINT IMAGES OF DATA CARDS	'IMAG'
110	CALL BLIMAG	
_	GO TO 10	
	BLOCK TO READ AND PRINT COMMENTS	' COMT'
120	CALL BLCOMT	
a.	60 TO 10	* 00000
C		'COOR'
130	CALL BLCOOR 60 TO 10	
_		e Tu maie
	BLOCK TO READ DEGREES OF FREEDOM PER NODE CALL BLDLPN	י שר אי
140	GD TO 10	
-		'COND'
C	CALL BLOOND	, CRIAD,
130	60 TO 10	
C		י PRNDי
_	CALL BLPRND	, PAND,
150	60 TO 10 °	
C	·	'PREL'
	CALL BLPREL	PACE
-	60 TO 10	
۲	BLOCK TO READ ELEMENT DATA	'ELEM'
	CALL BLELEM	
	GD TO 10	
	BLOCK TO READ CONCENTRATED LOADS	'SOLC'
	CALL BLSOLC	
	60 TO 10	
		'SOLR'
	CALL BLSOLR	
	60 TO 10	
	BLOCK FOR IN CORE ASSEMBLING AND LINEAR SOLUTION	'LINM'
210	CALL BLLINM	
	60 TO 10	
C	BLOCK FOR ON DISK ASSEMBLING AND LINEAR SOLUTION	LIND
220	CALL BLLIND	
	60 TD 10	
C	BLOCK FOR NON LINEAR PROBLEM SOLUTION	'NLIN'
230	CALL BLNLIN	
	60 TO 10	
C	BLOCK FOR UNSTEADY PROBLEM	'TEMP'
240	CALL BLTEMP	

```
60 TO 10
C---- BLOCK TO COMPUTE EIGENVALUES (SUBSPACE)
                                                          ' VALP'
     CALL BLVALP
250
     GB TB 10
C---- UNDEFINED BLOCS
     CONTINUE
250
     CONTINUE
270
280
     CONTINUE
290
     CONTINUE
300
     CONTINUE
     GO TO 10
C---- END OF PROBLEM
                                                          'STOP'
999
     WRITE (MP, 2020) IVAMAX, NVA
2020 FORMAT(//' END OF PROBLEM, ', 110,' UTILIZED REAL WORDS OVER', 110)
     STOP
     END
```

```
$LARGE
$NOFLOATCALLS
      BLOCK DATA
      INITIALIZE LABELLED COMMONS
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      COMMON/COOR/NOIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FAC (3)
      COMMON/COND/NCLT, NCLZ, NCLNZ
      COMMON/PRND/NPRN
      COMMON/PREL/NGPE, NPRE
      COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, NPG
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NRES, MRES
      COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG,
     1 IPG, ICOD, IDLEO, INSLO, IPGO
      COMMON/LIND/NLBL, NBLM, MKG1, MKG2
      COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, OMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPASO, NPAS, IPAS, NITER,
     1 ITER, IMETH
      COMMON/VALP/NITER1, NMDIAG, EPSLB, SHIFT, NSS, NSWM, TOLJAC, NVALP
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MLUN(10)
      COMMON/ALLOC/NVA, IVA, IVAMAX, NREEL, NTBL
      COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNEQ, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLOCE, LCORE, LNE,
     1 LPRNE, LPREE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFG, LRES, LDLG, LME,
     2 LDLEO, LDLGO, LFGO
      DIMENSION LCORG(1), LDLNC(1), LNEQ(1), LDIMP(1), LPRNG(1), LPREG(1),
     * LLD(1), LLOCE(1), LCORE(1), LNE(1), LPRNE(1), LPREE(1), LDLE(1),
     * LKE(1), LFE(1), LKGS(1), LKGD(1), LKGI(1), LFG(1), LRES(1), LDLG(1),
     * LME(1), LDLEO(1), LDLGO(1), LFGO(1)
      DIMENSION LXX(25)
      EQUIVALENCE (LXX(1), LCORG)
C---- COMMON /COOR/
      DATA NNT/20/, NDLN/2/, NDIM/2/, FAC(1), FAC(2), FAC(3)/3*1.DO/
C----- COMMON /PRND/
      DATA NPRN/O/
C---- COMMON /PREL/
     DATA NGPE/O/, NPRE/O/
C---- COMMON /ELEM/
      DATA NELT/20/, NNEL/8/, NTPE/1/, NGRE/1/, ME/1/, NIDENT/0/
C---- COMMON/ASSE/
      DATA NSYM/O/
C---- COMMON /RESO/
      DATA NRES/O/, MRES/2/
C---- COMMON /RGDT/
      DATA ITPE1/0/
C---- COMMON /LIND/
      DATA MKG1/4/, MKG2/7/
C---- COMMON /NLIN/
      DATA EPSDL/1.D-2/, OMEGA/1.DO/, DPAS/.2DO/, NPAS/1/, NITER/5/, IMETH/1/
```

C---- COMMON /VALP/

```
DATA NITER:/10/, NMDIAG/O/, EPSLE/1.0-3/, 5m1FT/0.00/, NSS/5/,
     1 NSWM/12/, TOLJAC/1. D-12/, NVALP/3/
C-----
          COMMON /ES/
      DATA MR/5/, MP/6/
C---- COMMON /ALLOC/
      DATA IVA/1/, IVAMAX/1/, NTBL/25/
C..... DEFINE HERE THE NUMBER OF INTEGERS CONTAINED IN A REAL
C
          FOR THE COMPUTER EXPLOYED
C
            EXAMPLES: IBM
                              SIMPLE PRECISION
                                                   NREEL.EQ. 1
C
                        IBM
                              DOUBLE PRECISION
                                                   NREEL. EQ. 2
0
                        CDC
                                                   NREEL.EQ. 1
      DATA NREEL/2/
C.....
          COMMON /LOC/
      DATA LXX(1), LXX(2), LXX(3), LXX(4), LXX(5), LXX(6), LXX(7), LXX(8),
           LXX(9), LXX(10), LXX(11), LXX(12), LXX(13), LXX(14), LXX(15),
           LXX(16), LXX(17), LXX(18), LXX(19), LXX(20), LXX(21), LXX(22),
     3
           LXX(23), LXX(24), LXX(25)/25*1/
      END
```

```
$LARGE
$NOFLOATCALLS
$DEBUG
     SUBROUTINE ERREUR (IERR, II, I2, INIV)
PRINT ERROR MESSAGES FOR BLOCKS READING DATA
COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
C---- BLOCK 'COOR'
     IF(IERR.GT.19) GO TO 200
     IE=IERR-10
     6D TO (110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 160, 130), IE
110 WRITE(MP, 2110) I1, I2
2110 FORMAT(' *** ERROR, FIRST NODE NUMBER(', 14,') IS GREATER THAN NNT=
    11, 14)
     60 TO 900
120 WRITE (MP, 2120) I1, I2
2120 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, SECOND NODE NUMBER(', 14,') IS GREATER THAN NINT=
    17, 14)
     60 TO 900
130 WRITE (MP, 2130) I1, I2
2130 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NODAL NUMBER OF D.O.F. (', 14,') IS GREATER THAN
    1NDLN=', I4)
     60, TO 900
140 WRITE (MP, 2140)
2140 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, FIRST AND SECOND NODE NUMBERS ARE INCOMPATIBLE
    1WITH THE GENERATION PARAMETER')
     60 TO 900
150 WRITE(MP, 2150) I1
2150 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NODE ', 14,' IS DEFINED MORE THAN ONCE')
     60 TO 900
160 WRITE(MP, 2160) I1
2160 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NODE ', 14,' IS NOT DEFINED')
     GO TO 900
180 WRITE (MP, 2180) 12, 11
2180 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, GENERATED NODES NUMBER(', 14,') IS LESS THAN NAT
    1=1, [4)
     60 TO 900
C----- BLOCK 'DLPN'
200
    IF(IERR.GT.29) GO TO 300
     IE=IERR-20
     60 TO (210,220), IE
210 WRITE (MP, 2210) I1, I2
2210 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NUMBER OF D.O.F. (', I2, ') IS GREATER THAN NOLN=
    1', 12)
     60 TO 900
220 WRITE (MP, 2220) I1, I2
2220 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NODE NUMBER(', 14,') IS GREATER THAN
    1NNT=', I4)
```

```
60 TO 900
      -- BLOCK 'COND'
300
      IF (IERR. 6T. 39) 60 TO 400
      IE=IERR-30
      60 TO (900, 320, 900), IE
320
      60 TO 220
C---- BLOCK 'PREL'
400
      IF(IERR.GT.49) GO TO 500
      IE=IERR-40
      60 TO (410,900), IE
410 WRITE (MP, 2410) I1, I2
2410 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, GROUP NUMBER (', 13,') IS GREATER THAN NGPE=', 13
     1)
      60 TO 900
C----- BLOCK 'ELEN'
500 IF (IERR. GT. 59) 60 TO 900
   IE=IERR-50
      50 TO (510, 900, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570), IE
510 WRITE (MP, 2510) I1, I2
2510 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NUMBER OF NODES (', I3, ') IS GREATER THAN NNEL='
     1, 13)
      60 TO 900
530 WRITE (MP, 2530) I1, I2
2530 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, PROPERTY NUMBER (', I3,') IS GREATER THAN NGPE='
     ,113)
      GD TO 900
540 WRITE (MP, 2540) I1, I2
2540 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, GROUP NUMBER (', 13, ') IS GREATER THAN NGRE=', 13
     1)
      60 TO 900
550 WRITE (MP, 2550) I1, I2
2550 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, ELEMENT NUMBER (', 14,') IS GREATER THAN NELT=',
     114)
      GO TO 900
560 60 TO 220
570 WRITE(MP, 2570) 11, 12
2570 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NUMBER OF ELEMENTS (', 14, ') IS GREATER THAN NEL
     1T=1, I4)
C----- END
900 11=12
      IF (INIV.GE.2) STOP
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE ESPACE(ILONG, IREEL, TBL, IDEB)
TO ALLOCATE A REAL OR INTEGER TABLE IN ARRAY VA
C
      - INPUT
0
          ILONG
                           LENGTH OF THE TABLE TO BE ALLOCATED
                          (IN REAL OR INTEGER WORDS)
         IREEL
                          TABLE TYPE :
0
                               .EQ.0
                                       INTEGER
С
                               .EQ. 1 REAL
0
                           NAME OF THE TABLE (A4)
          TBL
0
       OUTPUT
С
          IDEB
                         TABLE TO BE ALLOCATED STARTS IN VA(IDEB)
                            IMPLICIT REAL *8 (A-H, 0-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TBL
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY(10)
     COMMON/ALLOC/NVA, IVA, IVAMAX, NREEL, IDUMMY
     COMMON VA(1)
     DIMENSION KA(1)
     EDUIVALENCE (VA(1), KA(1))
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/
C---- CALCULATE THE TABLE LENGTH IN REAL WORDS
     ILGR=ILDNG
     IF (IREEL.EQ. 0) ILGR=(ILONG+VREEL-1)/NREEL
     IVA1=IVA+ILGR
C---- CHECK IF ENDUGH SPACE IS AVAILABLE
     IF(IVA1.LE.NVA) GO TO 20
C..... AUTOMATIC EXTENSION OF THE BLANK COMMON IF CORRESPONDING
         SYSTEM COMMAND EXIST ON THE COMPUTER USED
     CALL EXTEND(IVA1, IERR)
    IF (IERR.EQ. 1) 60 TO 10
    NVA=IVA1
    GD TD 20
C----- ALLOCATION ERROR (NOT ENOUGH SPACE)
     WRITE (MP, 2000) TBL, IVA1, NVA
2000 FORMAT(' **** ALLOCATION ERROR, TABLE ', A4/' REDUIRED SPACE:', 19, '
    1 REAL WORDS, AVAILABLE SPACE:', 19,' REAL WORDS')
     STOP
C---- ALLOCATE TABLE
     IDEB=IVA+1
20
     IVA=IVA1
     IF (IVA. GT. IVAMAX) IVAMAX=IVA
     IF (M.GT.O) WRITE (MP, 2010) TBL, IDEB, IVA1
2010 FORMAT (60X, 'TABLE ', A4, ' SDES FROM VA(', I7, ') TO VA(', I7, ')')
C---- INITIALIZE THE ALLOCATED TABLE TO ZERO
     I1=IDEB
     IF (IREEL.EQ. 0) I1=(I1-1)*NREEL+1
     I2=I1+ILDNG-1
     IF (IREEL.EQ. 0) GD TD 40
```

```
40
     DO 50 I=I1, I2
50
     KA(I)=0
     RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE VIDE (IDEB, IREEL, TBL)
C
     TO DELETE A TABLE FROM VA, FOLLOWED BY COMPACTING
C
C
          IDEB
                          FIRST POSITION OF TABLE TO BE DELETED
C
          IREEL
                          TYPE OF TABLE (SEE ESPACE)
          TBL
                           NAME OF THE TABLE (A4)
     IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TBL
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
     COMMON/ALLOC/NVA, IVA, IVAMAX, NREEL, NTBL
     COMMON/LOC/LXX (25)
     COMMON VA(1)
C---- SEARCH FOR THE FIRST POSITION OF NEXT TABLE
     I1=IVA+1
     DO 10 I=1, NTBL
     IF (LXX(I).LE. IDEB) GC TO 10
     IF(LXX(I).LT.I1) I1=LXX(I)
10
     CONTINUE
C---- SHIFT ALL TABLES AFTER THIS
     ID=I1-IDEB
     IF (I1.EQ. IVA+1) GO TO 40
     DO 20 I=1, NTBL
     IF(LXX(I).GT.IDEB) LXX(I)=LXX(I)-ID
20
     CONTINUE
     DO 30 I=I1, IVA
     J=I-ID
30
     VA(J)=VA(I)
C----
     --- PRINT
     IVA=IVA-ID
     IF (M.GT.O) WRITE (MP, 2000) TBL, ID, IDEB
2000 FORMAT(60X, 'DELETED TABLE ', A4, ' COMPACTING ', I7, ' REAL WORDS AFTE
    1R VA(', I7,')')
     RETURN
     END
```

DO 30 I=I1, I2

VA(I)=ZERO RETURN

30

```
SUBROUTINE BLIMAG
С
     TO CALL AND EXECUTE BLOCK 'IMAG'
     TO PRINT OUT THE IMAGE OF DATA CARDS
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, D-Z)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
      CDMMON/TRVL/CART(20), RDLMMY(501), NULL
     DATA ICARTM/40/
     IF (M1.EQ. 0) M1=MR
     WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FDRMAT(///,1X,'IMAGE DF DATA CARDS'/1X,28('='),/)
     WRITE (MP, 2005)
2005 FORMAT (/
    1 50x, 'C D L U M N N U M B E R', /, 13x, 'CARD', 8x,
    2 10X,'1',9X,'2',9X,'3',9X,'4',9X,'5',9X,'6',9X,'7',9X,'8',/,
     3 12X, 'NUMBER', 8X, 8('1234567590'), /, 12X, 3('-'), 6X, 80('-'))
     ICART=0
     ICART1=0
10
     READ (M1, 1000, END=30) CART
1000 FDRMAT(20A4)
     ICART=ICART+1
     ICART1=ICART1+1
     IF (ICART1.LE.ICARTM) 60 TO 20
     WRITE(MP, 2010)
2010 FDRMAT(12X,8(1H-),6X,80(1H-),/,13X,'CARD',9X,8('1234567890'),/,
    1 12X,'NUMBER', 8X, 9X,'1', 9X,'2', 9X,'3', 9X,'4', 9X,'5', 9X,'6',
    2 9X, '7', 9X, '8', /, 50X, 'C D L U M N N U M B E R')
     WRITE (MP, 2015)
2015 FORMAT(1H1, //)
     WRITE (MP, 2005)
     ICART1=0
     WRITE (MP, 2020) ICART, CART
```

2020 FORMAT(10X, I10, 6X, 20A4)

READ (M1, 1000) CART

2030 FORMAT(///,51X,'E N D D F D A T A',/,1H1)

WRITE (MP, 2010)
WRITE (MP, 2030)

GO TO 10

REWIND MI

RETURN END

30

SUBROUTINE BLOOMT

END

```
TO CALL AND EXECUTE BLOCK 'COMT'
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
    CHARACTER*4 BLANC, CART
    COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY(10)
    COMMON/TRVL/CART (20), RDUMMY (511), NULL
    DATA BLANC/' '/
    WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT(//' COMMENTS'/' ',10('=')/)
C---- READ A COMMENT CARD
10
    READ(MR, 1000) CART
1000 FORMAT (20A4)
C---- SEARCH FOR A WHOLLY BLANK CARD
    DO 20 I=1,20
    IF (CART(I).NE.BLANC) GO TO 30
20
    CONTINUE
    RETURN
30
    WRITE (MP, 2010) CART
2010 FORMAT (1X, 20A4)
    60 TO 10
```

```
SUBROUTINE BLOODR
TO CALL BLOCK COOR
    TO READ NODAL COORDINATES
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, U-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TBL
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FAC (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     COMMON/ALLOC/NVA, IDUMMY (4)
     COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LDUMMY (23)
     COMMON/TRVL/FAC1(3), IN(3), RDUMMY(517)
     COMMON VA(1)
     DIMENSION TBL (2)
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/
C
C+++ THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
      ILER BUG SHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE SLARGE ARRAYS
C+++
C+++
      THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO INITEL WHICH
C+++
       EXISTS SCLELY TO INITIALIZE TABLE NAMES.
C
C
     DATA TBL/'CORG', 'DLNC'/
C
C
       HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
C
     CALL INITBL (TBL, 'CCOR')
C
      ALL OF THIS WAS TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
C+++
       COMPILER BUG
C---- BLOCK HEADING
     IF (M1.EQ.O) M1=MR
     READ(M1, 1000) IN, FAC1
1000 FORMAT(315,3F10.0)
C---- DEFAULT OPTIONS
     IF (IN(1).GT.0) NNT=IN(1)
     IF(IN(2).GT.O) NDLN=IN(2)
     IF (IN(3).GT.0) NDIM=IN(3)
     DO 10 I=1,3
     IF (FAC1(I).NE.ZERO) FAC(I)=FAC1(I)
     CONTINUE
10
C---- PRINT BLOCK PARAMETERS
     WRITE (MP, 2000) M, NNT, NDLN, NDIM, FAC, NVA
    2000 FORMAT(//' INPUT OF NODES (M=', I2,')'/' ', 18('=')/
```

4 15X, 'COORDINATE SCALE FACTORS

5 15X, WORKSPACE IN REAL WORDS

(FAC)=1,3E12.5/

(NVA)=1, 110)

```
C----- ALLOCATE SPACE
      IF (LCORG.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NNT*NDIM, 1, TBL (1), LCCRG)
     IF (LDLNC.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NNT+1, 0, TBL(2), LDLNC)
C---- EXECUTE THE BLOCK
     CALL EXCOUR (VA (LCORG), VA (LDLNC))
     RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE EXCOOR (VCDRG, KDLNC)
TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'COOR'
     READ NODAL COORDINATES
C
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FAC (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     COMMON/TRVL/X1(3), X2(3), RDUMMY(5:5), NULL
     DIMENSION VCORG(*), KDLNC(*)
     DATA SPECL/1.23456789D31/
C---- INITIALIZE COORDINATES
     I1=(NNT-1) +NDIX+1
     DO 10 I=1, I1, NDIM
     VCORG(I)=SPECL
10
C---- READ NODAL DATA CARDS
     IF (M. GT. 0) WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT(//' NODAL DATA CARDS'/)
     READ (M1, 1000) IN1, X1, IN2, X2, INCR, IDLN
1000 FORMAT(2(I5, 3F10.0), 2I5)
     IF (M. GT. 0) WRITE (MP, 2010) IN1, X1, IN2, X2, INCR, IDEN
2010 FÜRMAT('))))),2(15,3E12.5),2I5)
     IF(IN1.LE.0) GO TO 60
C---- DECODE THE CARD
     IF (IN1.GT.NNT) CALL ERREUR(11, IN1, NNT, 0)
     IF (IN2.GT. NNT) CALL ERREUR (12, IN2, NNT, 0)
     IF (IN2.LE.O) IN2=IN1
     IF (IDLN. GT. NDLN) CALL ERREUR (13, IDLN, NDLN, 0)
     IF (IDLN. LE. O) IDLN=NDLN
     IF (INCR. EQ. 0) INCR=1
      II=(IN2-IN1)/INCR
     I2=IN1+I1*INCR
     IF (I1. EQ. 0) I1=1
      IF (IN2.NE. I2) CALL ERREUR (14, IN2, IN2, 0)
C---- GENERATE NODES BY INTERPOLATION
     DO 30 I=1, NDIM
     X1(I)=X1(I) *FAC(I)
     X2(I)=X2(I)*FAC(I)
30
     X2(I) = (X2(I) - X1(I)) / I1
      I1=0
      I2=(IN1-1) #NDIM+1
```

```
I3=(INCR-1) *NDIM
      DO 50 IN=IN1, IN2, INCR
      KDLNC(IN+1)=IDLN
      IF (VCDR6(I2), NE. SPECL) CALL ERREUR(15, IN, IN, 0)
      DO 40 I=1, NDIM
      VCORG(I2)=X1(I)+X2(I)*I1
40
      I2=I2+1
      I1=I1+i
50
      12=12+13
      GD TD 20
     --- CHECK FOR MISSING NODES
60
      I1=NNT+NDIM+1
      12=0
      13=NNT+1
      DO 90 I=1, NNT
      I1=I1-NDIM
      I3=I3-1
      IF (VCDRG(I1) - SPECL) 70,80,70
70
      IF(I2.EQ.0) I2=I3
      60 TO 90
80
      IF(I2.EQ.O) CALL ERREUR(16, I3, I3, O)
      IF(12.NE.O) CALL ERREUR(17, 13, 13, 1)
90
      CONTINUE
      IF (I2. NE. NNT) CALL ERREUR (18, NNT, I2, 0)
     --- TOTAL NUMBER OF D.O.F.
      NDLT=0
      I1=NNT+1
      DO 100 I=2, I1
100
      NDLT=NDLT+KDLNC(I)
C---- OUTPUT
      IF(M.LT.2) GD TO 120
      WRITE (MP, 2020)
      FORMAT(/10X,'NDDE D.O.F.', 5X,'X', 11X,'Y', 11X,'Z'/)
      I1=1
      MICH-SI
      DO 110 IN=1, NNT
      WRITE(MP, 2030) IN, KDLNC(IN+1), (VCORG(I), I=I1, I2)
2030
      FORMAT (10X, 215, 3E12.5)
      I1=I1+NDIM
110
      I2=I2+NDIM
120
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE EXDLPN(KDLNC)

```
TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'DLPN'
    TO READ THE NUMBER OF D.O.F. PER NODE
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FNULL (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     COMMON/TRVL/K1(15), RDUMMY(514)
     DIMENSION KOLNC(+)
    IF (M. ST. 0) WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT(//'GROUP OF D.C.F.'/)
C---- READ A GROUP CARD
10 READ(M1, 1000) IDLN, K1
1000 FDRMAT(1615)
     IF (M. GT. 0) WRITE (MP, 2010) IDLN, K1
2010 FORMAT(' ))))),1615)
     IF(IDLN.LE.O) 60 TO 40
     IF (IDLN. ST. NDLN) CALL ERREUR (21, IDLN, NDLN, 1)
C--- STORE D. D. F. NUMBERS
    DO 30 I=1,15
20
     J=K1(I)
     IF(J.LE. 0) GD TD 10
    IF(J.GT.NNT) CALL ERREUR(22, J, NNT, 1)
30
     KDLNC(J+1)=IDLN
    READ(M1, 1010) K1
1010 FDRMAT (5X, 1515)
     IF(M.GT.0) WRITE(MP, 2020) K1
2020 FDRMAT(' ))))),5X,15I5)
     60 TO 20
C---- TOTAL NUMBER OF D.O.F.
40
     NDLT=0
     J=NNT+1
     DO 50 I=2,J
     NDLT=NDLT+KDLNC(I)
50
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BLOOND
TO CALL BLOCK 'COND'
     TO READ BOUNDARY CONDITIONS AND GENERATE TABLE (NEQ)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TEL
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FNULL (3)
     COMMON/COND/NCLT, NCLZ, NCLNZ
    COMMON/ALLOC/NVA, IVA, IDUMMY(3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNEQ, LDIMP, LDUMMY (21)
     COMMON VA(1)
     DIMENSION TBL(2)
Ċ
C+++
        THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
        ILER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS
C+++
        THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO INITEL WHICH
C+++
C+++
        EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE TABLE NAMES.
C
C
     DATA TBL/'NEQ ','DIMP'/
C
С
        HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
C
     CALL INITBL (TBL, 'COND')
C
C+++
        ALL THIS WAS SIMPLY TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
        COMPILER BUG
     IF (M1.EQ. 0) M1=MR
     WRITE (MP, 2000) M
2000 FORMAT(//' INPUT OF BOUNDARY CONDITIONS (M=', 12,')''' ',
     IF (LNEQ. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLT, 0, TBL (1), LNEQ)
     IF (LDIMP.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLT, 1, TBL (2), LDIMP)
     CALL EXCOND(VA(LCORG), VA(LDLNC), VA(LNEQ), VA(LDIMP))
```

CALL VIDE (LDIMP+NCLT, 1, TBL (2))

RETURN END

```
SUBROUTINE EXCOND (VCGRG, KDLNC, KNEG, VDIMP)
C
     TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'COND'
C
     READ BOUNDARY CONDITIONS AND GENERALE TABLE (NEQ)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FNULL (3)
     COMMON/COND/NCLT, NCLZ, NCLNZ
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY(9)
      COMMON/TRVL/ KV(16), V(10), H(20), ICOD(10), RDUMMY(478), NULL
     DIMENSION VCORG(*), KDLNC(*), KNEQ(*), VDIMP(*)
     DATA L7/7/, L8/8/, E16/16/ , X1/0.000/, X2/0.000/, X3/0.000/, ZERG/0.DG/
C---- CUMULATIVE TABLE KDLNC
     DO 10 IN=1, NNT
     KDLNC(IN+1)=KDLNC(IN)+KDLNC(IN+1)
10
     IF (M. 6E. 2) WRITE (MP, 2000) (KDLNC (IN), IN=1, II)
2000 FORMAT(//' NUMBER OF D.D.F. PRECEDING EACH NODE
                                                      (DENC) 1/
     1 (1X, 10I10))
C---- INITIALIZE
     NCLT=0
     NCLNZ=0
     NCLZ=0
     IF (M.GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2010)
2010 FORMAT(//' BOUNDARY CONDITIONS CARDS'/)
C---- READ A B.C. GROUP CARD : 10 CODES + PRESCRIBED VAL.
     READ (M1, 1000) ICOD, (V(I), I=1, L7)
1000 FDRMAT (1011, 7F10.0)
     IF (M. GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2020) ICBD, (V(I), I=1, L7)
2020 FORMAT(' )))), 10I1, 7E12.5)
C---- CHECK FOR A BLANK CARD
     J=0
     DO 30 I=1, 10
     J=J+ICOD(I)
30
     IF(J.EQ.0) GD TD 110
C---- READ ADDITIONAL CARD IF REQUIRED
     15=0
     DO 40 ID=1, NDLN
     IF(ICOD(ID).LT.2) GO TO 40
     12=12+1
      IF(I2.NE.L8) GO TO 40
     READ (M1, 1010) (V(I), I=L8, NDLN)
1010 FORMAT(10X, 7F10.0)
     IF (M. GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2030) (V(I), I=L8, NDLN)
2030 FORMAT(' ))))), 10X, 7E12.5)
40
     CONTINUE
C---- READ NODE CARDS
50
     READ (M1, 1020) (KV(IN), IN=1, L16)
```

```
1020 FORMAT (1615)
      IF (M. GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2040) (KV(IN), IN=1, L16)
2040 FDRMAT(' ))))), 10X, 16I5)
C---- FORM NEQ
      DO 100 IN=1, L16
      I2=KV(IN)
C----- END OF GROUP OF B.C. OR END OF NODES OR ANALYSIS OF A NODE
      IF(I2) 20,20,50
60
      IF(12.6T.NNT) CALL ERREUR(32, 12, NNT, 1)
      I1=KDLNC(I2)
      IDN=KDLNC(I2+1)-I1
C---- GENERATE VDIMP, PUT IT IN KNEQ (THE PRESCRIBED D.C.F. ADDRESS)
      IV=0
      DO 90 ID=1, IDN
      I1=I1+1
      IC=ICOD(ID)-1
      IF(IC) 90,70,80
70
      NCLT=NCLT+1
      VDIMP (NCLT) = ZERO
      NCLZ=NCLZ+1
      KNEQ(I1) = -NCLT
      GO TO 90
80
     NCLT=NCLT+1
      IV=IV+1
      VDIMP(NCLT)=V(IV)
      NCLNZ=NCLNZ+1
      KNEQ(I1) = -NCLT
90
     CONTINUE
100
     CONTINUE
C---- ADDITIONAL CARD OF NODE NUMBERS
      GO TO 50
C---- GENERATE EQUATION NUMBERS IN NEW
110
      I1=0
      DO 150 IN=1, NNT
      ID=KDLNC(IN)
120
    ID=ID+1
      IF (ID. GT. KDLNC(IN+1)) GO TO 150
      IF(KNEQ(ID)) 120,130,120
130
     I1=I1+1
      KNEQ(ID)=I1
      60 TO 120
150
     CONTINUE
      NEQ=I1
C---- OUTPUT
      IF (M.LT.O) GD TD 170
      WRITE (MP, 2050) NNT, NDLT, NEQ, NCLNZ, NCLZ, NCLT
2050 FORMAT(//
     1 15X, 'TOTAL NUMBER OF NODES
                                                           (NNT)=1, I5/
     2 15X, 'TOTAL NUMBER OF D.O.F.
                                                          (NDLT)=', I5/
     3 15X, NUMBER OF EQUATIONS TO BE SOLVED
                                                          (NEQ)=', I5/
     4 15X, 'NUMBER OF PRESCRIBED NON ZERO D.O.F.
                                                     (NCLNZ)=1, IS/
```

```
5 15X, MUMBER OF PRESCRIBED ZERO D. C. F.
                                                            (NOLZ)=1, I5/
     6 15X, TOTAL NUMBER OF PRESCRIBED D.O.F.
                                                           (NOLT) = 1, 15/)
      IF (M. GE. 2. AND. NCLT. GT. 0) WRITE (MP, 2060) (VDIMP(I), I=1, NCLT)
2060 FORMAT(//' PRESCRIBED VALUES (VDIMP)'//(10X, 10E12.5))
      WRITE (MP, 2070)
2070 FORMAT(//' NODAL COORDINATES ARRAY'//
     1 ' NO D.L.', 5X, 'X', 12X, 'Y', 12X, 'Z', 10X, 'EQUATION NUMBER
     2(NEQ)1/)
      12=0
      DO 160 IN=1, NNT
      11=12+1
      MIGN+SI=SI
      ID1=KDLNC(IN)+1
      ID2=KDLNC(IN+1)
      ID=ID2-ID1+1
      IF(ID2.LT. ID1) ID2=ID1
      X1=VCORG(I1)
      IF (NDIM. GE. 2) X2=VCGRG (I1+1)
      IF (NDIM. 6E. 3) X3=VCORG (11+2)
150
      WRITE (MP, 2080) IN, ID, X1, X2, X3, (KNEQ(I), I=ID1, ID2)
2080
      FORMAT (1X, 215, 3E12.5, 10X, 1016)
170
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BLPRND
TO CALL BLOCK 'PRND'
     TO READ NODAL PROPERTIES
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     CHARACTER#4 TBL
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NNULL(2), FNULL(3)
     COMMON/PRND/NPRN
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     COMMON/LOC/LXX(4), LPRNG, LDUMMY(20)
     COMMON VA(1)
     DATA TBL/'PRNG'/
     IF (M1.EQ.O) M1=MR
     READ (M1, 1000) NPRN
1000 FORMAT (15)
     WRITE (MP, 2000) M, NPRN
2000 FORMAT(//' INPUT OF NODAL PROPERTIES (M=', I2,')'/' ',30('=')/
    1 15X, 'NUMBER OF PROPERTIES PER NODE (NPRN)=1, IS)
     IF(LPRNG.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE(NNT*NPRN, 1, TBL, LPRNG)
     CALL EXPRND (VA (LPRNG))
     RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE EXPRND (VPRNG)
     TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'PRND'
     READ NODAL PROPERTIES
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NNULL (2), FNULL (3)
     COMMON/PRND/NPRN
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     DIMENSION VPRNG(*)
C---- READ PROPERTIES NODEWISE
     I1=NNT+NPRN
     READ (M1, 1000) (VPRNG(I), I=1, I1)
1000 FDRMAT (8F10.0)
     IF (M.GE.O) WRITE (MP, 2000) (VPRNG(I), I=1, II)
2000 FORMAT(//' CARDS OF NODAL PROPERTIES'/ (' ))))), 8E12.5))
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE BLPREL

```
TO CALL BLOCK 'PREL'
     TO READ ELEMENT PROPERTIES
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     CHARACTER±4 TBL
     COMMON/PREL/NGPE, NPRE
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     CGMMON/LGC/LXX(5), LPREG, LDUMMY(19)
     CDMMON/TRVL/IN(2), RDUMMY(520), NULL
     COMMON VA(1)
     DIMENSION TBL (2)
C
C+++ THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
C+++ ILER BUG SHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS
C+++ THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO INITBL WHICH
      EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE TABLE NAMES.
C
     DATA TBL/'PREG','V '/
C
E
        HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
     CALL INITBL (TBL, 'PREL')
C
        ALL THIS WAS SIMPLY TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
C+++
        COMPILER BUG
0
     IF (M1.EQ.0) M1=MR
     --- READ NUMBER OF GROUPS AND PROPERTIES PER GROUP
     READ (M1, 1000) IN
1000 FORMAT(215)
     IF(IN(1).GT.O) NGPE=IN(1)
     IF (IN(2).6T.0) NPRE=IN(2)
     WRITE (MP, 2000) M, NGPE, NPRE
2000 FORMAT(//' INPUT OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES (M=', 12,')'/' ',
    1 35('=')/15X, 'NUMBER OF GROUPS OF PROPERTIES (NGPE)=', I5/
    2 15X, 'NUMBER OF PROPERTIES PER GROUP (NPRE)=', I5)
     IF (LPREG.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NGPE*NPRE, 1, TBL (1), LPRES)
     CALL ESPACE (NPRE, 1, TBL(2), L1)
     CALL EXPREL (VA (LPREG), VA (L1))
     CALL VIDE(L1, 1, TBL(2))
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE EXPREL (VPREG, V1)
      TO EXECUTE BLOCK ' PREL'
C
      READ ELEMENT PROPERTIES
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      COMMON/PREL/NGPE, NPRE
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
      DIMENSION VPREG(*), V1(*)
      IF (M. GE. O) WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT(//' CARDS OF ELEMENT PROPERTIES'/)
      - READ A GROUP
      I1=MINO(7, NPRE)
10
      READ(M1, 1000) IBPE, (V1(I), I=1, I1)
      FORMAT (15, 7F10.0)
      IF (M. GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2010) IGPE, (V1(I), I=1, I1)
2010 FORMAT(' ))))), I5,7E12.5)
      IF (IGPE. LE. 0) 60 TO 40
      IF (IGPE.GT.NGPE) CALL ERREUR (41, IGPE, NGPE, 1)
      IF (NPRE.LE. 7) GO TO 20
C---- READ THE PROPERTIES
      READ(M1, 1010) (V1(I), I=8, NPRE)
1010 FORMAT (5X, 7F10.0)
      IF (M.GE.O) WRITE (MP, 2020) (V1(I), I=8, NPRE)
2020 FORMAT(' ))))), 5X, 7E12.5)
50
      DO 30 I=1, NPRE
      VPREG(J)=V1(I)
30
      J=J+1
      60 TO 10
40
      RETURN
```

END

```
SUBROUTINE BLELEM
TO CALL BLOCK 'ELEM'
     TO READ ELEMENT DATA
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, U-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TEL
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NNULL, FNULL (3)
     COMMON/PRND/NPRN
     COMMON/PREL/NGPE, NPRE
     COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, NPG
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, MFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RESO/NEG, NFILLR (2)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY (3)
     COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNEG, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLOCE, LCORE, LNE,
     1 LPRNE, LPRSE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFG, LRES, LDUMMY (5)
     COMMON VA(1)
     DIMENSION TBL(6), IN(6)
C
        THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
C+++
        ILER BUG SHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARSE ARRAYS
C+++
        THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO INITEL WHICH
C+++
        EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE TABLE NAMES.
C+++
C
     DATA TBL/'LD ','LOCE','CORE','NE ','PRNE','PREE'/
C
C
        HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
C
     CALL INITBL (TBL, 'ELEM')
C
C+++
        ALL THIS WAS SIMPLY TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
        COMPILER BUG
     IF (M1.EQ. 0) M1=MR
     IF (M2. EQ. 0) M2=ME
     READ(M1.1000) IN
1000 FORMAT (615)
     IF(IN(1).GT.O) NELT=IN(1)
     IF (IN(2).GT.0) NNEL=IN(2)
     IF(IN(3).GT.O) NTPE=IN(3)
     IF (IN(4).GT.O) NGRE=IN(4)
     IF(IN(5).NE.O) NSYM=1
     IF (IN(6).NE.O) NIDENT=1
     WRITE (MP, 2000) M, NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, NSYM, NIDENT
2000 FORMAT(//' INPUT OF ELEMENTS (M=', I2,')'/' ',20('=')/
    1 15X, 'MAX. NUMBER OF ELEMENTS
                                              (NELT) = 1, I5/
    2 15X, 'MAX. NUMBER OF NODES PER ELEMENT (NNEL) = 1, I5/
    3 15X, 'DEFAULT ELEMENT TYPE
                                            (NTPE)=1, 15/
```

4 15X, 'NUMBER OF GROUPS OF ELEMENTS (NGRE)=', 15/

```
5 15%, 'INDEX FOR NON SYMMETRIC PROBLEM
                                                  (NSYM)=1, IS/
                                               (NIDENT)=', I5/)
     6 15X, 'INDEX FOR IDENTICAL ELEMENTS
      IF (LLD.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ+1, 0, TBL (1), LLD)
      IF (LLOCE.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NNEL*NDLN, 0, TBL (2), LLOCE)
      IF (LCORE.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NNEL *NDIM, 1, TBL (3), LCORE)
       IF (LNE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NNEL, 0, TBL (4), LNE)
      IF (NPRN. GT. O. AND. LPRNE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NNEL*NPRN, 1, TBL (5), LPRNE)
      IF (NPRE. GT. O. AND. LPREE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NPRE, 1, TBL (6), LPREE)
      CALL EXELEM (VA (LCDRG), VA (LDLNC), VA (LPRNG), VA (LPREG), VA (LLCCE),
                 VA(LCDRE), VA(LNE), VA(LPRNE), VA(LPREE), VA(LNEQ), VA(LLD))
      WRITE (MP, 2010) NKG, NPG
2010 FORMAT(15X, LENGTH OF A TRIANGLE IN KG
                                                         (NKG)=', I10/
              15X, 'NUMBER OF INTEGRATION POINTS (NPG)=1, [10/)
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE EXELEM (VCORG, KDLNC, VPRNG, VPREG, KLCCE, VCORE, KNE, VPRNE,
     1
                        VPREE, KNEQ, KLD)
C
      TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'ELEM'
C
      READ ELEMENTS DATA
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
      COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NNULL (2), FNULL (3)
      COMMON/PRIND/NPRN
      COMMON/PREL/NGPE, NPRE
      COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, NPG
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RODT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDE6, IPG
     1 , ICODE, IDLEO, INELO, IPGO
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
      COMMON/ES/H, MR, MP, MI, M2, MDUMMY (8)
      DIMENSION VCORG(*), KDLNC(*), VPRNG(*), VPRSG(*), KLCCE(*), VCCRE(*),
                 KNE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNEQ(*), KLD(*)
      DATA I10/10/, I15/15/
      -- INITIALIZE
      OPEN (#2, FILE=' $$002. DAT', STATUS=' NEW', FORM=' UNFORMATTED')
      NDLE=0
      IELT=0
      NPG=0
      REWIND M2
      IF (M. GT. 0) WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT (//' ELEMENTS CARDS'/)
C---- READ AN ELEMENT CARD
      READ (M1, 1000) IEL, IGEN, INCR, ITPE, IGPE, IGRE, (KNE(IN), IN=1, I10)
1000 FORMAT (1615)
      IF (M. GT. O) WRITE (MP, 2010) IEL, IGEN, INCR, ITPE, IGRE, IGRE,
                                   (KNE(IN), IN=1, I10)
2010 FORMAT(' ))))), 1615)
```

```
IF(IEL) 80,80,20
C---- NUMBER OF NODES AND ADDITIONNAL CARDS AS REQUIRED
20
      INEL=0
      I1=1
      I2=I10
30
      DB 40 IN=I1, I2
      IF(KNE(IN).EQ.0) 60 TO 50
      INEL=INEL+1
40
      CONTINUE
      I1=I2+1
      I2=I1+I15
      READ(M1, 1000) (KNE(IN), IN=I1, I2)
      IF(M.6T.0) WRITE(MP,2010) (KNE(IN), IN=11,12)
      60 TO 30
     --- CHECKING
      IF (INEL.GT.NNEL) CALL ERREUR (51, INEL, NNEL, 1)
50
      IF (INCR.EQ.O) INCR=1
      IF (ITPE.EQ.O) ITPE=NTPE
      IF (IGPE.GT.NGPE) CALL ERREUR (53, IGPE, NGPE, 1)
      IF (IGPE.EQ.O) IGPE=1
      IF (IGRE.GT.NGRE) CALL ERREUR (54, IGRE, NGRE, 1)
C---- ELEMENT GENERATION
      IF (IGEN. EQ. 0) IGEN=1
      DO 70 IE=1, IGEN
      IF (IEL.ST.NELT) CALL ERREUR (55, IEL, NELT, 1)
C---- GENERATE KLOCE AND UPDATE KLD
      CALL LOCELD (KDLNC, KNE, KNED, KLOCE, KLD)
C---- GENERATE ELEMENT COORDINATES AND PROPERTIES
      CALL XTRELM (IGPE, VCORG, VPRNG, VPREG, KNE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE)
C---- CHECK ELEMENT NODE NUMBERS AND D.O.F.
      IPG0=0
      ICCDE=1
      CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
      IF (INEL.ER. INELO. AND. IDLE. ER. IDLEO) GO TO 55
      WRITE(MP, 2020) IEL, INEL, INELO, IDLE, IDLEO
2020 FORMAT(' ** ELEMENT', IS, ' INCONSISTENT'/SX, 'INEL=', I4, ' INELO=', I5
     1/ 5X,'IDLE=', I5,' IDLEO=', I5)
C---- UPDATE TOTAL NUMBER OF INTEGRATION POINTS
      NPG=NPG+IPGO
55
C---- STORE ON ELEMENT FILE
      CALL WRELEM (M2, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
      IELT=IELT+1
C---- PRINT ELEMENT CHARACTERISTICS
      CALL PRELEM(KLOCE, VCGRE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
     --- NEXT ELEMENT TO BE GENERATED OR READ
      DO 60 IN=1, INEL
60
      KNE(IN)=KNE(IN)+INCR
      IF (IDLE.GT.NDLE) NDLE=IDLE
70
     IEL=IEL+1
      GO TO 10
C---- CHECK IF TOTAL NUMBER OF ELEMENT IS EXCEEDED
```

```
IF (IELT. NE. NELT) CALL ERREUR (57, IELT, NELT, 1)
C---- PRINT BAND HEIGHTS
      IMA=0
      IM0=0
      I1=NEQ+1
      DO 90 I=2, I1
      J=KLD(I)
      IF (J. ST. IMA) IMA=J
90
      IMO=IMS+J
      C=IMO
      C=C/NEQ
      WRITE(MP, 2030) C, IMA
2030 FORMAT(/15X,'MEAN BAND HEIGHT=', F8.1,' MAXIMUM=', I5)
      IF(M.GE.2) WRITE(MP, 2040) (KLD(I), I=1, I1)
2040 FORMAT(//' TABLE OF BAND HEIGHTS'/(10X, 2015))
C----- TRANSFORM KLD INTO ADDRESSES OF COLUMN TOP TERM
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 0) NKE=(NDLE*(NDLE+1))/2
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) NKE=NDLE *NDLE
      KLD(1)=1
      DO 100 ID=2, I1
100
      KLD(ID)=KLD(ID-1)+KLD(ID)
      NKG=KLD(I1)-1
      IF (M.GE. 2) WRITE (MP, 2050) (KLD(ID), ID=1, II)
2050 FORMAT (//' TABLE OF ADDRESSES OF COLUMN TOP TERMS (LD)'/
     1
                (10X, 2015))
      RETURN
      END
```

```
$LARGE
$NOFLOATCALLS
     SUBROUTINE LOCELD (KDLNC, KNE, KNEG, KLOCE, KLD)
TO FORM THE ELEMENT LOCALIZATION TABLE (LOCE)
     AND UPDATE COLUMN HEIGHTS FOR A GIVEN ELEMENT
REAL *8 FNULL
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NAT, NAULL (2), FAULL (3)
     COMMON/RGDT/NUL(4), IDLE, NUL1(3), INEL, IDUMMY(6)
     DIMENSION KOLNC(*), KNE(*), KNEQ(*), KLOCE(*), KLD(*)
     DATA NDLMAX/32000/
C---- GENERATE KLOCE FROM KNED
     IDLE=0
     LOCMIN=NDLMAX
     DO 20 IN=1, INEL
     INN=KNE(IN)
     IF (INN.GT. NNT) CALL ERREUR (56, INN, NNT, 1)
     IEG=KDLNC(INN)
     IEQ1=KDLNC(INN+1)
  10 IF (IEQ. GE. IEQ1) 60 TO 20
     IEQ=IEQ+1
     IDLE=IDLE+1
     J=KNEQ(IEQ)
     KLOCE(IDLE)=J
     IF (J.LT.LOCMIN. AND. J.GT.O) LOCMIN=J
     60 TO 10
  20 CONTINUE
C---- UPDATE TABLE OF COLUMN HEIGHTS (KLD)
     DO 30 ID=1, IDLE
     J=KLOCE(ID)
     IF(J.LE.0) GD TD 30
     IH=J-LOCMIN
     IF (JH, GT, KLD(J+1))KLD(J+1)=IH
  30 CONTINUE
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE XTRELM(16PE, VCORG, VPRNG, VPREG, KN2, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE)
TO GENERATE ELEMENT COORDINATES AND PROPERTIES FROM
     GLOBAL ARRAYS
      (IGPE: GROUP NUMBER FOR ELEMENT PROPERTIES)
      IMPLICIT REAL+8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNULL(3), FNULL(3)
     COMMON/PRND/NPRN
     COMMON/PREL/NGPE, NPRE
     COMMON/REDT/NUL(5), ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDUMMY(6)
     DIMENSION VCORG(*), VPRNG(*), VPREG(*), KNE(*), VCORE(*),
     1 VPRNE(*), VPREE(*)
C---- GENERATE ELEMENT COORDINATES
     IPRNE=0
     ICE=0
     DO 30 IN=1, INEL
     IC=(KNE(IN)-1)*NDIM
     DO 10 I=1,NDIM
     ICE=ICE+1
     IC=IC+1
  10 VCORE(ICE)=VCGRG(IC)
C---- GENERATE ELEMENT NODAL PROPERTIES
     IF(NPRN.EQ.0) GO TO 30
     IC=(KNE(IN)-1)*NPRN
     DO 20 I=1, NPRN
     IPRNE=IPRNE+1
     IC=IC+1
   20 VPRNE (IPRNE) = VPRNG (IC)
  30 CONTINUE
C----- GENERATE ELEMENT PROPERTIES
     IPREE=0
     IF (NPRE. EQ. 0) GB TD 50
     IC=(IGPE-1) *NPRE
     DO 40 I=1, NPRE
     IPREE=IPREE+1
     IC=IC+1
   40 VPREE(IPREE) = VPREG(IC)
50
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE PRELEM(KLODE, VOORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
      PRINT DATA DEFINING AN ELEMENT
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, G-Z)
      COMMON/ PRND/ NPRN
      COMMON/PREL/NGPE, NPRE
      COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, NULL(6)
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
      DIMENSION KLCCE(*), VCDRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNE(*)
      IF (M. GE. O) WRITE (MP, 2000) IEL, ITPE, INEL, IDLE, IPRNE, IPREE, IGRE
2000 FORMAT(10X, 'ELEMENT:', I5, ' TYPE:', I2, ' N. P.:', I2, ' D. G. F.:',
     1 13,' N. PROP:', 13,' EL. PROP:', 13,' GROUP:', 13)
      IF (M. GE. O) WRITE (MP. 2010) (KNE (I), I=1, INEL)
2010 FORMAT(15X, 'CONNECTIVITY (NE)', 2015/(32X, 2015))
      IF(M.LT.1) 60 TO 10
      WRITE(MP, 2020) (XLBCE(I), I=1, IDLE)
2020 FORMAT(15X, 'LOCALIZATN (LOCE)', 2015/(32X, 2015))
      WRITE(MP, 2030) (VCDRE(I), I=1, ICE)
2030 FORMAT(15X, 'COURDINATES(CORE)', 8E12.5/(32X, 8E12.5))
      IF (NPRN. GT. 0) WRITE (MP, 2040) (VPRNE(I), I=1, IPRNE)
     FORMAT(15X, 'NOD. PROP. (PRNE)', 8E12.5/(32X, 8E12.5))
      IF (IPREE. 6T. 0) WRITE (MP, 2050) (VPREE (I), I=1, IPREE)
     FORMAT(15X, 'ELEM. PROP. (PREE)', 8E12.5/(32X, 8E12.5))
10
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE WRELEM (ME, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
      WRITE ELEMENT PROPERTIES ON FILE ME
           IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, G-Z)
      COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, NULL(6)
      DIMENSION KLOCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNE(*)
      IPRNE1=IPRNE
      IF (IPRNE1.EQ. 0) IPRNE1=1
      IPREE1=IPREE
      IF (IPREE1.EQ. 0) IPREE1=1
      WRITE (ME) IEL, ITPE, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE1, IPREE1, INEL,
     1
                (KLOCE(I), I=1, IDLE), (VCORE(I), I=1, ICE),
     2
                (VPRNE(I), I=1, IPRNE1), (VPREE(I), I=1, IPREE1),
                (KNE(I), I=1, INEL)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROLITINE RDELEM(ME, KLOCE, VOORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
      READ ELEMENT PROPERTIES FROM FILE ME
IMPLICIT REAL *8 (A-H, 0-Z)
      COMMON/REDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, NULL(6)
     DIMENSION KLOCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNE(*)
      READ (ME) IEL, ITPE, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL,
                (KLOCE(I), I=1, IDLE), (VCORE(I), I=1, ICE),
     1
     2
                (VPRNE(I), I=1, IPRNE), (VPREE(I), I=1, IPREE),
     3
                (KNE(I), I=1, INEL)
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE BLSOLC
C
     TO CALL BLOCK "SOLC"
     TO READ CONCENTRATED LOADS
C
     IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TEL
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
     COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNEQ, LXX(15), LFG, LDUMMY(6)
     COMMON VA(1)
     DATA TBL/'FG '/
     IF (M1.EQ. 0) M1=XR
     WRITE(MP, 2000) M
2000 FORMAT(//' INPUT OF CONCENTRADED LOADS (M=', 12,')''' ',
     1 39(1=1))
     IF(LF6.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE(NEQ, 1, TBL, LFG)
     CALL EXSOLC (VA(LFG), VA(LDLNC), VA(LNEQ))
      RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE EXSULC (VFG, KDLNC, KNEQ)
           C
      TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'SOLC'
C
      READ CONCENTRATED LOADS
      IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H, 0-Z)
      COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NNULL, FNULL (3)
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR (2)
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, MDUMMY (9)
      COMMON/TRVL/KV(16), V(14), RDUMMY(499), NULL
      DIMENSION VFG(*), KDLNC(*), KNEQ(*)
      DATA L16/16/
     ---- READ DATA
      IF (M. GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT(//' CARDS OF NODAL LOADS'//)
      IO=MINO(7, NDLN)
      READ (M1, 1000) IG, (V(I), I=1, I0)
1000 FORMAT(I5, 7F10.0)
      IF (NDLN. GT. 7) READ (M1, 1005) (V(I), I=8, NDLN)
1005 FORMAT (5X, 7F10.0)
      IF (M. GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2010) IG, (V(I), I=1, NDLN)
2010 FORMAT(' )))))', I5, 7E12.5/(' )))))', 5X, 7E12.5))
      IF(IG.LE.O) GO TO 60
20
      READ (M1, 1010) (KV(I), I=1, L16)
1010 FORMAT (1615)
      IF (M. GE. 0) WRITE (MP, 2020) (KV(I), I=1, L16)
2020 FORMAT(' ))))), 1615)
C---- DECODE NODAL DATA
      DO 50 IN=1,L16
      I1=KV(IN)
      IF (I1.6T.NNT) CALL ERREUR (61, I1, NNT, 1)
      IF(I1)10,10,30
30
      ID1=KDLNC(I1)+1
      ID2=KDLNC(I1+1)
      J=0
      DO 50 ID=ID1, ID2
      J=J+1
      IEQ=KNEQ(ID)
      IF (IEQ) 50, 50, 40
40
      VFG(IEQ)=VFG(IEQ)+V(J)
50
      CONTINUE
      GO TO 20
     - סעדפעד
      IF (M.GE. 1) WRITE (MP, 2030) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
2030 FORMAT(//' TOTAL LOAD VECTOR'/(10X, 10E12.5))
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BLSCLR
TO CALL BLOCK 'SOLR'
     TO ASSEMBLE DISTRIBUTED LOADS (ELEMENT FUNCTION 7)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
      CHARACTER*4 TEL
      COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FNULL (3)
      COMMON/ELEM/NULL (4), ME, MNULL (2)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NRES, MRES
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY(8)
      COMMON/LOC/LOORG, LDLNC, LNEQ, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLOCE, LCORE, LNE,
     1 LPRNE, LPRSE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFG, LRES, LDLG, LDUMMY(4)
      COMMON VA(1)
      DIMENSION TBL(8)
0
C+++
        THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
C+++
        ILER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS
C+++
        THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO INITBL WHICH
       EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE TABLE NAMES.
C+++
C
C
      DATA TBL/'FG ','KE ','FE ','DLE ','KGS ','KGD ','KGI ',
C
    1 'RES 1/
Ē.
C
        HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
С
      CALL INITBL (TBL, 'SOLR')
€
C+++
        ALL THIS WAS SIMPLY TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
        COMPILER BUG
C+++
0
      IF (M1.EQ. 0) M1=MR
      IF (M2. EQ. 0) M2=ME
     WRITE (MP, 2000) N
2000 FORMAT(//' ASSEMBLING OF DISTRIBUTED LOADS (M=', 12,')'/
     1 1X, 40(*=*)/)
      IF(LFG.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NEQ.1, TBL(1), LFG)
      IF (LKE.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (2), LKE)
      IF (LFE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TEL (3), LFE)
      IF (LDLE.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TBL (4), LDLE)
      IF (LKGS. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (5), LKGS)
      IF (LKGD.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ.1, TBL (6), LKGD)
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1. AND. LKGI. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKG. 1, TBL (7), LKGI)
      IF(LRES.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NDLT,1,TBL(8),LRES)
      CALL EXSOLR(VA(LLD), VA(LDIMP), VA(LLOCE), VA(LCORE), VA(LPRNE),
                 VA(LPREE), VA(LNE), VA(LKE), VA(LFE), VA(LKGS), VA(LKGD),
                 VA(LKGI), VA(LFG), VA(LCORG), VA(LDLNC), VA(LNEQ),
                 VA(LRES), VA(LDLE))
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE EXSOLR(KLD, VDIMP, KLGCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,
             VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VCORG, KDLNC, KNEQ, VRES, VDLE)
      TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'SOLR'
      ASSEMBLE DISTRIBUTED LOADS (ELEMENT FUNCTION 7)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NRES, NFILLR
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY (8)
      DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCSRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPRNE(*),
     1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VCDRG(*),
     2 KDLNC(*), KNEQ(*), VRES(*), VDLE(*)
C---- ASSEMBLE FG
      CALL ASFG (KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGS,
     1 VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
C---- GUTPUT
      IF (M. GE. 1) WRITE (MP, 2000) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
2000 FORMAT(/' GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR (FG)'/(IX, 10E12.5))
      RETURN
      END
```

```
1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
ASSEMBLING DISTRIBUTED LOADS IN FG
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, MNULL
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
    1 , ICOD, NULL (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, YR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY(8)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLBCE(*), VCBRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPRNE(*),
    1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VDLE(*),
    2 VRES (*)
C---- REWIND ELEMENT FILE M2
     REWIND M2
C---- LOOP OVER THE ELEMENTS
     DO 20 IE=1, NELT
C----- READ AN ELEMENT FROM FILE MS
     CALL RDELEM (M2, KLOCE, VCDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
C----- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS IF REQUIRED
     IF (ITPE.EQ. ITPE1) GO TO 10
     100D=2
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- EVALUATE ELEMENT VECTOR
10
     ICOD=7
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- PRINT ELEMENT VECTOR VFE
     IF (M.GE. 2) WRITE (MP, 2000) IEL, (VFE(I), I=1, IDLE)
2000 FORMAT(/' VECTOR (FE) , ELEMENT:', I5/(10X, 10E12.5))
C---- ASSEMBLE
     CALL ASSEL (0, 1, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG)
50
     ITPE1=ITPE
     RETURN
```

END

BUBROUTINE ASFG(KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VDGRE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,

```
SUBROUTINE BLLINM
TO CALL BLOCK 'LINK'
      ASSEMBLE AND SOLVE A LINEAR PROBLEM IN CORE
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TEL
      COMMON/COOR/VDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FNULL (3)
      COMMON/ELEM/NULL(4), ME, MNULL(2)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NRES, MRES
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, MDUMMY(7)
      COMMON/LOC/LOBRG, LDLNC, LNEQ, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLOCE, LCDRE, LNE,
     1 LPRNE, LPREE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFG, LRES, LDLG, LDUMMY (4)
     COMMON VA(1)
      DIMENSION TEL(8)
0+++
        THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
       ILER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS
<u>[+++</u>
<u>[+++</u>
       THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO INITEL WHICH
C+++
        EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE TABLE NAMES.
3
C
     DATA TBL/'KGS ', 'KGD ', 'KGI ', 'FG ', 'KE ', 'FE ', 'RES ', 'DLE '/
C
0
        HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
C
     CALL INITBL (TBL. 'LINM')
C
        ALL THIS WAS SIMPLY TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
     . COMPILER BUG
     IF(M1.EQ.O) M1=MR
      IF (M2.EQ.O) M2=ME
     IF(M3.EQ.O) M3=MRES
     READ(M1, 1000) IN
1000 FERMAT(115)
     IF (IN. NE. O) NRES=1
     WRITE (MP, 2000) M, NRES
2000 FORMAT(//' ASSEMBLING AND LINEAR SOLUTION (M=', 12.')'/' ',30('=')/
     1 15X, ' INDEX FOR RESIDUAL COMPUTATION (NRES)=', IS)
     IF (LKGS.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NKG.1.TBL(1), LKGS)
     IF(LKGD.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NEQ,1,TBL(2),LKGD)
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1. AND. LKGI. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (3), LKGI)
     IF(LF6.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NEQ,1,TBL(4),LFG)
     IF (LKE.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (5), LKE)
     IF (LFE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TBL (6), LFE)
     IF (LRES. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLT, 1, TBL (7), LRES)
     IF(LDLE.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NDLE, 1, TBL(8), LDLE)
     CALL EX-INM(VA(LLD), VA(LDIMP), VA(LLOCE), VA(LCORE), VA(LPRNE),
```

```
VA(LK6I), VA(LFG), VA(LCORG), VA(LDLNC), VA(LNEQ),
                 VA(LRES), VA(LDLE))
     RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE EXLINMIKALD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VDDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,
    1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VCGRG, KDLNC, KNEQ, VRES, VDLE)
TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'LINM'
     ASSEMBLE AND SOLVE A LINEAR PROBLEM IN CORE
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, G-Z)
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NRES, MRES
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, MDUMMY (7)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLDCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*),
    1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VCORG(*),
    2 KDLNC(*), KNEQ(*), VRES(*), VDLE(*)
      OPEN(M3, FILE='$$003.DAT', STATUS='NEW', FORM='UNFORMATTED')
     REWIND M3
C---- ASSEMBLE KG
C----- SAVE UNMODIFIED VECTOR FG (BY B.C.) ON FILE M3
     WRITE(M3) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
     IF (M.GE. 2) WRITE (MP, 2000) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
2000 FORMAT(/' GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR NON MODIFIED BY B.C. (FG)'
    1/(1X, 10E12.5))
C---- ASSEMBLE KG, MODIFY FG FOR THE B.C. AND SAVE THEM
     CALL ASKG(KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGS,
     1 VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
     WRITE(M3) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
     WRITE(M3) (VKGS(I), I=1, NKG), (VKSD(I), I=1, NEQ)
     IF(NSYM.EQ.1) WRITE(M3) (VKGI(I), I=1, NKG)
C---- PRINT KG AND FG
     IF(M.LT.2) 60 TO 20
     WRITE(MP, 2005) (VKGS(I), I=1, NKG)
2005 FORMAT(/' GLOBAL MATRIX (KG)'/' UPPER TRIANGLE'/
     1 (1X, 10E12.5))
     WRITE(MP, 2010) (VKGD(I), I=1, NEQ)
2010 FORWAT(
                DIAGONAL'/(1X, 10E12.5))
     IF(NSYM.EQ.1) WRITE(MP, 2020) (VKGI(I), I=1, NKG)
2020 FORMAT(' LOWER TRIANGLE'/(1X, 10E12.5))
     WRITE (MP, 2030) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
2030 FORMAT(/' GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR MODIFIED BY THE B.C. (FG)'
    1 /(1X, 10E12.5))
C
C---- SOLVE
```

VA(LPREE), VA(LNE), VA(LKE), VA(LFE), VA(LKGS), VA(LKGD),

```
C
90
      DALL SDL (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, KLD, NED, MP, 1, 1, NSYM, ENERG)
      IF (NSYM.NE.1) WRITE (MP, 2035) ENERG
2035 FORMAT (15X, 1 ENERGY
                             (ENERG)=1,1E12.5)
      IF(M.LT.2) GO TO 30
      WRITE(MP, 2040) (VK6S(I), I=1, NK6)
2040 FORMAT(/' TRIANGULARIZED MATRIX (KG)'/' UPPER TRIANGLE'/
     1 (1X, 10E12.5))
      WRITE (MP, 2010) (VKGD(I), I=1, NED)
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) WRITE (MP, 2020) (VKGI(I), I=1, NK6)
C---- PIVOTS OF KG AND DETERMINANT
      CALL PRPVTS (VKGD)
C---- EVALUATE AND PRINT RESIDUAL VECTOR K.U - F
      IF (NRES. EQ. 1) CALL PRRESD (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, KLD, VRES)
C---- PRINT THE SOLUTION
      WRITE (MP, 2050)
2050 FORMAT(//' SOLUTION'//)
      CALL PROGL (KDLNC, VCORG, VDIMP, KNED, VFG)
С
    ---- EVALUATE AND PRINT GRADIENTS (STRESSES)
      CALL ASGRAD (KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGS,
     1 VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
    --- EVALUATE AND PRINT EQUILIBRIUM RESIDUAL VECTOR
C---- READ VECTOR FG AND CHANGE SIGN
      REWIND M3
      READ(M3) (VRES(I), I=1, NEQ)
      DO 40 I=1, NEQ
40
      VRES(I) =-VRES(I)
C---- ASSEMBLE THE RESIDUALS
      CALL ASRESD(1, 1, KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,
     1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES, VRES (NEQ+1))
C---- PRINT THE RESIDUALS
      WRITE (MP, 2060)
2060 FORMAT(//' EQUILIBRIUM RESIDUALS AND REACTIONS'//)
      CALL PRSGL (KDLNC, VCORG, VRES (NEG+1), KNEG, VRES)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
TO ASSEMBLE GLOBAL MATRIX KG (ELEMENT FUNCTION 3)
      TAKING INTO ACCOUNT OF NOW ZERO PRESCRIBED D.O.F.
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/COND/NOLT, NOLZ, NOLNZ
     COMMON/ELEM/WELT, WNEL, WTPE, WGRE, ME, WIDENT, MNULL
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM.MFILLR(3)
     COMMON/RESO/NED, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RODT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
    1 , ICOD, NULL(3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY(8)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*).
    1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VDLE(*),
    2 VRES(*), KEB(1)
C---- REWIND ELEMENT FILE (M2)
     REWIND M2
C----- LOOP OVER THE ELEMENTS
     DO 30 IE=1, NELT
C---- READ AN ELEMENT ON FILE M2
     CALL RDELEM(M2, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
C----- SKIP COMPUTATION IF IDENTICAL ELEMENTS ENCOUNTERED
     IF (NIDENT. EQ. 1. AND. IE. GT. 1) GO TO 20
C---- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS IF REQUIRED
     IF (ITPE. EQ. ITPE1) GO TO 10
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- FORM ELEMENT MATRIX
    ICOD=3
     CALL ELEMLB (VCDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- PRINT SLEMENT MATRIX
     IF (M.LT.2) 60 TO 20
     IF (NSYM.EQ.O) IKE=IDLE*(IDLE+1)/2
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) IKE=IDLE*IDLE
     WRITE (MP, 2000) IEL, (VKE(I), I=1, IKE)
2000 FORMAT(/' MATRIX (KE) , ELEMENT:', 15/(10X, 10E12.5))
C---- MODIFY FG FOR NON ZERO PRESCRIBED D.O.F.
     IF (NCLNZ. NE. 0) CALL MODEG (IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, VDIMP, VKE, VFG)
C---- ASSEMBLE
     CALL ASSEL (1, 0, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG)
30
     ITPE1=ITPE
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE ASKS (KLD, VDIMP, KLDCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,

```
1 VK6S, VKGD, VKGI, VF6, VDLE, VRES)
TO EVALUATE AND PRINT GRADIENTS (STRESSES) AT ELEMENT G.P.
     (ELEMENT FUNCTION 8)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, G-Z)
     COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, MNULL
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
    1 , ICCD, NULL (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY(8)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPRNE(*),
    1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VDLE(*),
    2 VRES(*)
C---- REWIND ELEMENTS FILE (M2)
     REWIND ME
C---- LOOP OVER THE ELEMENTS
     DO 20 IE=1, NELT
C---- READ THE ELEMENT
     CALL RDELEM (M2, KLOCE, VCDRE, VPRNE, VPRSE, KNE)
C----- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTION IF REQUIRED
     IF (ITPE.EQ. ITPE1) GO TO 10
     ICOD=2
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- FIND ELEMENT D.O.F.
     CALL DLELM (KLBCE, VFG, VDIMP, VDLE)
C----- COMPUTE AND PRINT STRESSES OR GRADIENTS
     100D=8
     CALL ELEMLE (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
20
     ITPE1=ITPE
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE ASGRAD(KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,

```
1 KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE. VRES, VREAC)
TO ASSEMBLE INTERNAL RESIDUALS IN VRES (IF IRESD .EQ. 1)
     AND EXTERNAL REACTIONS IN VREAC (IF IREAC. EQ. 1)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, G-Z)
     COMMON/ELEX/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, MNULL
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYX, MFILLR(3)
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ. NFILLR(2)
    COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
    1 . ICOD, NULL (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY(8)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCDRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPRNE(*),
    1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VDLE(*),
    2 VRES(*), VREAC(*)
C---- REWIND ELEMENT FILE (M2)
     REWIND M2
C---- LOOP OVER THE ELEMENTS
     DO 60 IE=1, NELT
C---- READ AN ELEMENT ON FILE ME
     CALL RDELEM (M2, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
C----- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTION IF REQUIRED
     IF (ITPE.EQ. ITPE1) GO TO 10
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- FIND ELEMENT D.O.F.
     CALL DLELM(KLOCE, VFG, VDIMP, VDLE)
C---- EVALUATE ELEMENT REACTIONS
     3=0001
     CALL ELEMLE (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- PRINT ELEMENT REACTIONS
     IF(M.GE.2) WRITE(MP, 2000) IEL, (VFE(I), I=1, IDLE)
2000 FBRMAT(/' REACTIONS (FE) , ELEMENT:', 15/(10X, 10E12.5))
     IF (IRESD. NE. 1) GD TD 20
C---- ASSEMBLE INTERNAL RESIDUALS
     CALL ASSEL (O, 1, IDLE, NSYM, KLDCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VRES)
20
     IF (IREAC.NE. 1) 60 TO 60
C---- ASSEMBLE EXTERNAL REACTIONS
      MODIFY TERMS IN KLOCE SUCH THAT PRESCRIBED D.O.F. ARE THE ONLY
      ASSEMBLED ONES
     DO 50 ID=1, IDLE
     IF(KLOCE(ID)) 30,50,40
     KLOCE(ID) =-KLOCE(ID)
     GD TO 50
40
     KLOCE (ID)=0
     CALL ASSEL (O, 1, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VREAC)
60
     ITPE1=ITPE
     RETURN
```

END

SUBROUTINE ASRESD (IRESD, IREAC, KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE,

```
SUBROUTINE ASSEL (IKG, IFG, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS,
    1 VKSD, VKSI, VF6)
TO ASSEMBLE AN ELEMENT MATRIX AND/OR VECTOR
C
     (MATRIX SYMMETRICAL OR NOT)
C
     INPUT
€
         IKG
               IF IKG. EQ. 1 ASSEMBLE ELEMENT MATRIX KE
C
         156
               IF IFG.EQ. 1 ASSEMBLE ELEMENT VECTOR FE
      IDLE ELEMENT NUMBER OF D.O.F.
     NSYM O=SYMMETRIC PROBLEM, 1=UNSYMMETRIC PROBLEM
       KLOCE ELEMENT LOCALIZATION VECTOR
C
       KLD CUMULATIVE COLUMN HEIGHTS OF KG
        VKE - ELEMENT MATRIX KE (FULL OR UPPER TRIANGLE BY
Ü
               DESCENDING COLUMNS)
       VFE ELEMENT VECTOR FE
Ð
     OUTPUT
         VKGS, VKGD, VKGI GLOBAL MATRIX (SKYLINES)
               (SYMMETRIC OR NOT)
        VFG
                GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     DIMENSION KLOCE(*), KLD(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*),
    1 VKGI(±), VFG(±)
C
C---- ASSEMBLE ELEMENT MATRIX
     IF (IKG. NE. 1) 60 TO 100
    IEQO=IDLE
    IE01=1
C----- FOR EACH COLUMN OF KE
     DO 30 JD=1, IDLE
     IF (NSYM. NE. 1) IERO=JD
     JL=KLOCE(JD)
     IF (JL) 90,90,10
    IO=KLD(JL+1)
10
    IEQ=IEQ1
     IQ=1
C---- FOR EACH ROW OF KE
     DO 80 ID=1, IDLE
     IL=KLOCE(ID)
     IF(NSYM.EQ.1) 60 TO 30
     IF (ID-JD) 30, 20, 20
20
    IQ=ID
30
    IF(IL) 80,80,40
40
    IJ=JL-IL
    IF(IJ) 70,50,60
```

C---- DIAGONAL TERMS OF KG

GD TO 80

VKGD(IL)=VKGD(IL)+VKE(IEQ)

C---- UPPER TRIANGLE TERMS OF KG I=IO-IJ VKGS(I)=VKGS(I)+VKE(IEQ) GO TO 80 C---- LOWER TRIANGLE TERMS OF KG IF (NSYM. NE. 1) GO TO 80 I=KLD(IL+1)+IJ VKGI(I)=VKSI(I)+VKE(IEQ) 80 150=150+10 IEG1=IEG1+IEGO 90 Ū C---- ASSEMBLE ELEMENT LOAD VECTOR 100 IF (IFG. NE. 1) GD TO 130 DO 120 ID=1, IDLE IL=KLOCE(ID) IF(IL) 120, 120, 110 110 VFG(IL)=VFG(IL)+VFE(ID) 120 CONTINUE 130 RETURN END

```
SUBROUTINE MODEG (IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, VDIMP, VKE, VFG)
TO MODIFY VECTOR FG TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT OF PRESCRIBED NON ZERO
С
    D.O.F. FOR A GIVEN ELEMENT
O
     INPUT
        IDLE ELEMENT NUMBER OF D.O.F.
C
C
       NSYM O=SYMMETRIC PROBLEM, 1=NON SYMMETRIC PROBLEM
        KLOCE SLEMENT LOCALIZATION VECTOR
       VDIMP VALUES OF PRESCRIBED D.O.F.
       VKE ELEMENT MATRIX (FULL OR UPPER TRIANGLE
BY DESCENDING COLUMNS)
     OUTPUT
C
        VFG GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     DIMENSION KLOCE(*), VDIMP(*), VKE(*), VFG(*)
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/
    IEQO=IDLE
     IEQ1=1
C---- FOR EACH ROW OF ELEMENT MATRIX
    DO 50 JD=1, IDLE
    IF (NSYM. NE. 1) IEQO=JD
    IEQ=IEQ1
    JL=KLOCE(JD)
    IQ=1
    IF (JL) 10,50,50
10
   JL=-JL
    DIMP=VDIMP(JL)
    IF(DIMP.EQ.ZERO) GO TO 50
C---- FOR EACH COLUMN OF ELEMENT MATRIX
    DO 40 ID=1, IDLE
     IL=KLOCE(ID)
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) GO TO 30
     IF(ID-JD) 30,20,20
20 IQ=ID
    IF(IL.GT.O) VFG(IL)=VFG(IL)-VKE(IEQ)*DIMP
30
40
  IEQ=IEQ+IQ
50 IEQ1=IEQ1+IEQ0
     RETURN
     END
```

```
C TO EVALUATE AND TO PRINT THE PIVOTS AND THE DETERMINANT OF MATRIX KG
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
     COMMON/RESO/NED, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
     DIMENSION VKGD(*)
     BATA UN/1.DO/, GRGS/1.D38/
     ABS(X)=DABS(X)
     X1=GR05
     X2=GROS
     DET=UN
    IDET=0
C----- PRINT PIVOTS OF MATRIX KG
     IF(M.GE.2) WRITE(MP, 2000)(VKGD(I), I=1, NED)
2000 FORMAT(/' SLOBAL MATRIX PIVOTS'/(1X, 10E12.5))
    DO 50 I=1, NEQ
C---- ABSOLUTE VALUE OF MINIMUM PIVOT
     X=ABS(VKGD(I))
     IF (X.GT. X1) GD TD 10
    X1=X
    Ii=I
C----- ALGEBRAIC VALUE OF MINIMUM PIVOT
     X=VKGD(I)
10
    IF(X.GT.X2) GD TO 20
    X2=X
C---- DETERMINANT (BOUNDS : 10 EXPONENT + OR - 10)
20
   DET=DET*VKGD(I)
   DET1=ABS(DET)
    IF (DET1.LT. 1.D10) SO TO 40
    DET=DET+1.D-10
    IDET=IDET+10
    IF(DET1.GT.1.D-10) 60 TO 50
44)
    DET=DET*1.D10
    IDET=IDET-10
    GD TO 30
   CONTINUE
C---- GUTPUT
    WRITE (MP, 2010) X1, 11, X2, 12, DET, IDET
2010 FORMAT(/15X, 'ABSOLUTE VALUE OF MINIMUM PIVOT =', E12.5, ' EGUATION
                    'ALGEBRAIC VALUE=',E12.5,' EQUATION:',
    1:', I5 /29X,
    2 I5 /29X,
                           'DETERMINANT =',E12.5,' * 10 ** ',
    3 I5/)
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE PRRESD(VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, KLD, VRES)
C------
     TO COMPUTE AND PRINT THE RESIDUAL VECTOR K.U - F
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     CDMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, MFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RESO/NEG, NRES, MRES
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, MDUMMY (7)
     DIMENSION VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), KLD(*), VRES(*)
     DATA ZERG/0.DO/
     ABS(X)=DABS(X)
     REWIND M3
C----- SKIP VECTOR FG NON MODIFIED BY B.C. ON FILE M3
     READ(M3) (VRES(I), I=1, NEQ)
C----- READ VECTOR FG MODIFIED BY B.C. AND MATRIX KG
     READ(M3) (VRES(I), I=1, NEQ)
     READ(M3) (VKGS(I), I=1, NKG), (VKGD(I), I=1, NEQ)
     IF(NSYM.EQ.1) RERD(M3) (VKGI(I), I=1, NKG)
C---- EVALUATE THE RESIDUAL VECTOR
     DO 10 I=1, NEQ
10
     VRES(I) =-VRES(I)
     CALL MULKU (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, KLD, VFG, NEQ, NSYM, VRES)
     DO 20 I=1.NEQ
     VRES(I) =- VRES(I)
20
     X1=ZERO
     DB 30 I=1, NEQ
     X=ABS(VRES(I))
     IF(X1.6E.X) GD TD 30
     X1=X
     11=1
30
     CONTINUE
     IF (M.GE. 2) WRITE (MP, 2000) (VRES (I), I=1, NEQ)
2000 FORMAT(/' RESIDUALS VECTOR'/(1X, 10E12.5))
     WRITE(MP, 2010) X1, I1
2010 FORMAT(/' MAX. RESIDUAL VALUE=', E12.5, ' EQUATION', I5)
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE PRSOL (KDLNC, VCORG, VDIMP, KNEQ, VFG)
TO PRINT THE SOLUTION
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 RF, RL, FX
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NNULL (2), FNULL (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
     COMMON/TRVL/V(10), FX(10), RDUMMY(506), NULL
     DIMENSION VDIMP(*), KDLNC(*), VCORG(*), KNEQ(*), VFG(*)
     DATA RF/' * '/,RL/' '/,ZERO/O.DO/
     X2=ZERO
     X3=ZERO
     WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT(/' NODES', 4X, 'X', 11X, 'Y', 11X, 'Z', 10X, 'DEGREES OF FREEDOM (*
    1 = PRESCRIBED) 1/)
     12=0
     DO 50 IN=1, NNT
     I1=I2+1
     12=12+NDIM
     ID1=KDLNC(IN)+1
     ID2=KDLNC(IN+1)
     ID=ID2-ID1+1
     IF (ID2.LT. ID1) GO TO 50
     X1=VCCRG(I1)
     IF (NDIM. GE. 2) X2=VCORG(I1+1)
     IF(NDIM.GE.3) X3=VCORG(I1+2)
     J=ID1
     DO 40 I=1, ID
     JJ=KNEQ(J)
     IF(JJ) 10,20,30
10
     V(I)=VDIMP(-JJ)
     FX(I)=RF
     GD TD 40
20
     V(I)=ZERO
     FX(I)=RF
     GD TD 40
30
     V(I)=VFG(JJ)
     FX(I)=RL
40
     J=J+1
     WRITE(MP, 2010) IN, X1, X2, X3, (V(II), FX(II), II=1, ID)
2010 FORMAT(1X, I5, 3E12.5, 5X.5(E12.5, A4)/47X, 5(E12.5, A4))
     CONTINUE
50
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE DLELM (KLOCE, VDLG, VDIMP, VDLE)
TO GENERATE ELEMENT D.O.F.
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/REDT/IEL, INUL(3), IDLE, NULL(10)
    COMMEN/ES/X, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
    DIMENSION KLOCE(*), VDLG(*), VDIMP(*), VDLE(*)
    DATA ZERG/O.DO/
    DO 40 ID=1, IDLE
     IT=KTOCE(ID)
    IF(IL) 10,20,30
10
    VDLE(ID)=VDIMP(-IL)
    GD TD 40
20
    VDLE(ID)=ZERO
    S0 T0 40
30
    VDLE(ID)=VDLG(IL)
40
    CONTINUE
     IF (M.GE.2) WRITE (MP, 2000) IEL, (VDLE (ID), ID=1, IDLE)
    FORMAT(' DEGREES OF FREEDOM OF ELEMENT', I5/(1X, 10E12.5))
    RETURN
    END
```

```
SUBROUTINE MULKU(VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, KLD, VFG, NEQ, NSYM, VRES)
SUBPROGRAM :
C
     TO ADD VECTOR RES TO THE PRODUCT OF MATRIX KG AND THE VECTOR FG
С
         VKGS, VKGD, VKGI MATRIX KG STORED BY SKYLINE
0
С
                      (SYM. OR NON SYM.)
C
       XLD ARRAY OF ADDRESS OF COLUMN TOP TERMS IN KG
С
        VFG VECTOR FG
     . NEQ ORDER OF VECTORS FG AND RES
     NSYM .EQ. 1 IF NON SYMMETRIC PROBLEM
        VRES VECTOR RES
      OUTPUT
        VRES VECTOR RES
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
     DIMENSION VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), KLD(*), VFG(*), VRES(*)
  ----- FOR EACH COLUMN OF MATRIX KG
     DO 20 IK=1, NEQ
     JHK=KLD(IK)
     JHK1=KLD(IK+1)
     LHK=JHK1-JHK
C---- DIAGONAL TERMS
     C=VKGD(IK) *VFG(IK)
    IF (LHK.LE.O) GO TO 20
     IO=IK-LHK
C---- ROW TERKS
     IF (NSYM. NE. 1) C=C+SCAL (VKGS (JHK), VFG (IO), LHK)
     IF(NSYM.EQ.1) C=C+SCAL(VKGI(JHK), VFG(IO), LHK)
S---- COLUMN TERMS
     J=JHK
     I1=IK-1
     DO 10 IJ=I0, I1
     VRES(IJ)=VRES(IJ)+VKGS(J)*VFG(IK)
10
    J=J+1
    VRES(IK)=VRES(IK)+C
```

RETURN END

```
SUBROUTINE GAUSS (IPGKED, NDIM, VKPG, VCPG, IPG)
```

```
TO FORM ARRAYS OF COORDINATES AND WEIGHTS AT GAUSS POINTS
      (1,2 AND 3 DIMENSIONS) (1,2,3 OR 4 G.P. PER DIMENSION)
С
C
       INPUT
           IPGKED NUMBER OF POINTS IN KSI, ETA, ZETA DIRECTIONS
C
                  NUMBER OF DIMENSIONS (1,2 OR 3)
đ
        GUTPUT
                  COORDINATES OF GAUSS POINTS
          VCPG
                  WEIGHTS AT GAUSS POINTS
          IPG
                 TOTAL NUMBER OF GAUSS POINTS
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      DIMENSION IPGKED(*), VKPG(*), VCPG(*), G(10), P(10), INDIC(4)
C+++
          THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
          ILER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS.
C+++
          THESE ARRAYS ARE NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY
C+++
          SUBROUTINE INITGA WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE
0+++
          THESE THREE ARRAYS
C
     DATA INDIC/1, 2, 4, 7/
С
      DATA 6/0.0D0, -.577350269189626D0, .577350269189626D0,
С
            -.774596669241483D0,0.0D0,.774596669241483D0,
0
            -.861136311594050D0, -.339981043584860D0,
С
            .339981043584860D0,.861136311594050D0/
C
     DATA P/2.000, 1.000, 1.000,
C
           0.5555555555555600,0.88888888888888900,0.55555555555555600,
С
            .347854845137450D0,.652145154862550D0,
0
            .652145154862550D0,.347854845137450D0/
C
3
          HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C
         COMPILER BUG
C
      CALL INITGA (INDIC, G, P)
C
0+++
          ALL OF THIS HAS BEEN TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
          COMPILER BUG
C
     II=IPGKED(1)
      IMIN=INDIC(II)
      IMAX=IMIN+II-1
      IF (NDIM-2) 10, 20, 30
   --- 1 DIMENSION
      IPG=0
      DO 15 I=IMIN, IMAX
     IPG=IPG+1
     VKPG(IPG)=G(I)
15
     VCPG(IPG)=P(I)
```

```
RETURN
C---- 2 DIMENSIONS
20
      II=IPGKED(2)
      JMIN=INDIC(II)
      JMAX=JMIN+II-1
      IPG=0
      L=1
      DO 25 I=IMIN, IMAX
      DO 25 J=JMIN, JMAX
      IPG=IPG+1
      VKPG(L)=G(I)
      VKPG(L+1)=G(J)
      L=L+2
25
     VCPG(IPG)=P(I)*P(J)
     RETURN
C---- 3 DIMENSIONS
30
      II=IPGKED(2)
      JMIN=INDIC(II)
     JMAX=JMIN+II-1
     II=IPGKED(3)
     KMIN=INDIC(II)
      KMAX=KMIN+II-1
     IPG=0
     1=1
     DO 35 I=IMIN, IMAX
     DO 35 J=JMIN, JMAX
     DO 35 K=KMIN, KMAX
     IPG=IPG+1
     VKPG(L)=G(I)
     VKPG(L+1)=G(J)
     VKPG(L+2)=G(K)
     L=L+3
35
     VCPG(IPG)=P(I)*P(J)*P(K)
     RETURN
```

END

SUBROUTINE PNINV(VKSI, KEXP, VP, K1, VPN)

```
EVALUATE THE PN-INVERSE MATRIX WHICH
     CONTAINS THE COEFFICIENTS OF FUNCTIONS N
C
       INPUT VKSI, KEXP, INEL, IDLE, ITPE, M, MP
       WORKSPACE
                   VP,KI
       OUTPUT
                   VeV
     IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, D-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NOIM, NULL (3), FNULL (3)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE; ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
     1 .NULL(4)
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
     DIMENSION VKSI(*), KEXP(*), VP(*), K1(*), VPN(*), KDER(3)
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/
THIS IS TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT COMPILER BUG
Ct++
        WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS
     DATA KDER/3*0/
C
     KDER(1) = 0
     KDER(2) = 0
     ADER(3) = 0
<u>0+++</u>
        ALL THIS HAS BEEN TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
        COMPILER BUG
C
C..... FORM PN MATRIX (FOR ANY LAGRANGE TYPE ELEMENT)
C
     I0=1
     I1=1
     DO 20 IN=1, INEL
     CALL BASEP(VKSI(II), KEXP, KDER, VP)
     I2=I0
     DO 10 IJ=1, INEL
     VPN(I2)=VP(IJ)
10
    I2=I2+INEL
     I0=I0+1
20
   I1=I1+NDIM
0
C..... END OF PN FORMATION
C---- PRINT THE PN MATRIX
     IF(M.LT.4) GO TO 40
     WRITE (MP, 2000)
2000 FORMAT(/' PN MATRIX'/)
     ID=(INEL-1)*INEL
     DO 30 IO=1, INEL
```

I1=I0+ID

- 30 WRITE(MP, 2010) (VPN(IJ), IJ=I0, I1, INEL)
- 2010 FORMAT(1X, 10E13.5/(14X, 9E13.5))

C---- INVERSE THE PN MATRIX

- 40 CALL INVERS(VPN, INEL, INEL, K1, DET)
 IF (DET.NE.ZERD) GD TD 50
 WRITE(MP, 2020) ITPE
- 2020 FORMAT(' *** ERROR, PN SINGULAR, ELEMENT TYPE:', I3)
 STOP
- C---- PRINT THE PN-INVERSE MATRIX
- 50 IF(M.LT.4) GO TO 70 WRITE(MP,2030)
- 2030 FORMAT(/' PN-INVERSE MATRIX'/)
 DO 60 IO=1, INEL
 I1=I0+ID
- 50 WRITE (MP, 2010) (VPN(IJ), IJ=I0, I1, INEL)
- 70 RETURN END

```
$LARGE
$DEBUG
$NOFLOATCALLS
$0066
      SUBROUTINE NI (VKSI, KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI)
      TO EVALUATE FUNCTIONS N OR THEIR DERIVATIVES
C
      AT POINT VKSI ON THE REFERENCE ELEMENT
C
                  VKSI, KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, IDLE, M, MP
        OUTPUT
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      COMMON/CODR/NDIM, NNULL (3), FNULL (3)
      COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
     1 , NULL (4)
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
      DIMENSION VKSI(*), KEXP(*), KDER(*), VP(*), VPN(*), VNI(*)
      DATA ZERO/O.DO/
C---- COMPUTE THE POLYNOMIAL BASIS AT POINT VKSI
      CALL BASEP (VKSI, KEXP, KDER, VP)
C---- P*(PN-INVERSE) PRODUCT
      10=1
      DO 20 IJ=1, INEL
      I1=I0
      C=ZERO
      DO 10 II=1, INEL
      C=C+VP(II) *VPN(I1)
10
     I1=I1+1
      VNI(IJ)=C
20
      IO=IO+INEL
S---- PRINT FUNCTIONS N
      IF (M.LT.3) GO TO 30
      WRITE(MP, 2000) (KDER(I), I=1, NDIM)
2000 FORMAT(/' DERIVATIVE OF N WITH ORDER '.312)
      WRITE (MP, 2010) (VKSI(I), I=1, NDIM)
2010 FORMAT(14X, 'AT POINT ', 3E13.5)
      WRITE (MP, 2020) (VNI(I), I=1, INEL)
2020 FORMAT(/(1X, 10E13.5))
      RETURN
30
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BASEP (VKSI, KEXP, KDER, VP)
TO EVALUATE THE POLYNOMIAL BASIS AND ITS DERIVATIVES AT POINT VXSI
               VKSI, KEXP, KDER, IDLE, IDEG, NDIM, M, MP
С
       INPUT
       OUTPUT VP
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNULL(3), FNULL(3)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
     1 , NULL (4)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
     DIMENSION VKSI(*), KEXP(*), KDER(*), VP(*)
     DIMENSION PUISS(3,10)
     DATA ZERG/O.DO/,UN/1.DO/
C----- FORM SUCCESSIVE POWERS OF KSI, ETA, DZETA
     DO 10 I=1, NDIM
     PUISS(I,1)=UN
     DO 10 ID=1, IDE6
     PUISS(I, ID+1) = PUISS(I, ID) *VKSI(I)
10
C----- DERIVATIVES OF ORDER KDER WITH RESPECT TO KSI, ETA, DZETA
     DO 50 IDL=1, INEL
     C1=UN
     IO=(IDL-1) *NDIM
     DO 30 I=1, NDIM
     IDR=KDER(I)
     10=10+1
     IXP=XEXP(IO)+1
     J=IXP-IDR
     IF(J.LE.O) GO TO 40
     IF(IDR.LE.O) GO TO 30
     DO 20 ID=1, IDR
20
   C1=C1*(IXP-ID)
30 C1=C1*PUISS(I, J)
     60 TO 50
40
    C1=ZERO
50
     VP(IDL)=C1
C---- PRINT POLYNOMIAL BASIS
     IF(M.LT.4) 60 TO 60
     WRITE(MP, 2000) (KDER(I), I=1, NDIM)
2000 FORMAT(/' POLYNOMIAL BASIS, DERIVATIVE OF ORDER ', 312)
     WRITE (MP, 2010) (VKSI(I), I=1, NDIM)
2010 FORMAT (19X, 'AT POINT ', 3E13.5)
     WRITE (MP, 2020) (VP(I), I=1, INEL)
2020 FDRMAT(/(1X, 10E12.5))
60
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE INVERS(VP, N, IVP, K, DET)
```

```
TO INVERT A NON-SYMMETRIC MATRIX WITH SEARCH OF A
C
     NON-ZERO PIVOT IN A COLUMN
C
        INPUT
C
           QD.
                   MATRIX TO BE INVERTED
C
           N
                   ORDER OF THE MATRIX
C
                   DIMENSION OF THE MATRIX IN THE CALLING PROGRAM
C
                   INTEGER WORKING ARRAY WITH LENGTH N
           K
C
        CUTPUT
C
          VP 
                   INVERSE MATRIX
C
          DET
                   DETERMINANT
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      DIMENSION VP(IVP, IVP), K(N)
      DATA ZERO/O.DO/,UN/1.DO/,EPS/1.D-13/
      ABS(X)=DABS(X)
     DET=UN
      DO 5 I=1, N
     K(I)=I
C---- START INVERSION
     DO 80 II=1, N
C----- SEARCH FOR NON-ZERO PIVOT IN COLUMN II
     DO 10 I=II, N
      PIV=VP(I, II)
      IF (ABS(PIV).GT.EPS) GO TO 20
10
      CONTINUE
     DET=ZERO
      RETURN
C---- EXCHANGE LINES II AND I
20
      DET=DET*PIV
      IF (I.EQ. II) 60 TO 40
      I1=K(II)
     K(II)=K(I)
      K(I)=I1
      DO 30 J=1,N
      C=VP(I,J)
      VP(I,J)=VP(II,J)
     VP(II, J)=C
30
      DET=-DET
     --- NORMALIZE PIVOT LINE
£--
40
      C=UN/PIV
     VP(II, II) =UN
      DO 50 J=1,N
      VP(II, J)=VP(II, J)+C
C---- ELIMINATION
     DO 70 I=1,N
      IF(I.EQ.II) 60 TO 70
      C=VP(I, II)
```

```
VP(I, II) = ZERO
      DO 60 J=1, N
60
      VP(I, J) = VP(I, J) - C*VP(II, J)
70
      CONTINUE
80
      CONTINUE
    --- REORDER THE COLUMNS OF INVERSE MATRIX
      DO 120 J=1, N
C---- FIND J1 SUCH THAT K(J1)=J
      DO 90 J1=J,N
      JJ=K(J1)
      IF(JJ.EQ.J) 60 TO 100
90
      CONTINUE
100
    IF(J.EQ.J1) 60 TO 120
C---- EXCHANGE COLUMNS J AND J1
      K(J1)=K(J)
      DO 110 I=1, N
      C=VP(I, J)
     VP(I, J) = VP(I, J1)
110
      VP(I, J1)=C
120
     CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

```
TO EVALUATE THE JACOBIAN MATRIX, ITS DETERMINANT AND
C
C
     ITS INVERSE (1,2,3 DIMENSIONS)
C
        INPUT
C
          VNI
                  DERIVATIVES OF INTERPOLATION FUNCTION W.R.T.
C
                  KSI, ETA, DZETA
C
          VCORE
                  ELEMENT NODAL COORDINATES
C
                  NUMBER OF DIMENSIONS
          MIDN
C
                  NUMBER OF NODES PER ELEMENT
          INEL
C
       OUTPUT
C
          VJ
                  JACOBIAN MATRIX
C
          VJ1
                  INVERSE OF JACOBIAN MATRIX
                  DETERMINANT OF JACOBIAN MATRIX
     IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     DIMENSION VNI(INEL, *), VCORE(NDIM, *), VJ(*), VJ1(*)
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/, UN/1.DO/
C---- FORM THE JACOBIAN MATRIX
     J=1
     DO 20 JJ=1, NDIM
     DO 20 II=1, NDIM
     C=ZERO
     DO 10 IJ=1, INEL
     C=C+VNI(IJ, II) *VCORE(JJ, IJ)
10
     VJ(J)=C
     J=J+1
30
C---- 1, 2, OR 3 DIMENSIONAL INVERSION
     GD TO (40,50,60), NDIM
40
     DETJ=VJ(1)
     IF (DETJ.EQ. ZERO) RETURN
     VJ1(1)=UN/DETJ
     RETURN
50
     DETJ=VJ(1) ±VJ(4) -VJ(2) ±VJ(3)
     IF (DETJ. EQ. ZERO) RETURN
     VJ1(1)=VJ(4)/D€TJ
     VJ1(2)=-VJ(2)/DETJ
     VJ1(3)=-VJ(3)/DETJ
     VJ1(4)=VJ(1)/DETJ
     RETURN
60
     DETJ=VJ(1)*(VJ(5)*VJ(9)-VJ(8)*VJ(6))
         +VJ(4)*(VJ(8)*VJ(3)-VJ(2)*VJ(9))
         +VJ(7)*(VJ(2)*VJ(6)-VJ(5)*VJ(3))
     IF(DETJ.EQ.ZERO) RETURN
     VJ1(1) = (VJ(5) *VJ(9) - VJ(6) *VJ(8))/DETJ
     VJ1(2)=(VJ(3)*VJ(8)-VJ(2)*VJ(9))/DETJ
     VJ1(3)=(VJ(2)*VJ(6)-VJ(3)*VJ(5))/DETJ
     VJ1(4) = (VJ(7) \pm VJ(6) - VJ(4) \pm VJ(9)) / DETJ
     VJ1(5) = (VJ(1) *VJ(9) - VJ(7) *VJ(3)) / DETJ
```

```
VJ1(6) = (VJ(4) *VJ(3) -VJ(6) *VJ(1)) /DETJ

VJ1(7) = (VJ(4) *VJ(8) -VJ(7) *VJ(5)) /DETJ

VJ1(8) = (VJ(2) *VJ(7) -VJ(8) *VJ(1)) /DETJ

VJ1(9) = (VJ(1) *VJ(5) -VJ(4) *VJ(2)) /DETJ

RETURN

END
```

SUBROUTINE DNIDX (VNI, VJ1, NDIM, INEL, VNIX)

```
COMPUTE THE DERIVATIVES OF INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS WITH
C
C
     RESPECT TO X, Y, Z
C
     (1,2 OR 3 DIMENSIONS)
C
      INPUT
C
          VNI
                 DERIVATIVES OF INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS WITH RESPECT
C
                 TO KSI, ETA, DZETA
C
          VJ1
                 INVERSE OF THE JACOBIAN
C
          NDIM
                 NUMBER OF DIMENSIONS (1,2 DR 3)
C
                 NUMBER OF INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS (OR NODES)
          INEL
C
       OUTPUT
C
          VNIX
                 X,Y,Z DERIVATIVES OF INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS
     IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     DIMENSION VNI(INEL, *), VJ1(NDIM, *), VNIX(INEL, *)
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/
     DO 20 I=1, NDIM
     DO 20 J=1, INEL
     C=ZERO
     DO 10 IJ=1, NDIM
10
     C=C+VJ1(I,IJ)*VNI(J,IJ)
20
     VNIX(J, I)=C
     RETURN
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE SOL (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, KLD, NEQ, MP, IFAC, ISOL, NSYM, ENERG)
TO SOLVE A LINEAR SYSTEM (SYMMETRICAL OR NOT).
C
     THE MATRIX IS STORED IN CORE BY SKYLINES IN ARRAYS
C
     VKGS, VKGD, VKGI
C
      INPUT
8
                            SYSTEM MATRIX : UPPER, DIAGONAL AND
          VKGS, VKGD, VKGI
C
                           LOWER PARTS
C
          VFG
                            SECOND MEMBER
C
          KLD
                            ADDRESSES OF COLUMN TOP TERMS
C
        NEQ
                           NUMBER OF EQUATIONS
        MP
                           OUTPUT DEVICE NUMBER
C
        IFAC
                           IF IFAC. EQ. 1 TRIANGULARIZE THE
C
                          MATRIX
0
        ISOL
                           IF ISOL.EQ. 1 COMPUTE THE SOLUTION FROM
C
                           TRIANGULARIZED MATRIX
C
        NSYM
                           INDEX FOR NONSYMMETRIC PROBLEM
C
       OUTPUT
C
          VKGS, VKGD, VKGI
                           TRIANGULARIZED MATRIX (IF IFAC. EQ. 1)
C
                           SOLUTION (IF ISOL.EQ. 1)
          VF6
                            SYSTEM ENERGY (IF NSYM. EQ. 0)
     IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H, O-Z)
     DIMENSION VKGS(+), VKGD(+), VKGI(+), VFG(+), KLD(+)
     DATA ZERO/O.ODO/
     IK=1
     IF (VKGD(1).EQ. ZERO) 60 TO 80
     ENERG=ZERO
C
C---- FOR EACH COLUMN IK TO BE MODIFIED -
C
     JHK=1
     DO 100 IK=2, NEQ
C---- ADDRESS OF THE NEXT COLUMN TOP TERM IK+1
     JHK1=KLD(IK+1)
C---- HEIGHT OF COLUMN IK (INCLUDE UPPER AND DIAGONAL TERMS)
     LHK=JHK1-JHK
     LHK1=LHK-1
C---- ROW OF FIRST TERM TO BE MODIFIED IN COLUMN IK
     IMIN=IK-LHK1
     IMIN1=IMIN-1
C----- ROW OF LAST TERM TO BE MODIFIED IN COLUMN IK
     IMAX=IK-1
     IF (LHK1.LT.0) 60 TO 100
     IF (IFAC.NE.1) GO TO 90
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) VKGI (JHK) = VKGI (JHK) / VKGD (IMIN1)
     IF (LHK1.EQ. 0) GO TO 40
C
C---- MODIFY NON-DIAGONAL TERM IN COLUMN IK
```

```
C
      JCK=JHK+1
      JHJ=KLD(IMIN)
C--- FOR EACH TERM LOCATED AT JCK AND CORRESPONDING TO COLUMN IJ
      DO 30 IJ=IMIN, IMAX
      JHJ1=KLD(IJ+1)
C---- NUMBER OF MODIFICATIVE TERMS FOR COEFFICIENT LOCATED AT JCK
      IC=MINO(JCK-JHK, JHJ1-JHJ)
      IF (IC. LE.O. AND. NSYM. EQ. O) GO TO 20
      C1=ZERO
      IF(IC.LE.O) GO TO 17
      J1=JHJ1-IC
      J2=JCK-IC
      IF (NSYM.EQ. 1) 60 TO 15
      VKGS(JCK)=VKGS(JCK)-SCAL(VKGS(J1), VKGS(J2), IC)
      GD TD 20
      VKGS(JCK)=VKGS(JCK)-SCAL(VKGI(J1), VKGS(J2), IC)
15
      C1=SCAL(VK6S(J1), VKSI(J2), IC)
17
      VKGI (JCK) = (VKGI (JCK) -C1) /VKGD(IJ)
20
      JCK=JCK+1
30
      JHJ=JHJ1
3
C---- MODIFY DIAGONAL TERM
C
40
      JCK=JHK
      CDIAG=ZERO
      DO 70 IJ=IMIN1, IMAX
      C1=VK6S(JCK)
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) 60 TO 50
      C2=C1/VKGD(IJ)
      VKGS(JCK)=C2
      GO TO 60
50
      C2=VKGI (JCK)
60 CDIAG=CDIAG+C1*C2
70
      JCK=JCK+1
      VKGD(IK)=VKGD(IK)-CDIAG
      IF(VK6D(IK)) 90,80,90
80
      WRITE (MP, 2000) IK
2000 FORMAT(' *** ERROR, ZERO PIVOT EQUATION ', I5)
      STOP
3
C---- SOLVE LOWER TRIANGULAR SYSTEM
   90 IF (ISOL. NE. 1) GO TO 100
      IF (NSYM. NE. 1) VFG(IK)=VFG(IK)-SCAL(VKGS(JHK), VFG(IMIN1), LHK)
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) VFG(IK)=VFG(IK)-SCAL(VKGI(JHK), VFG(IMIN1), LHK)
100
      JHK=JHK1
      IF (ISOL. NE. 1) RETURN
3
C---- SOLVE DIAGONAL SYSTEM
C
```

```
IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) 60 TO 120
      DO 110 IK=1, NEQ
      C1=VKGD(IK)
      C2=VFG(IK)/C1
      VFG(IK)=C2
110
      ENERG=ENERG+C1*C2*C2
C
C---- SOLVE DIAGONAL SYSTEM
3
120
      IK=NEQ+1
      JHK1=KLD(IK)
130
      IK=IK-1
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) VFG (IK) =VFG (IK) /VKGD (IK)
      IF (IK. EQ. 1) RETURN
      C1=VFG(IK)
      JHK=KLD(IK)
      JBK=JHK1-1
      IF (JHK. GT. JBK) GO TO 150
      IJ=IK-JBK+JHK-1
      DO 140 JCK=JHK, JBK
      VF6(IJ)=VF6(IJ)-VK6S(JCK)*C1
140
      IJ=IJ+1
150
      JHK1=JHK
      GD TD 130
      END
      FUNCTION SCAL(X,Y,N)
C====
C
      INNER PRODUCT OF VECTORS X AND Y OF LENGTH N
C
        (FUNCTION TO BE WRITTEN EVENTUALLY IN ASSEMBLER)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      DIMENSION X(*), Y(*)
      DATA ZERO/O.ODO/
      SCAL=ZERO
      DO 10 I=1, N
10
      SCAL=SCAL+X(I)*Y(I)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BLLIND
 TO CALL BLOCK 'LIND'
       TO ASSEMBLE AND TO SOLVE A LINEAR PROBLEM WHEN MATRIX KG IS
 C
       STORED BLOCKWISE ON DISK
       IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
       CHARACTER*4 TBL
       COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNT, NDLN, NDLT, FNULL (3)
       COMMON/ELEM/NULL(4), ME, MNULL(2)
       COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
       COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NRES, MRES
       CDMMON/LIND/NLBL, NBLM, MK61, MK62
       COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, MDUMMY (5)
       COMMON/ALLOC/NVA, IVA, IVAMAX, NREEL, IDUMMY
       COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNEQ, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLOCE, LCORE, LNE,
       1 LPRNE, LPREE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFG, LRES, LDLG, LDUMMY (4)
       COMMON VA(1)
       DIMENSION TBL (10), IN (3)
       DATA DEUX/2.DO/, NBLMAX/100/
         THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF AN MS FORTRAN COMPILER
 C+++
 C+++
        BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS. THIS ARRAY
         IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY SUBROUTINE
 C+++
         INITEL WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE THIS ARRAY
 0
 C
       DATA TBL/'KGS ','KGD ','KGI ','FG ','KE ','FE ','FE ','DLE ',
 0
      1 'EB ', 'PB '/
 C
 E
          HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
       CALL INITEL (TBL, 'LIND')
٤ ٤
          ALL OF THIS IS TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
 C+++
          COMPILER BUG
 C----- FILE NUMBERS
       IF (M1. EQ. 0) M1=MR
       IF (M2.EQ. 0) M2=HE
       IF (M3. EQ. 0) M3=MRES
       IF (M4.EQ.O) M4=MK61
       IF (M5.EQ. 0) M5=MKG2
       OPEN (M3, FILE=' $$M3$. DAT', STATUS=' NEW', FORM=' UNFORMATTED')
```

```
WRITE (MP, 2000) M, NRES
2000 FORMAT(//' ON DISK ASSEMBLAGE AND LINEAR SOLUTION (M=', 12,')'/
     1 ' ',42('=')/15X,'INDEX FOR RESIDUAL COMPUTATION
                                                                 (NRES) = 1, 15)
      IF (LKGD. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (2), LKGD)
      IF (LFG. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (4), LFG)
      IF (LKE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (5), LKE)
      IF (LFE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TBL (6), LFE)
      IF (LRES. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLT, 1, TBL (7), LRES)
      IF (LDLE.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TBL (8), LDLE)
C---- FIND BLOCK LENGTH
      13=2
      I2=1+NSYM
      IF(NLBL.EQ. 0) 60 TO 10
      IF (NBLM. EQ. 0) NBLM=NKG/NLBL+2
      60 TO 30
10
      I1=NVA-IVA-(2*NBLMAX+2)/NREEL-1
      IF(I1.GE.(NKG*I2+2)) 60 TO 20
          CASE WHERE MATRIX IS TO BE SEGMENTED
      NLBL=I1/(DEUX*I2)
      NBFW=NKG\NFBF+5
      GO TO 30
    ---- CASE WHERE MATRIX IS IN CORE
20
      NLBL=NKG
      NBLM=1
      13=1
30
      WRITE (MP, 2010) NLBL, NBLM
2010 FORMAT (
     1 15X, 'BLOCKS LENGTH IN KG
                                                    (NLBL)=', 15/
     2 15X, MAX. NUMBER OF BLOCKS IN KG
                                                         =1, 15)
      CALL ESPACE (NBLM+1, 0, TBL (9), LEB)
      CALL ESPACE (NBLM, 0, TBL (10), LPB)
      IF (LKGS. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NLBL * 13, 1, TBL (1), LKGS)
      IF (NSYM.EQ. 1. AND. LKGI.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NLBL*I3, 1, TBL (3), LKGI)
      CALL EXLIND (VA(LLD), VA(LDIMP), VA(LLOCE), VA(LCORE), VA(LPRNE),
                   VA(LPREE), VA(LNE), VA(LKE), VA(LFE), VA(LKGS), VA(LKGD),
     1
     2
                   VA(LKGI), VA(LF6), VA(LCOR6), VA(LDLNC), VA(LNEQ),
     3
                   VA(LRES), VA(LDLE), VA(LEB), VA(LPB))
      RETURN
      END
```

```
VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VCORG, KDLNC, KNEQ, VRES, VDLE, KEB, KPB)
TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'LIND'
0
      ASSEMBLE AND SOLVE A LINEAR PROBLEM WHEN MATRIX KG IS STORED
     BLOCKWISE ON DISK
IMPLICIT REAL+8(A-H, 0-Z)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NRES, MRES
      COMMON/LIND/NLBL, NBLM, MKG1, MKG2
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, MDUMMY (7)
      DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*),
     1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VCORG(*),
     2 KDLNC(*), KNEQ(*), VRES(*), VDLE(*), KEB(*), KPB(*)
      REWIND M3
C---- FORM TABLES EB AND PB DEFINING EQUATION BLOCKS
     CALL EQBLOC (KLD, NLBL, NBLM, NEQ, KEB, KPB)
     WRITE (MP, 2000) NBLM
2000 FORMAT(15X, 'NUMBER OF BLOCKS IN KG (NBLM)=', I5)
      IF (M.LT.2) GO TO 10
     I1=NBLM+1
     WRITE (MP, 2010) (KEB(I), I=1, I1)
2010 FORMAT(/' FIRST EQUATION IN EACH BLOCK (EB)'/(5X,2015))
     WRITE (MP, 2020) (KPB(I), I=1, NBLM)
2020 FORMAT(/' FIRST BLOCK CONNECTED TO EACH BLOCK: (PB)'/(5X,2015))
C---- SAVE FG UNMODIFIED FOR PRESCRIBED B.C.
     WRITE (M3) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
     IF (M. GE. 2) WRITE (MP, 2030) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
2030 FORMAT(/' GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR UNMODIFIED FOR THE B.C. (FG)'
     1/(1X, 10E12.5))
C---- ASSEMBLE KG, MODIFY FG FOR B.C. AND SAVE MODIFIED FG
     CALL ASKGD (KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGS,
     1 VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES, KEB)
     WRITE(M3) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
C---- PRINT FG
      IF(M.GE.2) WRITE(MP,2040) (VFG(I), I=1, NEQ)
2040 FORMAT(/' GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR MODIFIED FOR THE B.C. (FG)'
     1 /(1X,10E12.5))
C
C---- SOLVE
     CALL SOLD (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, KLD, NEQ, MP, 1, 1, NSYM, ENERG, KEB, KPB)
     IF (NSYM.NE.1) WRITE (MP.2050) ENERG
2050 FORMAT(15X, 'ENERGY (ENERG) = ', 1E12.5)
C---- KG PIVOTS AND DETERMINANT
      CALL PRPVTS (VKGD)
C---- PRINT OUT THE SOLUTION
     WRITE (MP, 2060)
```

SUBROUTINE EXLIND (KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,

```
2060 FORMAT(//' SOLUTION'//)
      CALL PRSOL (KDLNC, VCORG, VDIMP, KNEQ, VF6)
C
          EVALUATE AND PRINT GRADIENTS
0-
C
      CALL ASGRAD (KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGS,
     1 VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
C
C--
      - EVALUATE AND PRINT EQUILIBRIUM RESIDUALS AND REACTIONS
0
          READ VECTOR FS AND CHANGE ITS SIGN
      REWIND H3
      READ (M3) (VRES (I), I=1, NEQ)
      DO 40 I=1, NEQ
40
      VRES(I) =-VRES(I)
      -- ASSEMBLE RESIDUALS AND REACTIONS
      CALL ASRESD(1, 1, KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,
     1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES, VRES (NEQ+1))
     --- OUTPUT
      WRITE (MP, 2070)
2070 FORMAT(//' EQUILIBRIUM RESIDUALS AND REACTIONS'//)
      CALL PRSOL (KDLNC, VCORG, VRES (NEQ+1), KNEQ, VRES)
      RETURN
      END
```

C NBLMAX MAX. NUMBER OF BLOCKS ALLOWED

NUMBER OF EQUATIONS

C KEB ARRAY CONTAINING THE NUMBERS OF FIRST EQUATIONS IN
C EACH BLOCK (DIMENSION NEQ+1)
C KPB ARRAY CONTAINING THE NUMBER OF FIRST BLOCKS CONNECTED
C TO EACH BLOCK (DIMENSION NEQ)

NBLMAX NUMBER OF BLOCKS

COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY(10)
DIMENSION KLD(*), KEB(*), KPB(*)

C-------

C---- FIRST BLOCK

TUSTUO

ILBL=0

NBL=1

C

0

KEB(1)=1

KPB(1)=1

IMIN=1

C----- FOR EACH EQUATION

DO 70 IK=1, NEQ

C---- ADDRESSES FOR COLUMN IK

JHK=KLD(IK)

JHK1=KLD(IK+1)

LBK1=JHK1-JHK

IF (LBK1.LE.NLBL) GO TO 10

WRITE(MP, 2000) IK, LBK1, NLBL

2000 FORMAT(' *** ERROR, COLUMN', I5,' GREATER(', I5,') THAN BLOCK(' , I5,'
1)')

STOP

C---- CHECK FOR NEW BLOCK

10 ILBL=ILBL+LBK1

IF (ILBL.LE.NLBL) GO TO 60

NBL=NBL+1

IF (NBL.LE.NBLMAX) 60 TO 20

WRITE (MP, 2010) IK

2010 FORMAT(' *** ERROR, EXCESSIVE NUMBER OF BLOCKS, EQUATION', I5)

STOP

20 KEB(NBL)=IK

ILBL=LBK1

C----- SEARCH FOR FIRST BLOCK CONNECTED TO COMPLETED BLOCK

IB=NBL

40 IF (IMIN. GE. KEB (IB)) GD TO 50

IB=IB-1

GD TD 40

50 KPB(NBL-1)=IB IMIN=IK --- SEARCH FOR MINIMUM ROW NUMBER FOR COLUMN TOP TERMS 60 I=IK-LBK1+1 IF (I.LT. IMIN) IMIN=I 70 CONTINUE --- FIRST BLOCK CONNECTED TO LAST BLOCK IB=NBL 80 IF (IMIN. GE. KEB (IB)) GO TO 90 IB=IB-i 60 TO 80 90 KPB(NBL)=IB KEB (NBL+1) =NEQ+1 NBLMAX=NBL RETURN END

```
1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES, KEB)
C
     TO ASSEMBLE GLOBAL MATRIX KG (ELEMENT FUNCTION TYPE 3)
0
     TAKING INTO ACCOUNT OF PRESCRIBED NON ZERO D.O.F.
     VERSION : MATRIX KG STORED BLOCKWISE ON FILE M4
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
     COMMON/COND/NELT, NCLZ, NCLNZ
     COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, MNULL
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
     1 ,ICOD, NULL(3)
     COMMON/LIND/NLBL, NBLM, MKG1, MKG2
     CBMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, MDUMMY (5)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*),
    1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VDLE(*),
    1 VRES(*), KEB(*)
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/
C---- REWIND FILE M4
     REWIND M4
C----- LOOP OVER THE BLOCKS
     DO 80 IB=1, NBLM
C---- INITIALIZE THE BLOCK
     DO 10 I=1. NLBL
     IF (NSYM.EQ. 1) VKGI (I) = ZERO
     VKGS(I)=ZERO
10
     IE1=KEB(IB)
     IE2=KEB(IB+1)-1
C---- REWIND ELEMENT FILE (M2)
     REWIND M2
C---- LOOP OVER THE ELEMENTS
                                                                    ASKD 34
     DO 70 IE=1, NELT
C---- READ AN ELEMENT
     CALL RDELEM (M2, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
C----- CHECK IF BLOCK IS AFFECTED BY THIS ELEMENT
     DO 20 ID=1, IDLE
     J=KLOCE(ID)
     IF (J.LT. IE1. OR. J. GT. IE2) GO TO 20
     60 TO 40
20
     CONTINUE
     IF (IB. NE. 1. OR. (NCLNZ. EQ. 0. AND. IB. EQ. 1)) GO TO 70
C---- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS IF REQUIRED
40
     IF(ITPE.EQ.ITPE1) 60 TO 50
     ICOD=2
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- FORM ELEMENT MATRIX
50
     ICOD=3
```

SUBROUTINE ASKGD (KLD, VDIMP, KLDCE, VCDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,

```
CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C----- PRINT ELEMENT MATRIX
      IF(M.LT.2) 60 TO 60
      IF (NSYM.EQ. 0) IKE=IDLE*(IDLE+1)/2
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) IKE=IDLE*IDLE
      WRITE(MP, 2000) IEL, (VKE(I), I=1, IKE)
2000 FORMAT(/' MATRIX (KE) , ELEMENT:', 15/(10X, 10E12.5))
C----- MODIFY FG FOR THE PRESCRIBED NON ZERO D.O.F.
50
      IF (NCLNZ. NE. O. AND. IB. EQ. 1) CALL MODFG (IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, VDIMP, VKE,
     1 VFG)
C---- ASSEMBLE
                                                                             ASKD
                                                                                   61
      CALL ASSELD(1, 0, IDLE, NSYM, IE1, IE2, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD,
     1 VKGI, VFG)
      ITPE1=ITPE
70
      CONTINUE
      --- END OF A BLOCK
      WRITE(M4) (VKGS(I), I=1, NLBL)
      IF(NSYM.EQ.1) WRITE(M4) (VKGI(I), I=1, NLBL)
      IF(M.LT.2) 60 TO 80
      WRITE(MP, 2010) IB, (VKGS(I), I=1, NLBL)
2010 FORMAT(' UPPER TRIANGLE BLOCK OF (KG) NO:', 15/(1X, 10E12.5))
      IF(NSYM.EQ.1) WRITE(MP,2020) IB, (VKGI(I), I=1, NLBL)
2020 FORMAT(' LOWER TRIANGLE BLOCK OF (KG) NO:', I5/(IX, 10E12.5))
80
      CONTINUE
      IF (M. GE. 2) WRITE (MP, 2030) (VKGD(I), I=1, NEQ)
     FORMAT(' DIAGONAL OF (KG)'/(1X, 10E12.5))
      RETURN
      END
```

```
0
C
      INPUT
         IKG
                IF IKG. EQ. 1 ASSEMBLE ELEMENT MATRIX KE
C
         IFG
                IF IFG.EQ. 1 ASSEMBLE ELEMENT VECTOR FE
         IDLE NUMBER OF D.O.F. OF THE ELEMENT
C
         NSYM 0=SYMMETRIC PROBLEM, 1=NON SYMMETRIC PROBLEM
         151, 162 FIRST AND LAST COLUMN OF KG TO BE ASSEMBLED
C
        KLOCE ELEMENT LOCALIZATION VECTOR
         KLD CUMULATIVE COLUMN HEIGHTS IN KG
VKE ELEMENT MATRIX KE (FULL OR UPPER
3
C
                 ELEMENT MATRIX KE (FULL OR UPPER TRIANGLE BY
0
                DESCENDING COLUMNS)
        VFE
                ELEMENT VECTOR FE
0
0
      CUTPUT
C
          VKGS, VKGD, VKGI GLOBAL MATRIX (SKYLINE)
                (SYMMETRIC OR NOT)
C
         VEG
                GLOBAL LOAD VECTOR
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-4, 0-Z)
     DIMENSION KLOCE(*), KLD(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*),
    1 VKGI(*), VFG(*)
C----- ASSEMBLE ELEMENT MATRIX
IF (IKG. NE. 1) 60 TO 100
     IOBLOC=KLD(IE1)-1
     IEQO=IDLE
     IEG1=1
C---- FOR EACH COLUMN OF KE
     DO 90 JD=1, IDLE
     IF (NSYM. NE. 1) IEGO=JD
     JL=KLOCE(JD)
     IF (JL) 90,90,10
10
     IO=KLD(JL+1)-IOBLOC
     IEQ=IEQ1
     IQ=1
     IF(JL.LT. IE1.OR. JL.GT. IE2) GO TO 90
C---- FOR EACH ROW OF KE
     DO 80 ID=1, IDLE
     IL=KLOCE(ID)
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) GO TO 30
     IF(ID-JD) 30,20,20
20
    IQ=ID
   IF(IL) 80,80,40
30
```

40

IJ=JL-IL

IF(IJ) 80,50,60

```
C---- DIAGONAL TERMS IN KG
50
     VKGD(IL)=VKGD(IL)+VKE(IEQ)
      60 TO 80
C---- UPPER TRIANGLE TERMS IN KG
60
      I=I0-IJ
      VKGS(I)=VKGS(I)+VKE(IEQ)
      IF (NSYM. NE. 1) GO TO 80
C----- LOWER TRIANGLE TERMS IN KG
      IEGI=(ID-i)*IDLE+JD
      AXGI(I)=AXGI(I)+AXE(IEDI)
60
      IEQ=IEQ+IQ
90
      IEQ1=[EQ1+IEQ0
G---- ASSEMBLE ELEMENT VECTOR
C
100
      IF (IFG. NE. 1) 60 TO 130
      DO 120 ID=1, IDLE
      IL=KLOCE(ID)
      IF(IL) 120, 120, 110
110
      VFG(IL)=VFG(IL)+VFE(ID)
120
      CONTINUE
130
      RETURN
      END
```

```
GUBROUTINE SOLD (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, KLD, NED, MP, IFAC, 1901, NSYM, ENERG
1 .KEB, KPB)
```

```
0
     TO SOLVE A LINEAR SYSTEM (SYMMETRICAL OR NOT).
0
     THE MATRIX IS STORED ON FILE M4 BY SKYLINES.
     AFTER TRIANGULARIZATION IT IS STORED ON FILE MS
C
      INTPUT
C
          VKGS, VKGD, VKGI
                           SYSTEM MATRIX : UPPER, DIAGONAL AND LOWER
3
                           PARTS
         VF5
                           SECOND MEMBER
C
          KLD
                           ADDRESSES OF COLUMN TOP TERMS
C
                           NUMBER OF EQUATIONS
         NEQ
С
          KP
                           GUTPUT DEVICE NUMBER
O
         IFAC
                           IF IFAC. EQ. 1 TRIANGULARIZATION OF
C
                           THE MATRIX
C
                           IF ISOL.EQ.1 COMPUTE SOLUTION FROM THE
          ISOL
3
                           TRIANGULARIZED MATRIX
Ü
          NSYM
                            INDEX FOR NON SYMMETRIC PROBLEM
C
          KEB
                           NUMBER OF FIRST EQUATION IN EACH
C
C
          KPB
                           NUMBER OF FIRST BLOCK CONNECTED TO EACH
Ü
                           BLOCK
C
       DUTPUT
8
          VK6S, VKGD, VKGI
                           TRIANGULARIZED MATRIX (IF IFAC.EQ.1)
C
          VFG
                           SOLUTION (IF ISOL. EQ. 1)
                          SYSTEM ENERGY (IF NSYM.EQ. 0)
IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H, O-Z)
     COMMON/LIND/NLBL, NBLM, NDUMMY (2)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP1, M1, M2, M3, M4, M5, MDUMMY (5)
     DIMENSION VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), KLD(*), KEB(*), KPB(*)
     DATA ZERO/0.0DO/
     REWIND M4
     REWIND MS
     IF (VKGD(1).EQ.ZERD) GD TO 80
     ENERG=ZERO
C---- FOR EACH BLOCK TO BE TRIANGULARIZED
     JIMIN=NLBL+1
     JIMAX=NLBL+NLBL
     DO 105 IB=1.NBLM
C---- REPD A BLOCK TO BE TRIANGULARIZED
     READ(M4) (vKGE(I), I=1, NUBL)
     IF(NSYM.ED.1) READ(M4) (VKGI(I), I=1, NLBL)
C----- PARAMATERS FOR BUDCK IB
     IKO=KEB(IB)
     IX1=KEB(IB-1)-1
```

```
IBO=KPB(IB)
      J0=KLD(IKO)-1
      IF(IBO.EG. IB) GO TO 11
C---- BACKSPACE ON CONNECTED BLOCKS
     I1=IB-IBO
      DO 10 I=1, I1
     BACKSPACE MS
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) BACKSPACE M5
     CONTINUE
10
C---- FOR EACH CONNECTED BLOCK (INCLUDING BLOCK IS ITSELF)
     DO 103 IBC=IB0, IB
     IF(IBC.EQ.IB) GO TO 12
     READ(M5) (VKGS(I), I=J1MIN, J1MAX)
      IF(NSYM.EQ.1) READ(M5) (VKGI(I), I=J1MIN, J1MAX)
C---- PARAMETERS OF CONNECTED BLOCK
12 IIO=KEB(IEC)
     II1=KEB(IBC+1)-1
     JCO=KLD(IIO)-1
     IF (IBC.NE.IB) JCO=JCO-NLBL
С
C----- FOR EACH COLUMN OF BLOCK IB TO BE MODIFIED
C
     DB 100 IK=IKO, IK1
     JHK=KLD(IK)-JO
C---- ADDRESS OF NEXT COLUMN TOP TERM IK+1
     JHK1=KLD(IK+1)-JO
C--- HEIGHT OF COLUMN IK (INCLUDE UPPER AND DIAGONAL TERMS)
     LHK=JHK1-JHK
    LHK1=LHK-1
C--- ROW OF FIRST TERM TO BE MODIFIED IN COLUMN IX
     IMIN=IK-LHK1
     -IMINI=IMIN-1
C---- ROW OF LAST TERM TO BE MODIFIED IN COLUMN IN
     IMAX=IK-1
     IF(LHK1.LT.0) 60 TO 100
     IF(IFAC.NE.1) GO TO 90
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 0) GD TO 14
     IB1=IB
     IF (IMIN1.LT. IKO) IB1=IB0
     IF (IBC.EQ. IB1) VKGI (JHK) = VKGI (JHK) / VKGD (IMIN1)
   IF (IBC.EQ. IB. AND. IX.EQ. IXO) GO TO 40
14
     IF(LHK1.EQ.0) GD TO 40
C---- FIND FIRST AND LAST ROW OF COLUMN IK AFFECTED
         BY CONNECTED BLOCK IBC
     IMINC=MAXO(IMIN, IIO)
     IMAXC=MINO(IMAX, III)
     IF (IMINC. GT. IMAXC) GO TO 40
C
C--- MODIFY NON DIAGONAL TERMS OF COLUMN IK
C
     JCK=JHK+IMINC-IMIN1
```

```
JHJ=KLD(IMINC)-JCO
C----- FOR EACH TERM TO BE MODIFIED, LOCATED AT JCK
      DO 30 IJ=IMINC, IMAXC
      JHJ1=KLD(IJ+1)-JCO
C---- NUMBER OF MODIFICATIVE TERMS OF COEFFICIENT LOCATED AT JOK
      IC=MINO(JCK-JHK, JHJ1-JHJ)
      IF (IC.LE.O. AND. NSYM. EQ. 0) GO TO 20
      C1=ZERO
      IF (IC.LE.O) GD TO 17
      J1=JHJ1-IC
      J2=JCK-IC
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) GO TO 15
      VKGS(JCK)=VKGS(JCK)-SCAL(VKGS(J1),VKGS(J2),ID)
      60 TO 20
     VKGS(JCK)=VKGS(JCK)-SCAL(VKGI(J1),VKGS(J2),IC)
15
     C1=SCAL(VKGS(J1), VKGI(J2), IC)
     VKGI (JCK) = (VKSI (JCK) -C1) /VKGD (IJ)
17
20
     JCK=JCK+1
30
    JHJ=JHJ1
C
C--- MODIFY DIAGONAL TERM
С
40
     IF (IBC. NE. IB) GO TO 90
      JCK=JHK
      CDIAG=ZERO
      DO 70 IJ=IMIN1, IMAX
      C1=VKGS(JCK)
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) 60 TO 50
      C2=C1/VKGD(IJ)
     VKGS (JCK) =C2
     GB TO 60
     C2=VKGI(JCK)
50
60
    CDIAG=CDIAG+C1*C2
     JCK=JCK+1
     VKGD(IK)=VKGD(IK)-DDIAG
     IF(VK6D(IK)) 90,80,90
     WRITE(MP, 2000) IX
80
2000 FORMAT(' *** ERROR, ZERO PIVOT EQUATION ', 15)
     STOP
C
C---- SOLVE LOWER TRIANGULAR SYSTEM
C
  90 IF(ISDL.NE.1) 60 TO 100
     IF(IBC.NE.IB) 60 TO 100
      IF (NSYM. NE. 1) VFG(IK) = VFG(IK) - SCAL(VKGS(JHK), VFG(IMIN1), LHK)
     IF (NSYM.EQ.1) VFG(IK)=VFG(IK)-SCAL(VKGI(JHK), VFG(IMIN1), LHK)
100 CONTINUE
C---- NEXT CONNECTED BLOCK
103
      CONTINUE
C---- END OF ELIMINATION OF THIS BLOCK
      IF (IB.EQ. NBLM) 60 TO 105
```

```
WRITE(M5) (VKGS(I), I=1, MLFL)
      IF(NSYM.EQ.1) WRITE(M5) (VKBI(I), I=1, NLBL)
105
     CONTINUE
      IF (ISOL.NE. 1) RETURN
C
C---- SOLVE DIAGONAL SYSTEM
C
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) GC TO 120
      DO 110 IK=1, NED
      C1=VKGD(IK)
     C2=VFG(TK)/C1
      VFG(IX)=C2
     ENERG=ENERG+C1*C2*C2
110
C
C---- SOLVE UPPER TRIANGULAR SYSTEM
С
120 IB=NBLM
      IKO=KEB(IB)-1
      JO=KLD(IKO+1)-1
     IK=NEQ+1
      JHK1=KLD(IK)-JO
C---- FOR EVERY EQUATION FROM NEG TO 1
130 IK=IK-1
C---- READ A BLOCK IF REQUIRED
      IF(IK.NE.IKO) GO TO 135
     BACKSPACE M5
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) BACKSPACE M5
      READ(M5) (VKGS(I), I=1, NLBL)
     IF(NSYM.EQ.1) READ(M5) (VKGI(I), I=1, NLBL)
     BACKSPACE M5
     IF(NSYM.EQ. 1) BACKSPACE M5
      IB=IB-1
     IKO=KEB(IB)-1
     JO=KLD(IXO+1)-1
     JHK1=KLD(IK+1)-JO
C---- MODIFY THE UNKNOWN VECTOR
135 IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) VFG (IK) = VFG (IK) / VKGD (IK)
     IF (IK. EQ. 1) RETURN
     C1=VFG(IK)
      JHK=KLD(IK)-JO
     JBK=JHK1-1
      IF (JHK.GT.JBK) GD TO 150
     IJ=IK-JBX+JHK-1
     DO 140 JCK=JHK.JBK
     VFG(IJ)=VFG(IJ)-VKGS(JCK)*C1
140 IJ=IJ+1
150 JHK1=JHK
     60 TD 130
     END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BLNLIN
C
     TO CALL BLOCK 'NLIN'
     TO SOLVE A STEADY NON LINEAR PROBLEM
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
     CHARACTER*4 TEL
      COMMON/ELEM/NULL (4), ME, MNULL (2)
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NED, NFILLR(2)
    COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, CMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPASO, NPAS, IPAS, MITER,
    1 ITER, IMETH
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, M4, MDUMMY(6)
     COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNEG, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLDGE, LOCRE, LNE,
     1 LPRNE, LPREE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFG, LRES, LDLG, LME,
    2 LDUMMY(3)
     COMMON VA(1)
     DIMENSION TBL(10), IN(2), XIN(3)
        THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF AN MS FORTRAN COMPILER
C+++
        BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS. THIS ARRAY
C+++
       IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY SUBROUTINE
C+++
       INITEL WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE THIS ARRAY
C+++
C
     DATA TBL/'KGS ','KGD ','KGI ','FG ','KE ','FE ','RES ','DLE ',
0
C
    * 'DLG ', 'ME '/
C
      HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
     CALL INITBL (TBL, 'NLIN')
C+++
       ALL OF THIS IS TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
       COMPILER BUG
C+++
C
      IF (M1. EQ. 0) M1=MR
      IF (M2. EQ. 0) M2=ME
     WRITE (MP. 2000) M
2000 FORMAT(//' NON LINEAR SOLUTION (M=1, 12, 1) 1/1X, 23('=1))
C---- TO ALLOCATE SPACE
      IF (LKGS. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (1), LKGS)
      IF(LKGD.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NEQ, 1, TBL(2), LKGD)
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1. AND. LKGI. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (3), LKGI)
      IF(LFG.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ.1, TEL(4), LFG)
      IF (LKE.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (5), LKE)
      IF(LFE.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NDLE,1,TBL(6),LFE)
      IF (LRES. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (7), LRES)
      IF(LDLE.ER.1) CALL ESPACE(NDLE, 1, TBL(8), LDLE)
      IF (LDLG. ER. 1) CALL ESPACE (NER, 1, TRL (9), LDLG)
      IF (LME.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (10), LME)
C---- TO EXECUTE THE BLOCK
      CALL EXMLIN(VA(LCORG), VA(LDLNC), VA(LDIMA), VA(LNEB), VA(LLD),
```

- 1 VA(LLOCE), VA(LCORE), VA(LPRNE), VA(LPREE), VA(LNE), VA(LKE), VA(LKE),
- 2 VA(LFE), VA(LDLE), VA(LKGS), VA(LKGD), VA(LKGI), VA(LFG), VA(LFGS),
- 3 VA(LDLG))
 RETURN

END

```
$LARGE
$NOFLOATCALLS
      SUBROUTINE EXNLIN (VCORG, KDLNC, VDIMP, KNED, KLD, KLDCE, VCORE, VPRVE,
     1 VPREE, KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VRES, VDLG)
      TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'NLIN'
      TO SOLVE A STEADY NON LINEAR PROBLEM
C
      IMPLICIT REAL+8(A-H, 0-Z)
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
      COMMON/COND/NCLT, NCLZ, NCLNZ
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
      COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNDRM, CMEGA, XPAS, DPASO, NPAS, IPAS, NITER,
     1 ITER, IMETH
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, M4, MDUMMY(6)
      DIMENSION VCDRG(*), KDLNC(*), VDIMP(*), KNEQ(*), KLD(*), KLDCE(*),
     1 VCDRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), VNE(*), VXE(*), VME(*), VPE(*), VDLE(*),
     2 VKGS(*),VKGD(*),VKGI(*),VFG(*),VRES(*),VDLS(*)
      DATA ZERO/O.DO/
      DPASO=ZERO
      XPAS=ZERO
      IPAS=0
C---- READY INITIAL D.O.F. ON FILE M3
      IF(M3.EQ.0) 60 TO 10
      REWIND M3
      READ(M3) (VDLG(I), I=1, NEQ)
C---- READ A CARD DEFINING A SET OF IDENTICAL STEPS
      READ(M1,1000) DPAS, I1, I2, I3, X1, X2
1000 FORMAT(F10.0, 315, 2F10.0)
      IF (DPAS. EQ. ZERO) GO TO 140
      IF(I1.6T.0) NPAS=I1
      IF (I2.GT.O) NITER=12
      IF(13.6T.0) IMETH=13
      IF (X1.GT.ZERO) EPSDL=X1
      IF (X2.GT.ZERO) CMEGA=X2
C

    LOOP OVER ALL STEPS

C-
C
      DO 130 IP=1, NPAS
      IPAS=IPAS+1
      XPAS=XPAS+DPAS
      WRITE (MP, 2000) IPAS, DPAS, XPAS, NITER, IMETH, EPEDL, BMEGA
2000 FORMAT(/1X,13('-'), 'STEP NUMBER (IPAS):', 15//
                      14X, 'INCREMENT
                                                         (DPAS)=',E18.5/
```

```
2
                      14X, 'TOTAL LEVEL
                                                        (XPAS)=1.512.5/
                                                       (NITER) = 1, 112/
     3
                      14X, 'NUMBER OF ITERATIONS
     4
                      14X, 'METHOD NUMBER
                                                       (IMETH):1, I12/
     5
                      14X, 'TOLERANCE
                                                       (EPSDL)=1,E12.5/
     6
                      14X, 'OVER RELAXATION FACTOR
                                                       (GMESA)=1,E12.S/)
0
          LOOP OVER EQUILIBRIUM ITERATIONS
С
      DO 110 ITER=1, NITER
      - CHOOSE THE METHOD
      IF (IMETH.GT.3) GO TO 20
C---- NEWTON TYPE METHODS
      CALL NEWTON (VCORG, KDLNC, VDIMP, KNED, KLD, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE,
     1 KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VRES, VDLG)
      60 TO 100
     -- OTHER METHODS .....
20
      CONTINUE
      WRITE (MP, 2010) IMETH
2010 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, METHOD:', I3,' UNKNOWN')
      STOP
C---- COMPUTE THE NORM
      CALL NORME (NED, VRES, VDLG, XNORM)
      IF (M. GT. 0) WRITE (MP, 2020) ITER, XNORM
2020 FORMAT(5X, 'ITERATION (ITER):', I3, 'NORM (XNORM)=', E12.5)
      IF (M. 6E. 2) CALL PROOL (KDLNC, VCORG, VDIMP, KNED, VDLG)
      IF (XNORM.LE.EPSDL) GO TO 120
110
      CONTINUE
      ITER=NITER
     --- END OF STEP
120
      DPASO=DPAS
      WRITE (MP, 2030) ITER, NITER
2030 FORMAT(/10X, 14, ' PERFORMED ITERATIONS OVER', 14/)
      IF (M.LT.2) CALL PROOF (KDLNC, VCORG, VDIMP, KNEG, VDLG)
130
      CONTINUE
      60 TO 10
C---- SAVE THE SOLUTION ON FILE M4
      IF(M4.NE.O) WRITE(M4) (VDLG(I), I=1, NEQ)
140
      RETURN
      END
```

```
1 VPREE, KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VRES, VDLS)
C
     ALGORITHM FOR NEWTON-RAPHSON TYPE METHODS
        IMETH. EQ. 1 COMPUTE K AT EACH ITERATION
C
C
       IMETH. EQ. 2 K IS CONSTANT
        IMETH. EQ. 3 RECOMPUTE K AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH STEP
C
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, MFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, DMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPASO, NPAS, IPAS, NITER,
     1 ITER. IMETH
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY(10)
     DIMENSION VCORG(*), KDLNC(*), VDIMP(*), KNEQ(*), KLD(*), KLDCE(*),
     1 VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNE(*), VKE(*), VME(*), VFE(*), VDLE(*),
     2 VK6S(*), VK6D(*), VK6I(*), VFG(*), VRES(*), VDLG(*)
     DATA ZERO/O.DO/.UN/1.DO/
C---- DECIDE IF GLOBAL MATRIX IS TO REASSEMBLED
      IF (IMETH. EQ. 1) GO TO 10
     IF (IPAS.EQ. 1. AND. ITER. EQ. 1) GO TO 10
     IF (IMETH. EQ. 3. AND. ITER. EQ. 1) GO TO 10
     60 TO 20
10
     IKT=1
C----- INITIALIZE GLOBAL MATRIX TO ZERO IF IT IS TO BE ASSEMBLED
20
     IF(IKT.EQ.0)60 TO 30
     CALL INIT (ZERO, NKG, VKGS)
     CALL INIT (ZERO, NED, VKGD)
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) CALL INIT (ZERO, NKG, VKGI)
    ---- STORE LOADS IN THE RESIDUAL VECTOR
30
     CALL MAJ (XPAS, ZERO, NEQ, VFG, VRES)
    --- ASSEMBLE RESIDUAL VECTOR, AND EVENTUALLY THE GLOBAL MATRIX
     CALL ASNEWT (IKT, KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,
     1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VDLG, VDLE, VRES)
C---- SOLVE
     CALL SOL(VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VRES, KLD, NED, MP, IKT, 1, NSYM, ENERG)
     IF (IKT.EQ. 1. AND. M. GT. 1) CALL PRPVTS (VKGD)
     --- UPDATE THE SOLUTION
     CALL MAJ (OMEGA, UN, NEQ, VRES, VDLG)
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE NEWTON (VCORG, KDLNC, VDIYF, KNEI, KLD, KLDDE, VCORE, VRRNE,

```
1 KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
TO ASSEMBLE THE RESIDUALS AND THE GLOBAL MATRIX (IF IKT.EQ.1)
C
С
     WHILE LOOPING OVER THE ELEMENTS
    (FOR THE NEWTON-RAPHSON METHOD)
0
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
     COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NINEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, MNULL
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDE6, IPG
     1 , ICOD, NULL (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY (8)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPRNE(*),
     1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VDLE(*),
    2 VRES (+)
   ---- REWIND ELEMENT FILE M2
                                                                    ASNE 19
      REWIND M2
C---- LOOP OVER THE ELEMENTS
     DO 40 IE=1, NELT
C---- READ AN ELEMENT
     CALL RDELEM (M2, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
C---- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS IF REQUIRED
      IF (ITPE.EQ. ITPE1) GO TO 10
     ICOD=2
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C----- FIND THE D.O.F. OF THE ELEMENT FROM VFG
     CALL DLELM(KLOCE, VFG, VDIMP, VDLE)
C----- CALCULATE ELEMENT RESIDUALS AND CHAMGE THEIR SIGN
     ICOD=6
     CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     DO 20 I=1, IDLE
     VFE(I) =-VFE(I)
C---- EVALUATE GLOBAL MATRIX
      IF (IKT.EQ. 0) GD TO 30
     ICOD=4
     CALL ELEMLB(VCCRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- ASSEMBLE THE RESIDUALS AND THE GLOBAL MATRIX
     CALL ASSEL (IKT, 1, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VRES)
30
40
     ITPE1=ITPE
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE ASNEWT (IKT, KLD, VDIMP, KLDCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE,

```
SUBROUTINE INIT(X, N, V)
        ______
    INITIALIZE VECTOR V TO VALUE X
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
    DIMENSION V(*)
    DO 10 I=1, N
10
    V(I)=X
    RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE MAJ(X1, X2, N, V1, V2)
       C
    EXECUTE THE VECTOR OPERATION: V2=X1*V1 + X2*V2
C
     X1, X2:SCALARS V1, V2: VECTORS
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
    DIMENSION V1(*), V2(*)
    DO 10 I=1, N
10
    V2(I)=X1*V1(I)+X2*V2(I)
    RETURN
    END
    SUBROUTINE NORME (N, VDEL, V, XNORM)
    COMPUTE THE LENGTHS RATIO OF VECTORS VDEL AND V
C
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
    DIMENSION VDEL(*), V(*)
    DATA ZERO/0.DO/, UN/1.DO/, FAC/1.D-3/
    SQRT(X)=DSQRT(X)
    C1=ZERO
    C2=ZERO
    DO 10 I=1,N
    C1=C1+VDEL(I)*VDEL(I)
10
    C2=C2+V(I)*V(I)
    C=C1*FAC
    IF(C2.LE.C) C2=UN
    XNORM=SQRT (C1/C2)
    RETURN
    END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BLIEMP
TO CALL BLOCK 'TEMP'
C TO SOLVE AN UNSTEADY PROBLEM (LINEAR OR NOT)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
      CHARACTER*4 TBL
      COMMON/ELEM/NULL (4), ME, MNULL (2)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
      COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, OMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPASO, NPAS, IPAS, NITER,
     1 ITER, IMETH
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, M4, MDUMMY (5)
      COMMON/LOC/LCORG, LDLNC, LNEG, LDIMP, LPRNG, LPREG, LLD, LLDCE, LCORE, LNE,
     1 LPRNE, LPREE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LKGI, LFG, LRES, LDLG, LME,
     1 LDLEO, LDLGO, LFGO
     COMMON VA(1)
      DIMENSION TBL (13), IN(2), XIN(3)
C+++
        THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF AN MS FORTRAN COMPILER
         BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS. THIS ARRAY
C+++
         IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY SUBROUTINE
C+++
         INITEL WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE THIS ARRAY
C+++
C
C
      DATA TBL/'KGS ', 'KGD ', 'KGI ', 'FG ', 'KE ', 'FE ', 'RES ',
C
     * 'DLE ','DLG ','ME ','DLEO','DLGO','FGO '/
C
C
         HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
     CALL INITBL (TBL, 'TEMP')
C
         ALL OF THIS IS TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
C+++
        COMPILER BUG
      IF (M1.EQ.O) M1=MR
      IF (M2.EQ. 0) M2=ME
     WRITE (MP, 2000) M
2000 FORMAT(//' UNSTEADY SOLUTION (M=', 12, ')'/1X, 23('='))
C---- TO ALLOCATE SPACE
      IF (LKGS.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (1), LKGS)
      IF (LKGD. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (2), LKGD)
      IF (NSYM. EQ. 1. AND. LKGI. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (3), LKGI)
      IF (LFG.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ.1.TBL(4), LFG)
      IF (LKE. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (5), LKE)
      IF(LFE.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NDLE, 1, TBL(6). LFE)
      IF (LRES.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (7), LRES)
      IF(LDLE.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE(NDLE,1,TBL(8),LDLE)
      IF (LDLG. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (9), LDLG)
      IF (LME. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (10), LME)
      IF (LDLEO.ED. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TBL (11), LDLEO)
      IF (LDLGO.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (12), LDLGO)
```

```
C---- TO EXECUTE THE BLOCK
      CALL EXTEMP(VA(LCORG), VA(LDLNC), VA(LDIMP), VA(LNED), VA(LLD),
     1 VA(LLOCE), VA(LCORE), VA(LPRNE), VA(LPREE), VA(LNE), VA(LKE), VA(LKE),
     2 VA(LFE), VA(LDLE), VA(LKGS), VA(LKGD), VA(LKGI), VA(LFG), VA(LRES),
     3 VA(LDLG), VA(LDLEO), VA(LDLGO), VA(LFGO))
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE EXTEMP (VCORG, KDLNC, VDIMP, KNEQ, KLD, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE,
     1 VPREE, KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VRES, VDLG,
     2 VDLEO, VDLGO, VFGO)
      TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'TEMP'
C
      TO SOLVE AN UNSTEADY PROBLEM (LINEAR OR NOT)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ, NFILLR(2)
      COMMON/COND/NCLT, NCLZ, NCLNZ
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
      COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, OMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPASO, NPAS, 19AS, NITER,
     1 ITER, IMETH
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, M3, M4, MDUMMY(6)
      DIMENSION VCORG(*), KDLNC(*), VDIMP(*), KNEQ(*), KLD(*), KLDCE(*),
     1 VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNE(*), VKE(*), VME(*), VFE(*), VDLE(*),
     2 VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VRES(*), VDLG(*), VDLEO(*),
     3 VDL60(*), VF60(*)
      DATA ZERO/O.DO/,UN/1.DO/
      DPASO=ZERO
      XPAS=ZERO
      IPAS=0
C---- READ INITIAL D.O.F. ON FILE M3
      IF(M3.EQ.0) GO TO 5
      REWIND M3
      READ (M3) (VDLG(I), I=1, NEQ)
      CALL MAJ (UN, ZERO, NEQ, VDLG, VDLGO)
C---- SAVE THE REFERENCE LOAD CONDITIONS
      CALL MAJ (UN, ZERO, NEQ, VFG, VFGO)
C---- READ A CARD DEFINING A SET OF IDENTICAL STEPS
      READ(M1, 1000) DPAS, I1, I2, I3, X1, X2
1000 FORMAT(F10.0, 315, 2F10.0)
      IF (DPAS.EQ.ZERO) GO TO 140
      IF (I1.6T.0) NPAS=I1
      IF(I2.6T.0) NITER=I2
      IF(I3.GT.O) IMETH=I3
      IF (X1.GT.ZERO) EPSDL=X1
      IF (X2. NE. ZERO) OMEGA=X2
C
   ---- LOOP OVER THE STEPS
```

IF (LF60.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NEG.1, TBL (13), LF60)

```
C
      DO 130 IP=1, NPAS
      CALL INIT (ZERO, NEQ, VFG)
      IPAS=IPAS+1
      XPAS=XPAS+DPAS
      WRITE(MP, 2000) IPAS, DPAS, XPAS, NITER, IMETH, EPSDL, BMEGA
2000 FDRMAT(/1X,13('-'),'STEP NUMBER (IPAS):', I5//
                                                         (DPAS) =1, E12.5/
                       14X, INCREMENT
     5
                       14X, 'TOTAL LEVEL
                                                         (XPAS)=1,E12.5/
     3
                       14X, 'NUMBER OF ITERATIONS
                                                        (NITER)=1, 112/
                       14X, 'METHOD NUMBER
     4
                                                        (IMETH):1, I12/
     5
                       14X, 'TOLERANCE
                                                        (EPSDL)=1,E12.5/
                       14X, 'COEFFICIENT ALPHA
                                                        (OMEGA)=1, E12.5/)
C
          LOOP OVER EQUILIBRIUM ITERATIONS
C
      DO 110 ITER=1, NITER
      - CHOOSE THE METHOD
      IF (IMETH. 6T. 3) 60 TO 20
    ---- EULER TYPE METHODS
      CALL EULER (VCORG, KDLNC, VDIMP, KNED, KLD, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE,
     1 KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VRES, VDLG,
     2 VDLEO, VDLGO, VFGO)
      GO TO 100
C---- OTHER METHODS .....
      CONTINUE
      WRITE (MP, 2010) IMETH
2010 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, METHOD:', I3,' UNKNOWN')
      STOP
         COMPUTE THE NORM
      CALL NORME (NEQ, VRES, VDLG, XNORM)
      IF (M. GT. O) WRITE (MP, 2020) ITER, XNORM
      FORMAT(5X, 'ITERATION (ITER):', I3, ' NORM (XNORM)=', E12.5)
      IF (M.GE. 2) CALL PROBL (KDLNC, VCORG, VDIMP, KNEQ, VDLG)
      IF (XNORM.LE.EPSDL) GO TO 120
110
      CONTINUE
C---- END OF STEP
120
      DPASO=DPAS
      CALL MAJ (UN, ZERO, NEQ, VDLG, VDLGO)
      CALL PRSOL (KDLNC, VCORG, VDIMP, KNEQ, VDLG)
130
      CONTINUE
      60 TO 10
C----
      — SAVE THE SOLUTION ON FILE M4
140
      IF(M4.NE.O) WRITE(M4) (VDLG(I), I=1, NEQ)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
2 VDLEO, VDLGO, VF60)
C
     ALGORITHM FOR EULER TYPE METHODS (IMPLICIT, EXPLICIT OR BOTH
C
     ACCORDING TO OMEGA) FOR LINEAR OR NOW LINEAR PROBLEMS.
C
     THE NON LINEAR PROBLEM IS SOLVED BY A NEWTON-RAPHSON
C
     METHOD
C
      IMETH. EQ. 1 STANDARD NEWTON-RAPHSON
C
       IMETH. EQ. 2 K IS CONSTANT
      IMETH. EQ. 3 K IS RECOMPUTED AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH STEP
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, MFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RESO/NEQ. NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, DMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPASO, NPAS, IPAS, NITER,
    1 ITER, IMETH
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
     DIMENSION VCORG(*), KDLNC(*), VDIMP(*), KNEQ(*), KLD(*), KLDCE(*),
    1 VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNE(*), VKE(*), VME(*), VFE(*),
    2 VDLE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VRES(*), VDLG(*),
    3 VDLEO(*), VDLGO(*), VFGO(*)
     DATA ZERD/O.DO/, UN/1.DO/
C---- DECIDE IF GLOBAL MATRIX IS TO BE REASSEMBLED
     IKT=0
     IF (IMETH. EQ. 1) GO TO 10
     IF (DPAS. NE. DPASO. AND. ITER. EQ. 1) 60 TO 10
     IF (IMETH. EQ. 3. AND. ITER. EQ. 1) GO TO 10
     60 TO 20
10
     IKT=1
C---- INITIALIZE GLOBAL MATRIX TO ZERO IF NECESSARY
20
     IF(IKT.EQ.O) 60 TO 30
     CALL INIT(ZERO.NKG.VKGS)
     CALL INIT (ZERO, NEQ, VKGD)
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) CALL INIT (ZERO, NKG, VKGI)
C----- ASSEMBLE RESIDUALS AND GLOBAL MATRIX IF REQUIRED
     CALL MAJ (UN, ZERO, NEQ, VFGO, VRES)
     CALL ASEULR (IKT, VCORG, KDLNC, VDIMP, KNEQ, KLD, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE,
     1 VPREE, KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VRES, VDLG,
    2 VDLEO, VDLGO, VFGO)
     C1=UN
     IF (ITER. GT. 1) C1=C1-OMEGA
     DO 40 I=1, NEQ
40
     VRES(I)=DPAS*(VRES(I)-C1*VFG(I))
C----- SOLVE
     CALL SOL (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VRES, KLD, NEG, MP, IKT, 1, NSYM, ENERG)
C---- UPDATE THE SOLUTION
     CALL MAJ (UN, UN, NEQ, VRES, VDLG)
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE EULER (VCDRG, KDLNC, VDIMP, KNED, KLD, KLDCE, VCDRE, VPRNE, 1 VPREE, KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKSE, VKSD, VKSD, VKSD, VFG, VRES, VDLG,

```
2 VDLG, VDLEO, VDLSO, VFGO)
      TO ASSEMBLE THE RESIDUALS AND THE GLOBAL MATRIX (IF IKT.EQ. 1)
      WHILE LOOPING OVER THE ELEMENTS (FOR EULER METHOD)
C
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
      COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, MNULL
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
      COMMON/RESO/NEQ.NFILLR(2)
      COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, ISRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
      COMMON/NLIN/EPSDL, XNORM, OMEGA, XPAS, DPAS, DPASO, NPAS, IPAS, NITER.
     1 ITER, IMETH
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY(8)
     DIMENSION VCORG(*), KDLNC(*), VDIMP(*), KNEQ(*), KLD(*), KLQCE(*),
     1 VCDRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), KNE(*), VKE(*), VME(*), VFE(*), VDLE(*),
     2 VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VRES(*), VDLG(*), VDLEO(*),
     3 VDL60(*), VF60(*)
     DATA UN/1.DO/
     CC=DPAS*CMEGA
      IFE=0
      IF (ITER. GT. 1) IFE=1
C---- REWIND ELEMENT FILE (ME)
      REWIND M2
C---- LOOP OVER THE ELEMENTS
     DO 90 IE=1, NELT
C---- READ AN ELEMENT
      CALL RDELEM (M2, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
C----- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS IF REQUIRED
      IF(ITPE.EQ.ITPE1) 60 TO 10
      ICOD=2
      CALL ELEMLB(VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- FIND ELEMENT D.O.F. FROM VFG
     CALL DLELM(KLOCE, VDLG, VDIMP, VDLE)
    --- COMPUTE THE RESIDUAL K.U.
      ICCD=6
      CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
C---- COMPUTE MATRIX M
      ICOD=5
      CALL ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VME, VFE)
C---- COMPUTE MATRIX K IF REQUIRED
      IF(IKT.EQ.0) 60 TO 15
      CALL ELEMLB (VCBRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     --- RESIDUALS OF THE FIRST ITERATION IN EACH STEP (LINEAR)
      IF(ITER. GT. 1) GO TO 20
15
      CALL ASSEL (O, 1, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG)
```

SUBROUTINE ASSULR(IKT, VCORG, KOLNO, VDIMP, KNED, KLD, KLOSE, VOORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VME, VFE, VDLE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VRES,

```
60 TO 60
C---- RESIDUALS AFTER FIRST ITERATION
20
      CALL DLELM(KLOCE, VDLGO, VDIMP, VDLEO)
      DO 30 I=1, IDLE
      VDLE(I)=(VDLEO(I)-VDLE(I))/DPAS
30
      VFE(I) = - OMEGA*VFE(I)
C----- PRODUCT M . U
      VFE(1)=VFE(1)+VME(1)*VDLE(1)
      I I=1
      DO 50 J=2, IDLE
      J1=J-1
      DO 40 I=1, J1
      II=II+1
      VFE(I)=VFE(I)+VME(II)*VDLE(J)
      VFE(J)=VFE(J)+VME(II)*VDLE(I)
40
      II=II+1
50
      VFE(J)=VFE(J)+VME(II)*VDLE(J)
C--
    --- MATRIX M + DPAS. OMEGA. K
60
      IF(IKT.EQ.0) 60 TO 80
      II=0
      DO 70 I=1, IDLE
      DO 70 J=I, IDLE
      II=II+1
      VKE(II)=VKE(II)*CC+VME(II)
70
C---- ASSEMBLE THE RESIDUAL AND THE GLOBAL MATRIX
80
      CALL ASSEL (IKT, IFE, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI,
     1 VRES)
90
      ITPE1=ITPE
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE BLVALP

```
C
      TO CALL BLOCK 'VALP'
C
      TO COMPUTE EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS BY THE SUBSPACE
C
      ITERATION TECHNIQUE
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z)
      CHARACTER*4 TBL
      COMMON/ELEM/NULL (4), ME, MNULL (2)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/RESO/NED, NFILLR(2)
      COMMON/VALP/NITER, NMDIAG, EPSLB, SHIFT, NSS, NSWM, TOLJAC, NVALP
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY (8)
      COMMON/LOC/LOGRE, LDLNC, LNED, LDIMP, LPRNS, LPRES, LLD, LLOCE, LCGRE, LNE,
     1 LPRNE, LPREE, LDLE, LKE, LFE, LKGS, LKGD, LXGI, LFG, LRES, LDLG, LDUMMY (4)
      COMMON/TRVL/X1, X2, X3, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5, RDEMMY (515)
      COMMON VA(1)
      DIMENSION TBL (20)
      DATA ZERO/O.DO/
C+++
         THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF AN MS FORTRAN COMPILER
C+++
         BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS. THIS ARRAY
         IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY SUBROUTINE
C+++
         INITBL WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE THIS ARRAY.
C+++
C
C
      DATA TBL/'KGS ', 'KGD ', 'MGS ', 'MGD ', 'FG ', 'KE ', 'FE ', 'DLE ',
     1 'RES', 'DLG', 'P ', 'LAMB', 'LAMI', 'R ', 'PHI', 'KSS', 'MSS',
C
     1 'V1 ', 'VX ', 'V2 '/
C
C
C
         HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
      CALL INITEL (TBL, 'VALP')
C
C+++
         ALL OF THIS IS TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
+++3
         COMPILER BUG
C
C--
      IF (M1.EQ.O) M1=MR
      IF (M2. EQ. 0) M2=ME
      READ(M1, 1000) 11, 12, X1, X2, 13, 14, 15, X3
1000 FORMAT (215, 2F10.0, 315, 1F10.0)
      IF(I1.NE.O) NVALP=I1
      IF (I2. NE.O) NITER=I2
      NSS=I3
      IF (I4. NE. O) NMDIAG=I4
      IF(IS.NE.O) NSWM=I5
      IF(X1.NE.ZERO) EPSLB=X1
      IF (X2.NE.ZERO) SHIFT=X2
      IF (X3. NE. ZERG) TOLJAC=X3
      IF(NSS.NE.0) GB TD 10
      NSS=MINO(NVALP+8, 2*NVALP)
      NSS=MINO(NSS, NEQ)
```

```
WRITE (MP, 2000) M, NVALP, NITER, NYDIRG, ERSLB, SHIFT, NSS, NSWM, TOLJAC
2000 FORMAT(//' SUBSPACE ITERATION (*=', 12, ')'/' ', 26('=')/
                                                            (NVALP)=1, 112/
     1 15X, NUMBER OF DESIRED EIGENVALLES
     2 15X, MAX. NUMBER OF ITERATIONS PERMITTED
                                                            (NITER)=1, 112/
                                                           (NMDIAG)=1, 112/
     3 15X, 'INDEX FOR DIAGONAL MATRIX
     4 15X, 'CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE ON EIGENVALUES
                                                           (EPSLE)=1,512.5/
                                                            (SHIFT)=1, E18.5/
     5 15X, 'SHIFT
                                                              (NSS)=1, [12/
     6 15X, 'SUBSPACE DIMENSION
     7 15X, MAX. NUMBER OF ITERATION IN JACOBI
                                                             (NSWM) =1, 112/
     8 15X, CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE IN JACOBI
                                                           (TOLJAC) = 1, 1E12.5/)
      IF (NVALP.LE.NEQ. AND. NSS.LE. NEQ) GO TO 20
      WRITE (MP, 2010)
2010 FORMAT (//' -- ERROR--- NVALP OR NSS GREATER THAN NEQ!, /,
              '---STOP EXECUTION---')
      60 TO 30
      IF (LKGS.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (1), LKGS)
50
      IF (LKGD. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (2), LKGD)
      CALL ESPACE (NKG, 1, TBL (3), LMGS)
      CALL ESPACE (NEQ, 1, TRL (4), LMGD)
      IF (LFG.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (5), LFG)
      IF (LKE.EQ.1) CALL ESPACE (NKE, 1, TBL (6), LKE)
      IF (LFE.EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TBL (7), LFE)
      IF (LDLE.EG. 1) CALL ESPACE (NDLE, 1, TBL (8), LDLE)
      IF (LRES. EQ. 1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TEL (9), LRES)
      IF (LDLG.EG.1) CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TBL (10), LDLS)
      CALL ESPACE (NEC+NSS, 1, TBL (11), LVEC)
      CALL ESPACE (NSS, 1, TBL (12), LLAMB)
      CALL ESPACE (NSS, 1, TBL (13), LLAM1)
      CALL ESPACE (NSS+(NSS+1)/2, 1, TBL(16), LKSS)
      CALL ESPACE (NSS*(NSS+1) /2, 1, TBL (17), LMSS)
      CALL ESPACE (NEQ. 1, TEL (18), LV1)
      CALL ESPACE (NSS*NSS, 1, TBL (19), LX)
      CALL EXVALP (VA(LLD), VA(LDIMP), VA(LLOCE), VA(LCORE), VA(LPRNE),
     1 VA(LPREE), VA(LNE), VA(LFE), VA(LKE), VA(LKGS), VA(LKGD), VA(LFG),
     2 VA(LCORG), VA(LDLNC), VA(LNEQ), VA(LRES), VA(LDLE), VA(LDLG),
     3 VA(LMGS), VA(LMGD), VA(LVEC), VA(LLAMB), VA(LLAM1), VA(LKSS), VA(LMSS)
     4 , VA(LV1), VA(LX), NEQ, NSS)
30
      RETURN
```

END

237

```
1 VKGS, VKGD, VFG, VCORG, KDLNC, KNED, VRES, VDLE, VDLE, VMGS, VMGS, VMGD,
     2 VEC, VLAMB, VLAM1, VKSS, VMSS, V1, VX, NEQ, NSS)
TO EXECUTE BLOCK 'VALP'
     TO COMPUTE EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS BY SUBSPACE
C
      ITERATION
      (IF NVALP.EQ.1 INVERSE ITERATION METHOD)
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.D-Z)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, NKG, NKE, NDLE
      COMMON/VALP/NITER, NMDIAG, EPELB, SHIFT, NSS1, NSWM, TELJAC, NVALP
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY(10)
      DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIXP(*), KLDCE(*), VCGRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*),
     1 KNE(*), VFE(*), VKE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VFG(*), VCGRG(*), KDLNC(*),
     2 KNER(*), VRES(*), VDLE(*), VDLG(*), VMGS(*), VMGD(*), VEC(NER, *),
     3 VLAMB(*), VLAM1(*), VKSS(*), VMSS(*), V1(*), VX(KSS,*)
      DATA ZERB/O.DO/, UN/1.ODO/, GRAND/1.0D32/
      ABS(X)=DABS(X)
0
C---- PRELIMINARY COMPUTATIONS
С
C---- ASSEMBLE KG AND MG
      CALL ASKG (KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPRSE, KNE, VKE, VFE, VKGB, VKGD.
     1 VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
      CALL ASMG (KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE, VMGS,
     1 VMGD, VMGS, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
C---- TRIANGULARIZE KG
      CALL SDL (VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, KLD, NEG, MP, 1, 0, 0, ENERG)
C---- LOAD VECTOR EQUAL TO DIAGONAL OF M
      CMAX=ZERO
      ICONT=0
      DO 10 ID=1, NEQ
      C=GRAND
C---- CHECK FOR ZERO DIAGONAL TERM IN VMSD
      IF (VMGD (ID), EQ. ZERO) GO TO 5
      ICONT=ICONT+1
     C=VKGD(ID)/VMGD(ID)
5
     V1(ID)=C
     IF(C.GT.CMAX) CMAX=C
      VEC(ID, 1)=VMGD(ID)
     DO 10 JS=2, NSS
10
     VEC(ID, JS)=ZERO
     --- CHECK IF SUBSPACE DIMENSION IS EQUAL TO MASS D.O.F.
      IF(ICONT.LT.NSS) GO TO 250
C---- UNIT LOAD VECTORS CORRESPONDING TO MIN. OF
C
        K(I,I)/M(I,I)
      DO 30 JS=2, NSS
      C=CMAX
```

SUBROUTINE EXVALP(KLD, VDIMP, KLOCE, VCCRE, VPRME, VPREE, KNE, VFE, VME.

```
DO 20 ID=1,NEQ
      IF(V1(ID).67.0) GO TO 20
      C=V1 (ID)
      II=ID
20
      CONTINUE
      V1(II)=CMAX
     VEC(II, JS) =UN
30
     VLAMB (JS) =UN
     VLAMB(1)=UN
      IF (NVALP.EQ. 1) NSS=1
C---- INVERSE ITERATION IF NVALP=1
C---- START ITERATIONS LOOP
C
      ITERM=0
     ITMAX=NITER+1
     DO 200 ITER=1, ITMAX
C---- COMPUTE RITZ VECTORS
      110=0
     DO 80 JS=1, NSS
     110=110+JS
     DO 40 ID=1, NEG
40
   V1(ID)=VEC(ID, JS)
     CALL SOL(VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, V1, KLD, NED, MP, 0, 1, 0, EVERG)
C----- CALCULATE THE PROJECTION OF K
      II=IIO
     DO 60 IS=JS, NSS
     C=ZERO
  DO 50 ID=1, NEQ
50 C=C+V1(ID) *VEC(ID, IS)
     VKSS(II)=C
60
   II=II+IS
     DO 70 ID=1, NEQ
70
    VEC(ID, JS)=V1(ID)
     CONTINUE
80
C---- CALCULATE THE PROJECTION OF M
      II0=0
      DO 120 JS=1, NSS
      110=110+JS
      DO 85 ID=1, NEQ
     V1(ID)=ZERO
85
      CALL MULKU(VMGS, VMGD, VMGS, KLD, VEC(1, JS), NEG, 0, V1)
      II=IIO
      DO 100 IS=JS, NSS
      C=ZERO
      DO 90 ID=1, NEQ
90
     C=C+V1(ID)*VEC(ID, IS)
      IF(ITERM.GT.O) GO TO 120
     VMSS(II)=C
100 II=II+IS
     DO 110 ID=1, NEQ
110 VEC(ID, JS)=V1(ID)
```

```
120
      CONTINUE
      IF (NSS.GT.1) 60 TO 125
      VLAM1 (1) = VKSS (1) / VMSS (1)
      60 TO 165
C---- CALCULATE EIGENVALUES IN THE SUBSPACE
      CALL JACOBI (VKSS, VMSS, NSS, NSWM, TOLJAC, V1, VLAM1, VX)
C---- NEW LOAD VECTOR
      DO 160 ID=1, NEQ
      DO 130 JS=1, NSS
130
     V1(JS)=VEC(ID, JS)
      DO 150 JS=1, NSS
      C=ZERO
      DO 140 IS=1,NSS
140 C=C+V1(IS)*VX(IS, JS)
150 VEC(ID, JS)=C
160 CONTINUE
165 CONTINUE
C---- PRINT THE ITERATION VALUES
      IF(M.LT.1) 60 TO 180
      WRITE(MP, 2000) ITER
2000 FORMAT(//' . . . . . ITERATION ', 15/)
      DO 170 IS=1,NSS
      WRITE(MP, 2010) IS, VLAM1(IS)
2010 FORMAT(/' EIGENVALUE NO. ', I5, ' =', E12.5//' EIGENVECTOR:')
170 CALL PRSOL (KDLNC, VCDRG, VDIMP, KNEQ, VEC(1, IS))
C---- CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE
180 IF (ITERM. 6T. 0) 60 TO 210
     C=ZERO
     IEX=0
      DO 190 IS=1, NSS
      C1=ABS((VLAM1(IS)-VLAMB(IS))/VLAMB(IS))
      IF(C1.GT.C) C=C1
     IF (C1.LE.EPSLB) IEX=IEX+1
190 CONTINUE
      WRITE (MP, 2015) ITER, C, IEX
2015 FORMAT(' ITERATION ', 14,' MAX. ERROR=', E9.1,' EXACT EIGENVALUES:'
     1. I4)
     IF(IEX.GE.NVALP) ITERM=1
C---- NON CONVERGENCE
      IF (ITER.LT.NITER.OR.ITERM.EQ.1) GO TO 195
     WRITE (MP, 2020) NITER
2020 FORMAT(' ** NON CONVERGENCE AFTER ', 15, ' ITERATIONS')
      ITERM=1
C---- SAVE THE EIGENVALUES
195 DO 200 IS=1, NSS
200 VLAMB(IS)=VLAM1(IS)
С
C---- RESULT
C
C---- ARRANGE EIGENVALUES IN ASCENDING ORDER
210 IS1=NSS-1
```

```
IF (IS1.EQ.0) 60 TO 235
      DO 230 IS=1, IS1
      I1=IS+1
      C=VLAMB(IS)
      II=IS
      DO 220 JS=I1,NSS
      IF(C.LT.VLAMB(JS)) GO TO 220
      C=VLAMB(JS)
      II=JS
220
      CONTINUE
      VLAMB(II)=VLAMB(IS)
      VLAMB(IS)=C
      DS 230 ID=1, NED
      C=VEC(ID, IS)
      VEC(ID, IS) = VEC(ID, II)
230 VEC(ID, II)=C
C---- PRINT RESULT
      WRITE (MP, 2030) ITER
2030 FBRMAT(/' . . . CONVERGENCE IN', 14,' ITERATIONS'/)
235
      CONTINUE
      DO 240 IS=1, NVALP
      WRITE(MP, 2010) IS, VLAMB(IS)
      CALL PRSSL (KDLNC, VCGRG, VDIMP, KNEQ, VEC(1, IS))
240
      GO TO 260
250
      CONTINUE
      WRITE (MP, 2040)
2040 FORMAT(' ** NSS IS LARGER THAN MASS D.O.F.')
260
      RETURN
      END
```

```
1 VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFG, VDLE, VRES)
TO ASSEMBLE THE GLOBAL MASS MATRIX (ELEMENT FUNCTION 5)
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/ELEM/NELT, NNEL, NTPE, NGRE, ME, NIDENT, MNULL
     COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
     COMMON/RESO/NED, NFILLR(2)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, IDE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDES, IPG
     1 , ICOD, NULL (3)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, M1, M2, MDUMMY (8)
     DIMENSION KLD(*), VDIMP(*), KLOCE(*), VCGRE(*), VPRNE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*),
     1 KNE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*), VKGS(*), VKGD(*), VKGI(*), VFG(*), VDLE(*),
    2 VRES(*), KEB(1)
C----- REWIND ELEMENT FILE (M2)
     REWIND M2
C---- LOGP OVER THE ELEMENTS
     DO 30 IE=1, NELT
C---- SKIP COMPUTATIONS IF IDENTICAL ELEMENTS
     IF (NIDENT. EQ. 1. AND. IE. GT. 1) SO TO 20
C---- READ AN ELEMENT
     CALL RDELEM(M2, KLOCE, VCBRE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE)
C---- EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS IF REQUIRED
     IF (ITPE. EQ. ITPE1) GO TO 10
     1000=2
     CALL ELEMLB (VCDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
10
     CALL ELEMLB (VCDRE, VPRNE, VPRSE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
    --- PRINT ELEMENT MATRIX
     IF(M.LT.2) 60 TO 20
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 0) IKE=IDLE*(IDLE+1)/2
     IF (NSYM. EQ. 1) IKE=IDLE*IDLE
     WRITE(MP, 2000) IEL, (VKE(I), I=1, IKE)
2000 FORMAT(/' MATRIX (ME) , ELEMENT: 15/(10X, 10812.5))
C---- ASSEMBLE
     CALL ASSEL(1, 0, IDLE, NSYM, KLOCE, KLD, VKE, VFE, VKGS, VKGD, VKGI, VFB)
20
30
     ITPE1=ITPE
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE ASMG(KLD, VDIMP, KLCCE, VDGRE, VPRNE, VPREE, KNE, VKE, VFE,

```
SUBROUTINE JACOBI(VK, VM, N, NCYM, EPS, VALPO, VALP, VECT)

C TO SOLVE THE EIGENPROBLEM K-LAMBDA.M BY THE GENERALIZED
```

```
C
     TO SOLVE THE EIGENPROBLEM K-LAMBDA.M BY THE GENERALIZED
     JACCBI METHOD
C
C
       INPUT
C
                 MATRIX K (UPPER TRIANGLE BY DESCENDING
         VK
C
C
         VM
                 MATRIX M (UPPER TRIANGLE BY DESCENDING
C
                 COLUMNS)
C
                 ORDER OF MATRICES K AND M
         N
C
         NCYM
                 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SWEEPS ALLOWED (15)
               CONVERGENCE TOLERANCE (1.D-12)
C
       EPS
C
       WORKSPACE
C
       VALPO WORKING VECTOR (DIMENSION N)
C
      OUTPUT
C
        VALP
                EIGENVALUES
         VECT
                 EIGENVECTORS
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY (10)
     DIMENSION VK(*), VM(*), VALPO(N), VALP(N), VECT(N, N)
     DATA EPSDO/1.D-4/, ZERB/0.D0/, UN/1.D0/, DEUX/2.D0/, QUATR/4.D0/
     SQRT(X)=DSQRT(X)
     ABS(X) = DABS(X)
     EPS2=EPS*EPS
C---- VERIFY IF DIAGONAL TERMS ARE POSITIVE
0
        AND INITIALIZE EIGENVALUES
     II=0
     DD 20 I=1,N
     II=II+I
     IF(VK(II).GT.ZERD.AND.VM(II).GT.ZERO) GO TO 10
     WRITE (MP. 2000) I
2000 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, NEBATIVE DIAGONAL TERM IN JACOBI, ROW ',
    1 I5)
     STOP
10
     VALP(I)=VK(II)/VM(II)
20
     VALPO(I)=VALP(I)
C---- INITIALIZE EIGENVECTORS
     DD 40 I=1.N
     DG 30 J=1,N
     VECT(I, J) = ZERO
30
     VECT(I, I)=UN
40
C---- FOR EACH SWEEP
     DO 250 IC=1, NCYM
C---- DYNAMIC TOLERANCE
     EPSD=EPSD0**IC
```

C----- SWEEP ROWWISE OVER UPPER TRIANGLE
IMAX=N-1
II=0

```
DO 180 I=1, IMAX
      IO=II+1
      II=II+I
      IP1=I+1
      IJ=II+I
      JJ=II
      DO 180 J=IP1, N
      JP1=J+1
      JM1=J-1
      J0=JJ+1
      JJ=JJ+J
      J3=JJ-1
C---- COMPUTE COUPLING FACTORS
      FK=(VK(IJ)*VK(IJ))/(VK(II)*VK(JJ))
      FM=(VM(IJ)*VM(IJ))/(VM(II)*VM(JJ))
      IF (FK.LT.EPSD.AND.FM.LT.EPSD) 50 TO 180
C---- COMPUTE THE TRANSFORMATION COEFFICIENTS
      ITR=ITR+1
      C1=VK(II)*VM(IJ)-VM(II)*VK(IJ)
      C2=VK(JJ) *VM(IJ) -VM(JJ) *VK(IJ)
      C3=VK(II) *VM(JJ) -VM(II) *VK(JJ)
      DET=(C3*C3/QUATR)+(C1*C2)
      IF (DET.GE. ZERO) GO TO 50
      WRITE(MP, 2005) I, J
2005 FORMAT(' **ERROR, SINGULAR JACCBI TRANSFORMATION I=', I5,
     1 ' J=1, I5)
      STOP
50
      DET=SQRT (DET)
      D1=C3/DEUX+DET
      D2=C3/DEUX-DET
      D=D1
      IF (ABS (D2) . 6T. ABS (D1) ) D=D2
      IF(D.EQ.ZERO) GO TO 60
      A=C2/D
      B=-C1/D
      GO TO 65
50
      A=ZERO
      B=-VK(IJ)/VK(JJ)
    ---- MODIFY COLUMNS OF K AND M
      IF(I.EQ.1) 50 TO 80
65
      IK=IO
      Ji=IJ-1
      DO 70 JK=J0,J1
      C1=VK(IK)
      C2=VK (JK)
      VK(IK)=C1+B*C2
      VK (JK) = C2+A*C1
      C1=VM(IK)
      C2=VM(JK)
      VM(IK)=C1+B*C2
      VM(JK)=02+8*01
```

```
70
     IK=IK+1
      IF(I.EQ.JM1) 60 TO 100
80
      IK=II+I
      J2=IJ+1
     IM=I
      DO 90 JK=J2, J3
     C1=VK(IK)
     C2=VK(JK)
     VK(IK)=C1+B*C2
     VK (JK) =C2+A*C1
     C1=VM(IK)
     C2=VM(JK)
     VM(IK)=01+8*02
     VM (JK) =C2+A*C1
     IM=IM+1
90
     IK=IK+IM
100 IF (J.EQ.N) GO TO 120
     IK=IJ+J
     JK=JJ+J
     IM=J
   DO 110 JJK=JP1, N
     C1=VK(IK)
     C2=VK(JK)
     VK(IK)=C1+B*C2
     VK (JK) =02+A*01
     C1=VM(IK)
     C2=VM(JK)
     VM(IK)=C1+B*C2
      VM (JK) =C2+A*C1
     IM=IM+1
     IK=IK+IM
110
     JK=JK+IM
120
     C1=VK(II)
     C2=VK(IJ)
      C3=VK(JJ)
      B2=8*B
      BB=DEUX*B
      A*A=SA
      AA=DEUX*A
      VK(II)=C1+BB*C2+E2*C3
      VK(IJ)=ZERD
      VK(JJ)=C3+AA*C2+A2*C1
      C1=VM(II)
     C2=VM(IJ)
      C3=VM(JJ)
      VM(II)=C1+BB*C2+B2*C3
      VM(IJ)=ZERO
      VM(JJ)=C3+AA*C2+A2*C1
C---- UPDATE EIGENVECTORS
      DO 170 IJ1=1,N
      C1=VECT(IJ1, I)
```

```
C2=VECT(IJ1.J)
      VECT(IJ1, I)=C1+B*C2
170 VECT(IJ1, J)=02+A*01
180 IJ=IJ+J
C---- UPDATE EIGENVALUES
      11=0
      DO 190 I=1, N
      II=II+I
      IF(VK(II).GT.ZERG.AND.VM(II).ST.ZERG) GC TJ 190
      WRITE (MP, 2000) I
      STOP
190
    VALP(I)=VK(II)/VM(II)
      IF(M.GT.1) WRITE(MP, 2010) IC, (VALP(I), I=1, %)
2010 FDRMAT(/' EIGENVALUES, SWEEP ', 14/(1X, 10E12.5))
C---- CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE OF EIGENVALUES
      DO 200 I=1.N
      IF(ABS(VALP(I)-VALPO(I)).GT.(EPS*VALPO(I))) GO TO 230
200
    CONTINUE
C---- CHECK FOR CONVERGENCE ON DIAGONAL TERMS
      JJ=1
      DO 210 J=2, N
     JJ=JJ+J
      JM1=J-1
      II=0
      DO 210 I=1, JM1
     II=II+I
      IJ=JJ-J+I
      FK=VK(IJ)*VK(IJ)/(VK(II)*VK(JJ))
     FM=VM(IJ)*VM(IJ)/(VM(II)*VM(JJ))
      IF (FK.GT.EPS2.GR.FM.GT.EPS2) GD TO 230
210
    CONTINUE
C---- NORMALIZE EIGENVECTORS
     JJ=0
      DO 220 J=1, N
     JJ=JJ+J
     C1=SORT(VM(JJ))
     DO 220 I=1.N
220 VECT(I, J)=VECT(I, J)/C1
C---- ACHIEVED CONVERGENCE
      IF (M. 6T. 0) WRITE (MP. 2020) IC, ITR
2020 FORMAT(15X, 'CONVERGENCE IN ', 14, ' SWEEPS AND ', 15, ' TRANSFORMATION
    1S IN JACOBI')
     RETURN
C---- TRANSFER VALP INTO VALPO
230 DO 240 I=1,N
240 VALPO(I)=VALP(I)
250 CONTINUE
C---- FAIL TO CONVERGE
     WRITE (MP, 2030) NOYM
2030 FORMAT(' ** ERROR, CONVERGENCE FAILURE IN JACOBI IN', 14, ' SHEEPS')
     STOP
     END
```

```
$LARGE: VKSI1
$LARGE: KEXP1
$LARGE: VKSI2
$LARGE: KEXP2
$LARGE: VKSI3
$LARGE: KEXP3
$LARGE: VKSI
$LARGE: KEXP
$LARGE: INDIC
$LARGE: G
$LARGE: P
$LARGE: TEL
$LARGE: WGT
$LARGE: PSIT
$LARGE: ETAT
$LARGE: INTNUM
$LARGE: NINTV
$LARGE: PS
$LARGE: ET
SLARGE: IPGKED
   SUBROUTINE DUMMY (MICROSOFT, BUG, KILLER)
```

0 C

0 0

0

C

C

0

C

0 C C

C

0

C

C

€

I REFER TO THE FOLLOWING SUBROUTINES, WHOSE NAMES BEGIN WITH "INIT," AS DUMMY SUBPOUTINES, BECAUSE THEY ARE NEEDED TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS WHICH ARE PASSED AS CALLING PARAMETERS. THE ARRAYS CANNOT BE INSTIBLIZED WITH DATA STATEMENTS IN A DIRECT FASHION BECAUSE THERE IS A BUG IN THE MICROSOFT FORTRAN COMPILER V3.2, WHICH DOES NOT INITIALIZE REAL ARRAYS CORRECTLY IF THEY HAVE BEEN IDENT-IFIED AS \$LARGE ARRAYS. IT DOES NOT SEEM TO MATTER WHETHER THEY ARE DECLARED LARGE USING THE "GENERIC" \$LARGE WITHOUT SPECIFIC ARGUMENTS, OR WHETHER THEY HAVE BEEN DECLARED SPECIFICALLY AS IN THE METACOMMANDS PRECEEDING THIS ROUTINE

IF THE BELOW ROUTINES ARE DUMMY ROUTINES; THIS ONE HAS GOT TO BE CALLED AN IDIOT ROUTINE. THIS ROUTINE EXISTS BECAUSE THE DATA STATEMENTS FOR REAL ARRAYS WILL NOT COMPILE CORRECTLY IF THEY ARE IN THE FIRST SUBROUTINE IN A COMPILAND. THIS SUBROUTINE PROVIDES A PAD TO FOOL THE COMPILER. WITHOUT THIS ROUTINE, THE ONE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING WILL NOT COMPILE; WITH THIS ROUTINE IT DOES.

IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, O-Z) DIMENSION BUG (20) BUG(1) = 0.00RETURN END

```
THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO SET AROUND A MICROSOFT
C
         COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
C
         PASSED AS ARGUMENTS. THE DUMMY ARRAYS VKSI11, VKSI22,
C
         VKSI33, KEXP11, KEXP22, AND KEXP33 HAVE BEEN GIVEN THE
C
         ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED PROPERLY
C
         BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE IS ASSISNED
         BY DEFAULT SINCE THEIR DIMENSIONS DO NOT EXCEED 64% BYTES
C
0
        OF STORAGE.
0
C
         THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE X101 WHICH IS
         USED FOR ELEMENT TYPE 1
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H. 0-Z)
      DIMENSION VKSII (3), KEXPI (3), VKSI2 (16), KEXP2 (16), VKSI3 (60),
     1 KEXP3(60)
      DIMENSION VKSI11(3), KEXP11(3), VKSI22(15), KEXP22(16), VKSI33(60),
     1 KEXP33(60)
€
C
    CHARACTERISTICS FOR 1, 2 AND 3 DIMENSIONAL REFERENCE ELEMENTS
C
C
             HERE IS THE DUMMY ARRAY INITIALIZATION
C
     DATA VKSI11/-1.DO, 0.DO, 1.DO/
     DATA KEXP11/0,1,2/
      DATA VKS122/-1.D0,-1.D0, +0.D0,-1.D0, +1.D0,-1.D0, +1.D0,+0.D0,
                +1.D0,+1.D0, +0.D0,+1.D0, -1.D0,+1.D0, -1.D0,+0.D0/
      DATA KEXP22/0,0, 1,0, 0,1, 2,0, 1,1, 0,2, 2,1, 1,2/
     DATA VKSI33/-1.D0,-1.D0,-1.D0, +0.D0,-1.D0,-1.D0,
                +1.D0, -1.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0, -1.D0,
     1
    5
                +1.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0, +0.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0,
    3
                -1. DO, +1. DO, -1. DO, -1. DO, +0. DO, -1. DO,
    4
                -1.D0, -1.D0, +0.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0, +0.D0,
    5
                +1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0,
    6
                -1.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0,
     7
                +1.DO, -1.DO, +1.DO, +1.DO, +0.DO, +1.DO,
                +1.D0, +1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0, +1.D0, +1.D0,
                -1.DO, +1.DO, +1.DO, -1.DO, +0.DO, +1.DO/
     DATA KEXP33/0,0,0, 1,0,0, 0,1,0, 0,0,1, 1,1,1,
    1 1,1,0, 0,1,1, 1,0,1, 2,0,0, 0,2,0, 0,0,2,
    2 2,1,0, 2,0,1, 2,1,1, 1,2,0, 0,2,1, 1,2,1,
     3 1,0,2, 0,1,2, 1,1,2/
C
C
           INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAYS
C
      DO 10 I = 1.3
       VKSI1(I) = VKSI11(I)
       KEXP1(I) = KEXP11(I)
10
      CONTINUE
```

```
DO 20 I = 1.15
        VKSI2(I) = VKSI22(I)
        KEXP2(I) = KEXP22(I)
20
      CONTINUE
      DO 30 I = 1,60
        VKSI3(I) = VKSI33(I)
       KEXP3(I) = KEXP33(I)
30
      CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE INITAS(VKSI, KEXP)
         THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO SET AROUND A MICROSOFT
        COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
C
       PASSED AS ARGUMENTS. THE DUMMY ARRAYS VKSII AND KEXPA HAVE
       BEEN GIVEN THE ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED
C
       PROPERLY BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE IS ASSIGNED
       BY DEFAULT SINCE THEIR DIMENSIONS DO NOT EXCEED 64K SYTES
C
C
       OF STORAGE.
C
        THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE NICE WHICH IS
C
        USED BY ELEMENT TYPE 2
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
C
C..... INFORMATION RELATED TO THE 8 NODED REFERENCE SOLARE ELEMENT
C
          (INEL.EQ.8 NDIM.EQ.2)
С
      DIMENSION VKSI(NDIM*INEL), KEXP(NDIM*INEL), KDER(NDIM)
      DIMENSION VKSI ( 16), KEXP (
                                          16)
                          16),KEXPP(
      DIMENSION VKSII(
                                             15)
C
C
             INTITIALIZE THE DUMMY ARRAYS
C
         NODAL COORDINATES OF THE REFERENCE ELEMENT
C
      DATA VKSII/-1.D0,-1.D0, +0.D0,-1.D0, +1.D0,-1.D0, +1.D0,+0.D0,
              +1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0, +0.D0/
C
         MONOMIAL EXPONENTS OF THE POLYNOMIAL BASIS, MAX-DEGREE
      DATA KEXPP/0,0, 1,0, 0,1, 2,0, 1,1, 0,2, 2,1, 1,2/
C
             INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAYS
C
C
      DO 10 I = 1, 16
        KEXP(I) = KEXPP(I)
       VKSI(I) = VKSII(I)
10
      CONTINUE
      RETURN
```

END

SUBROUTINE INITH3 (VKSI, KEXP)

```
THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO GET AROUND A MICROSOFT
        COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
C
        PASSED AS ARGUMENTS. THE DUMMY ARRAYS VKSII AND KEXPO HAVE
      BEEN GIVEN THE ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED
      PROPERLY BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE IS ASSIGNED
      BY DEFAULT SINCE THEIR DIMENSIONS DO NOT EXCEED 64K BYTES
      OF STORAGE.
      THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE NIOS WHICH IS
      USED BY ELEMENT TYPE 3
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
C..... INFORMATIONS CARACTERISTIQUES DU TRIANGLE A 6 NOEUDS
         (INEL.EQ.6 NDIM.EQ.2)
     DIMENSION VKSI(NDIM*INEL), KEXP(NDIM*INEL)
     DIMENSION VKSI ( 12), KEXP ( 12)
     DIMENSION VKSII( 12), KEXPP(
                                         (2)
С
C
       THIS IS THE DUMMY ARRAY INITIALIZATION
C
Ĉ.
         COORDONNEES DES NOEUDS DE L'ELEMENT DE REFERENCE
     DATA VKSII/O.DO, O.DO, O.5DO, O.DO, 1.DO, O.DO, O.5DO, O.5DO, O.DO, 1.DO,
             0.D0,0.5D0/
         EXPOSANTS DES MONOMES DE LA BASE POLYNOMIALE, DEGRE MAX.
C
     DATA KEXPP/0,0, 1,0, 0,1, 2,0, 1,1, 0,2/
С
C
        INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAYS
C
     DO 10 I = 1,12
      VKSI(I) = VKSII(I)
       KEXP(I) = KEXPP(I)
10
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE INITS6 (WGT, PSIT, ETAT, INTNUM, NINTV)

```
C
        THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO GET AROUND A MICROSOFT
       COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
C
C
       PASSED AS ARGUMENTS. THE DUMMY ARRAYS WOTT, PSITT,
      ETATT, INTNUU, AND NINTVV HAVE BEEN GIVEN THE
C
C
      ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED PROPERLY
C
      BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE IS ASSISNED
0
      BY DEFAULT SINCE THEIR DIMENSIONS DO NOT EXCEED 64K BYTES
C
      OF STORAGE.
C
C
      THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE STFO6 WHICH IS
       USED FOR ELEMENT TYPE 6
     IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
     DIMENSION WGT (*), PSIT (*), ETAT (*), INTNUM(*), NINTV (*)
     DIMENSION WGTT (7), PSITT (7), ETATT (7), INTNUU (5), NINTVV (5)
C
C
            HERE IS THE DUMMY ARRAY INITIALIZATION
C
     DATA PSITT/ 0.33333333333300,
              0.16666666667D0, 0.166666666667D0, 0.666666666667D0,
              0.500
                             ,0.5D0 ,0.0D0/
     DATA ETATT/ 0.333333333333300,
              0.1666666667D0, 0.6666666667D0, 0.16666666667D0,
                            , 0.5D0
               0.0D0
                                            ,0.5D0/
     DATA WGTT/ 1.0DO.
              DATA INTNUU / 0,1,4,7,11/
     DATA NINTVV / 1,3,3,4, 7/
0
C
         INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAYS
C
     DO 10 I = 1.5
      INTNUM(I) = INTNUU(I)
      NINTV(I) = NINTVV(I)
10
     CONTINUE
     DO 20 I = 1.7
       WGT(I) = WGTT(I)
       PSIT(I) = PSITT(I)
     ETAT(I) = ETATT(I)
20
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE INITAG(PS, ET)

```
THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO BET AROUND A MICROSOFT
        COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
C
        PASSED AS ARGUMENTS. THE DUMMY ARRAYS PSS AND ETT HAVE
C
        BEEN GIVEN THE ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED
C
       PROPERLY BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE IS ASSIGNED
0
       BY DEFAULT SINCE THEIR DIMENSIONS DO NOT EXCEED SAK BYTES
C
       OF STORAGE.
С
C
       THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE STROS WHICH IS
C
        USED FOR ELEMENT TYPE 6
     IMPLICIT REAL*8 (A-H, B-Z)
     DIMENSION PS (*), ET (*)
     DIMENSION PSS(6), ETT(6)
C
C
            HERE IS THE DUMMY ARRAY INITIALIZATION
C
     DATA PSS /0.,1.,0.,0.5,0.5,0./
     DATA ETT /0.,0.,1.,0.,0.5,0.5/
C
C
          INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAYS
C
     D0 10 I = 1,6
       PS(I) = PSS(I)
       ET(I) = ETT(I)
     CONTINUE
10
     RETURN
     END
```

SUBROUTINE INITAT(VKSI, KEXP)

```
THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO GET AROUND A MICROSOFT
C
         COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
C
         PASSED AS ARGUMENTS. THE DUMMY ARRAYS VKSII AND KEXPR HAVE
C
         BEEN GIVEN THE ATTRIBUTE SMOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED
C
         PROPERLY BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE IS ASSIGNED
C
         BY DEFAULT SINCE THEIR DIMENSIONS DO NOT EXCEED 54K BYTES
C
         OF STORAGE.
C
C
         THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE NIOT WHICH IS
C
         USED BY ELEMENT TYPE 7
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
C..... INFORMATIONS LIEES A L'ELEMENT DE REFERENCE CARRE A 20 NOEUDS
          (INEL.EQ.20 NDIM.EQ.3)
0
      DIMENSION VKSI(NDIM*INEL), KEXP(NDIM*INEL), KDER(NDIM)
                           60), KEXP(
                                           60)
      DIMENSION VKSI(
      DIMENSION VKSIIC
                           60) KEXPP(
                                           60)
C
0
         INITIALIZE THE DUMMY ARRAYS
C
     DATA VKSII/
    1 -1.D0, -1.D0, -1.D0, +0.D0, -1.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0, -1.D0,
    2 +1.DO, +0.DO, -1.DO,
    3 +1.D0,+1.D0,-1.D0, +0.D0,+1.D0,-1.D0, -1.D0,+1.D0,-1.D0,
    4 -i.DO, +0.DO, -1.DO,
    5 -1. DO, -1. DO, +0. DO, +1. DO, -1. DO, +0. DO, +1. DO, +1. DO, +0. DO,
    6 -1.DO, 1.DO, +0.DO,
    7 -1. DO, -1. DO, +1. DO, +0. DO, -1. DO, +1. DO, +1. DO, -1. DO, +1. DO,
    8 +1.D0.+0.D0,+1.D0,
    9 +1.D0, +1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0, +1.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0, +1.D0,
    A -1. DO, +0. DO, +1./
         EXPOSANTS DES MONOMES DE LA BASE POLYNOMIALE, DEGRE MAX.
C
     DATA KEXPP/0,0,0, 1,0,0, 0,1,0, 0,0,1, 2,0,0, 0,2,0, 0,0,2,
    1
                1,1,0, 0,1,1, 1,0,1, 2,1,0, 2,0,1, 1,2,0, 0,2,1,
    2
                1,0,2, 0,1,2, 1,1,1, 2,1,1, 1,2,1, 1,1,2/
C
C
             INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAYS
C
      DG 10 I = 1,60
       KEXP(I) = KEXPP(I)
        VKSI(I) = VKSII(I)
10
      CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

```
THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO SET AROUND A MICROSOFT
0
        COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAYS
         PASSED AS ARGUMENTS. THE DUMMY ARRAYS INDIEC, 58, AND
0
        PP HAVE BEEN GIVEN THE ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE
C
        INITIALIZED PROPERLY BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE
С
        ATTRIBUTE IS ASSIGNED BY DEFAULT SINCE THEIR DIMENSIONS
С
        DO NOT EXCEED 64K BYTES OF STORAGE.
C
C
        THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE GAUSS.
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, D-Z)
     DIMENSION INDIC (4), G (10), P (10)
     DIMENSION INDICC(4), GG(10), PP(10)
C
C
             HERE IS THE DUMMY ARRAY INITIALIZATION
C
     DATA INDICC/1, 2, 4, 7/
     DATA 66/0.000, -. 577350269189626D0, . 577350259189626D0,
            -.774596669241483D0,0.0D0,.774596669241483D0,
     2
            -.861136311594050D0, -.339981043584860D0,
            .33998104358486000,.86113631159405000/
     DATA PP/2.0D0, 1.0D0, 1.0D0,
           0.5555555555555556D0,0.88888888888889D0,0.555555555555555556D0,
    2
            .347854845137450D0,.652145154862550D0,
            .652145154862550D0,.347854845137450D0/
C
C
             INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAYS
C
     DO 10 I = 1, 4
       INDIC(I) = INDICC(I)
     CONTINUE
10
     DO 20 I = 1,10
       G(I) = GG(I)
       b(I) = bb(I)
20
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
     END
```

```
THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO GET AROUND A MICROSOFT
         COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAY TBL
C
C
         PASSED AS AN ARGUMENT. THE DUMMY ARRAYS TELX HAVE BEEN GIVEN
         THE ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED PROPERLY
C
C
         BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE IS ASSIGNED BY
C
         DEFAULT SINCE THE DIMENSION DOES NOT EXCEED 64K BYTES OF
C
        STORAGE. TBL CONTAINS POINTERS INTO THE WORKING ARRAY.
C
        THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINE BLLIND, BLNLIN,
С
        BLTEMP, BLVALP, BLCGOR, BLCGND, BLPREL, BLELEM, BLSGLR,
         AND BLLINM.
      CHARACTER*4 TBL, WHO, CALLER(10), TBL1(10), TBL2(10), TBL3(13),
                                     TBL4(20), TBL5(2), TBL6(2),
                                     TBL7(2), TBL8(6), TBL9(8), TBL10(8)
      DIMENSION TEL (*)
      DATA CALLER/'LIND', 'NLIN', 'TEMP', 'VALP', 'COOR', 'DOND', 'DREL',
                 'ELEM','SOLR','LINM'/
      DATA NTBLS/10/
C
C
                    INITIALIZE THE DUMMY ARRAYS
C
C
        TBL ASSIGNMENTS FOR SUBROUTINE BULIND
      DATA TBL1/'KGS ', 'KGD ', 'KGI ', 'FG ', 'KE ', 'FE ', 'RES ', 'DLE ',
     * 'EB ','PB '/
C
C
        TBL ASSIGNMENTS FOR SUBROUTINE BLNLIN
     DATA TBL2/'KGS', 'KGD', 'KGI', 'FG', 'KE', 'FE', 'FE', 'RES', 'DLE'.
     * 'DLG ', 'ME '/
C
C
        TBL ASSIGNMENTS FOR SUBROLITINE BLIEND
     DATA TBL3/'KGS ', 'KGD ', 'KGI ', 'FG ', 'KE ', 'FE ', 'RES ',
     * 'DLE ', 'DLG ', 'ME ', 'DLEO', 'DLGO', 'FGO '/
C
C
        TBL ASSIGNMENTS FOR SUBROUTINE BLVALP
     DATA TBL4/'KGS ','KGD ','MGS ','MGD ','FG ','KE '.'FE '.
    * 'DLE ', 'RES ', 'DLG ', 'PHI ', LAMB', 'LAMB', 'R ', 'PHI ',
     * 'KSS', 'YS', 'YY', 'YS'', 'YS'', 'YS''
C
C
        TBL ASSIGNMENTS FOR SUBROUTINE BLCOOR
     DATA TBL5/'CORG', 'DLNC'/
C
      . TBL ASSIGNMENTS FOR SUBROUTINE BLCOND
     DATA TBL6/'NEQ ','DIMP'/
C
C
        TBL ASSIGNMENTS FOR SUBROUTINE BLPREL
     DATA TBL7/'PREG','V '/
C
```

```
TBL 488184MENTE FOR BUBROUTINE BLELEW
    DATA TBLB/'LD '.'LOCE'.' CORE'.' NE '.' PRIVE'.' PREE' /
E
C
       TEL RESIGNMENTS FOR SUBFOUTINE BLODLA
    + 1 RES 1/
U
      TEL ASSISTMENTS FOR SUBROLTINE BLLINY
    DATA TBLIO/ KES 1, 1 KED 1, 1 KEI 1, 1 FS 1, 1 KE 1, 1 FE 1, 1 RES 1,
    + 1DLE 1/
C
    DETERMINE THE CALLING ROUTINE
     DO 5 I = 1. NTBLS
     IF (WHO, EQ. CALLER(I)) IPDINT = 1
5
    CONTINUE
C
      BRANCH TO CORRECT INITIALIZATION LOOP
     $370(10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 50, 70, 80, 90, 100). IPSINT
0
    INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLLIND
     DO 15 I = 1,10
     TBL(I) = TBL1(I)
15
    CONTINUE
     RETURN
0
     INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLALIN
0
    DO 25 I = 1,10
     TBL(I) = TBL2(I)
25
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
0
    INITIALIZE THE REAL ARROY FOR BUTEMP
    00 35 I = 1.13
     TBL(1) = TBL3(1)
35
    CONTINUE
     RETURN
C
    INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLVALP
C
     DO 45 I = 1,20
40
     TBL(I) = TBL4(I)
45
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
D
     INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLCDOR
     DO 55 I = 1,2
      TBL(I) = TBL5(I)
55
    CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
     INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLOOMD
C
50
     00 65 1 = 1,2
```

```
TBL(I) = TBL6(I)
65 CONTINUE
 RETURN
С
    __ INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BUPREL
     DO 75 I = 1.2
     TBL(I) = TBL7(I)
   CONTINUE
75
    RETURN
C
     INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLELEM
   DO 85 I = 1,6
     TBL(I) = TBL8(I)
85
   CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
     INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLSDLR
0
     DO 95 I = 1.8
     TBL(I) = TBL9(I)
95
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
С
    INITIALIZE THE REAL ARRAY FOR BLLINM
100 DO 105 I = 1.8
     TBL(I) = TBL10(I)
105
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE INITEG (IPEKED, WHO)
THIS SUBROUTINE EXISTS SOLELY TO GET AROUND A MICROSOFT
C
      COMPILER BUG. ITS PURPOSE IS TO INITIALIZE THE ARRAY
0
      PASSED AS AN ARGUMENT. THE DUMMY ARRAY IPGKX HAS BEEN
C
     GIVEN THE ATTRIBUTE $NOTLARGE, AND WILL BE INITIALIZED PROPERLY BY THE COMPILER. THE $NOTLARGE ATTRIBUTE 18
C
C
0
      ASSIGNED BY DEFAULT SINCE THE DIMENSION DOES NOT EXCEED
C
      64K BYTES OF STORAGE.
C
0
      THIS SUBROUTINE IS CALLED BY SUBROUTINES ELEMO1, ELEMO2,
C
      AND ELEMOT.
DIMENSION IPGKED(*), IPGK1(3), IPGK2(2), IPGK7(3)
     CHARACTER*4 WHO, CALLER(3)
     DATA CALLER/'ELO1', 'ELO2', 'ELO7'/
     DATA NCLRS/3/
C
C
            HERE IS THE INITIALIZATION FOR ELEMON
```

DATA IP6K1/3,3,3/

```
C
             HERE IS THE INITIALIZATION FOR ELEMOS
C
     DATA IP6K2/3,3/
С
C
             HERE IS THE INITIALIZATION FOR ELEMOT
     DATA IPGK7/2, 2, 2/
С
      DETERMINE THE CALLING ROUTINE
C
     DO 5 I = 1, NCLRS
       IF (WHO.EQ.CALLER(I)) IPOINT = I
5
     CONTINUE
C
C_____ BRANCH TO CORRECT INITIALIZATION LOOP
     60TB(10, 20, 70), IPGINT
C
            INITIALIZE IPGKED FOR SUBROUTINE ELEMON
0
10
     DO 15 I = 1,3
      IPGKED(I) = IPGK1(I)
15
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
0
С
            INITIALIZE IPGKED FOR SUBROUTINE ELEMOS
20
     D0 25 I = 1,2
       IPEKED(I) = IPEK2(I)
25
     CONTINUE
     RETURN
С
0
      INITIALIZE IPGKED FOR SUBROUTINE ELEMOT
70
     00.75 I = 1,3
      IPGKED(I) = IPGK7(I)
   . CONTINUE .
75
     RETURN
     END
```

```
$LARGE
$NOFLOATCALLS
     SUBROUTINE ELEMLB (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
TO COMPUTE ELEMENT INFORMATIONS FOR ALL TYPES OF ELEMENTS
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.O-Z)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, NULL(13)
     DIMENSION VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), VDLE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*)
     GB TB ( 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90,100), ITPE
    --- ELEMENT OF TYPE 1
     CALL ELEMO1 (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     GD TD 900
C---- ELEMENT OF TYPE 2
     CALL ELEMO2 (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     GO TO 900
    --- ELEMENT OF TYPE 3
     CALL ELEMO3 (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     60 TO 900
     --- ELEMENT OF TYPE 4
40
     CALL ELEMO4 (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     60 TO 900
      - ELEMENT OF TYPE 5
50
     CALL ELEMOS (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     60 TO 900
     --- ELEMENT OF TYPE 6
     CALL ELEMO6 (VCDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     60 TO 900
     - ELEMENT OF TYPE 7
     CALL ELEMO7 (VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     60 TO 900
C---- ELEMENT OF TYPE 8
     CALL ELEMO8 (VCDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     60 TD 900
     -- ELEMENT OF TYPE 9
     CALL ELEMO9(VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     GD TD 900
C---- ELEMENT OF TYPE 10
     CALL ELEM10 (VCDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
     60 TO 900
C---- OTHER ELEMENTS
900
     RETURN
     END
```

```
$LARGE
$NOFLOATCALLS
      SUBROUTINE ELEMO1(VCORE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)
QUADRATIC ELEMENT FOR ANISOTROPIC HARMONIC PROBLEMS
C
        IN 1,2 OR 3 DIMENSIONS :
C
         1 DIMENSION: 3 NODES ELEMENT
          2 DIMENSIONS: 8 NODES ISOPARAMETRIC ELEMENT
C
C
          3 DIMENSIONS: 20 NODES ISOPARAMETRIC ELEMENT
C
      NUMBER OF INTEGRATION POINTS : 2 IN EACH DIRECTION
C
      NUMBER OF DEGREES OF FREEDOM PER NODE : 1
C
      ELEMENT MATRIX OR VECTOR FORMED BY THIS SUBPROGRAM
C
        ACCORDING TO ICODE VALUE :
C
           ICODE.EQ. 1 RETURN OF PARAMETERS
C
           ICODE.EQ. 2 EVALUATE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS AND
C
                      NUMERICAL INTEGRATION COEFFICIENTS
C
           ICODE.EQ.3 ELEMENT MATRIX (VKE)
C
          ICODE.EQ. 4 TANGENT MATRIX (VKE)....NOT WRITTEN....
C
          ICODE.EQ.5 MASS MATRIX (VKE)
C
          ICODE.EQ.6 K.U PRODUCT (VFE)
C
          ICODE.EQ.7 ELEMENT LOAD (VFE)....NOT WRITTEN....
C
          ICODE.EQ.8 PRINT GRADIENTS
C
     ELEMENT PROPERTIES
C
          VPREE(1) COEFFICIENT DX
C
          VPREE(2) COEFFICIENT DY
C
          VPREE (3) COEFFICIENT DZ

    VPREE(4) SPECIFIC HEAT CAPACITY C

      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNULL (3), FNULL (3)
      COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
     1 , ICODE, IDLEO, INELO, IPGO
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY(10)
     DIMENSION VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), VDLE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*)
         CHARACTERISTIC DIMENSIONS OF THE ELEMENT
C
            (VALID UP TO 3 DIMENSIONS)
C
      DIMENSION VCPG(IPG), VKPG(NDIM*IPG), XYZ(NDIM)
      DIMENSION VCPG( 9), VKPG( 27), XYZ(
C
      DIMENSION VJ (NDIM*NDIM), VJ1(NDIM*NDIM)
      DIMENSION VJ (
                           9), VJ1(
                                         9)
C
      DIMENSION VNIX( INEL*NDIM), VNI ((1+NDIM)*INEL*IPG), IPGKED(NDIM)
                                                2160).IP6KED(
      DIMENSION VNIX (
                            60), VNI (
      DATA ZERO/O.DO/, EPS/1.D-6/
C
C
              NUMBER OF G.P. IN KSI, ETA, DZETA DIRECTION
C
C+++
          THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
C+++
          ILER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS.
C+++
          THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY
C+++
          SUBROUTINE INITPG WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE
```

```
THE NUMBER OF GAUSS POINTS FOR THE CALLING ROUTINE.
C+++
€
0
      DATA IPGKED/3, 3, 3/
C
C
          HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
C
     CALL INITPG (IPGKED, 'ELO1')
C
          ALL OF THIS WAS SOLELY TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C+++
C+++
         COMPILER BUG
C.....
      IKE=IDLE*(IDLE+1)/2
   ---- CHOOSE FUNCTION TO BE EXECUTED
C
      60 TO (100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800), ICODE
C
C---- RETURN ELEMENT PARAMETERS IN COMMON 'RODT'
100 60 TO (110, 120, 130), NDIM
110 IDLE0=3
     INEL0=3
     IPG0=3
      RETURN
120 IDLE0=8
     INEL0=8
     IPG0=9
     RETURN
130 IDLE0=20
     INEL0=20
      IPG0=27
      RETURN
C
C---- EVALUATE COORDINATES, WEIGHTS, FUNCTIONS N AND
C---- THEIR DERIVATIVES AT G.P.
0
200
     CALL GAUSS (IPGKED, NDIM, VKPG, VCPG, IPG)
      CALL NIO1 (VKPG, VNI)
      RETURN
C
C---- COMPUTE ELEMENT STIFFNESS MATRIX
C---- INITIALIZE VKE
300 DO 310 I=1, IKE
310 VKE(I)=ZERO
     LOOP OVER THE INTEGRATION POINTS
      INI=1+INEL
      DO 330 IG=1, IPG
C---- EVALUATE THE JACOBIAN MATRIX, ITS INVERSE AND ITS DETERMINANT
      CALL JACOB(VNI(INI), VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DSTJ)
      IF (DETJ. LT. EPS) WRITE (MP, 2000) IEL, IG, DETJ
```

```
2000 FORMAT(' *** ELEM ', I5, ' P.G. ', I3, ' DET(J)=', E12.5)
C---- PERFORM DETJ*WEIGHT
      COEF=VCPG(IG) *DETJ
C---- EVALUATE FUNCTIONS D(NI)/D(X)
      CALL DNIDX(VNI(INI), VJ1, NDIM, INEL, VNIX)
C---- ACCUMULATE TERMS OF THE ELEMENT MATRIX
      IK=0
      DO 320 J=1, IDLE
      DO 320 I=1,J
      Ii=I
      I2=J
      C=ZERO
      DO 315 IJ=1,NDIM
      C=C+VNIX(I1) *VNIX(I2) *VPREE(IJ)
      I1=I1+IDLE
315 I2=I2+IDLE
      IK=IK+1
320 VKE(IK)=VKE(IK)+C*CDEF
C---- NEXT G. P.
330 INI=INI+(NDIM+1)*INEL
      RETURN
C
      - EVALUATE ELEMENT TANGENT MATRIX
C----
С
400
    CONTINUE
     RETURN
C
C---- MASS MATRIX
C
500
     DO 510 I=1, IKE
510
     VKE(I)=ZERO
      IF (VPREE (4). EQ. ZERO) RETURN
     INI=0
      DO 530 IG=1, IPS
C---- EVALUATE THE JACOBIAN MATRIX
      I1=INI+INEL+1
     CALL JACOB (VNI (II), VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DETJ)
C---- COMPUTE THE WEIGHT
      CDEF=VCPG(IG)*DETJ*VPREE(4)
C---- TERMS OF THE MASS MATRIX
      IK=0
      DO 520 J=1, IDLE
     DO 520 I=1, J
      IK=IK+1
      I1=INI+I
      I2=INI+J
520
     VKE(IK)=VKE(IK)+VNI(I1)*VNI(I2)*CDEF
530 INI=INI+(NDIM+1)*INEL
      RETURN
C
C---- EVALUATE THE ELEMENT RESIDUAL
```

```
C
600
      DO 605 I=1, INEL
605
      VFE(I)=ZERO
      INI=1+INEL
      DG 640 IG=1, IPG
C---- EVALUATE THE JACOBIAN MATRIX AND THE DERIVATIVES OF N IN X, Y, Z
      CALL JACOB (VNI (INI), VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DETJ)
      CALL DNIDX (VNI (INI), VJ1, NDIM, INEL, VNIX)
C---- COMPUTE THE COMMON COEFFICIENT
      COEF=VCPG(IG)*DETJ
C---- VPREE*B*VDLE PRODUCT
      I1=0
      DO 620 I=1, NDIM
      C=ZERO
      DO 610 J=1, INEL
      I1=I1+1
610
      C=C+VNIX(I1)*VDLE(J)
620
      VJ(I)=C*COEF*VPREE(I)
C---- (BT) *VJ PRODUCT
      DO 630 I=1, INEL
      II=I-INEL
      DO 630 J=1, NDIM
      I1=I1+INEL
630
      VFE(I)=VFE(I)+VNIX(Ii)*VJ(J)
640
     INI=INI+(NDIM+1)*INEL
      RETURN ·
C
          EVALUATE FE
C--
C
700
      CONTINUE
      RETURN
C
C---- EVALUATE AND PRINT GRADIENTS AT G.P.
C
800
      WRITE (MP, 2010) IEL
2010 FORMAT(//' GRADIENTS IN ELEMENT :', 14//)
      IDECL=(NDIM+1) *INEL
      INIO=1
      INI=1+INEL
      DO 830 IG=1, IPG
      CALL JACOB (VNI (INI), VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DETJ)
      CALL DNIDX (VNI (INI), VJ1, NDIM, INEL, VNIX)
C---- EVALUATE THE COORDINATES OF THE G.P.
      DO 803 I=1, NDIM
803
      XYZ(I)=ZERO
      IC=t
      IO=INIO
      DO 807 IN=1, INEL
      C=VNI (10)
      DO 805 I=1, NDIM
      XYZ(I)=XYZ(I)+C*VCDRE(IC)
```

```
805 IC=IC+1
C---- EVALUATE THE GRADIENT
      I1=0
      DO 820 I=1,NDIM
      C=ZERO
      DO 810 J=1, IDLE
      I1=I1+1
810
      C=C+VNIX(I1)*VDLE(J)
      VJ(I)=C*VPREE(I)
C---- PRINT THE GRADIENT
      WRITE (MP, 2020) IG, (XYZ(I), I=1, NDIM)
2020 FORMAT(5X, 'P.G. :', I3,' COGRDINATES :', 3E12.5)
      WRITE (MP, 2025) (VJ(I), I=1, NDIY)
2025 FORMAT(15X, 'GRADIENTS :', 3E12.5)
      INIO=INIO+IDECL
830
    INI=INI+IDECL
      WRITE (MP, 2030)
2030 FORMAT (//)
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE NIO1 (VKPG, VNI)
      TO EVALUATE THE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS AND THEIR DERIVATIVES
C
      D(N)/D(KSI) D(N)/D(ETA) BY THE GENERAL PN-INVERSE METHOD
C
      FOR 1,2 OR 3 DIMENSIONAL QUADRATIC ELEMENTS
C
        INPUT
C
           VKP6
                   COORDINATES AT WHICH N IS TO BE EVALUATED
C
           IPG
                   NUMBER OF POINTS
           INEL
                   NUMBER OF FUNCTIONS N (OR OF NODES)
                                                             INEL.LE.20
C
                   NUMBER OF DIMENSIONS
          NDIM
                                                             NDIM.LE.3
C
        OUTPUT
                   FUNCTIONS N AND DERIVATIVES
      IMPLICIT REAL *8 (A-H, 0-Z)
      COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNULL(3), FNULL(3)
      COMMON/REDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
     1 , NULL (4)
      COMMON/TRVL/VKSI, VPN, VP, KEXP, KDER, K1
      DIMENSION VKPG(*), VNI(*)
      DIMENSION VKSI1(3), KEXP1(3), VKSI2(16), KEXP2(16), VKSI3(60),
     1 KEXP3(60)
C
C..... INFORMATION TO DEFINE THE 3 REFERENCE ELEMENTS
           (INEL.LE.20 NDIM.LE.3)
      DIMENSION VKSI(NDIM*INEL), KEXP(NDIM*INEL), KDER(NDIM)
      DIMENSION VKSI(
                            60), KEXP(
                                            60), KDER(
C
      DIMENSION VPN (INEL*INEL), VP(INEL)
      DIMENSION VPN (
                            400), VP( 20)
```

```
C
      DIMENSION K1 (INEL)
      DIMENSION K1( 20)
          CHARACTERISTICS FOR 1,2 AND 3 DIMENSIONAL REFERENCE ELEMENTS
C
      DATA IDEGR/2/
C
C+++
           THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
           ILER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS.
C+++
           THESE ARRAYS ARE NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY
C+++
           SUBROUTINE INITNI WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE
C+++
C+++
           THESE SIX ARRAYS.
С
C
      DATA VKSI1/-1.DO, 0.DO, 1.DO/, KEXP1/0, 1, 2/
C
      DATA VKS12/-1.DO, -1.DO, +0.DO, -1.DO, +1.DO, -1.DO, +1.DO, +0.DO,
                  +1.D0,+1.D0, +0.D0,+1.D0, -1.D0,+1.D0, -1.D0,+0.D0/
C
C
      DATA KEXP2/0,0, 1,0, 0,1, 2,0, 1,1, 0,2, 2,1, 1,2/
      DATA VKSI3/-1.D0,-1.D0,-1.D0, +0.D0,-1.D0,-1.D0,
C
C
                  +1.DO, -1.DO, -1.DO, +1.DO, +0.DO, -1.DO.
C
                  +1.DO, +1.DO, -1.DO, +0.DO, +1.DO, -1.DO,
     5
C
                  -1. DO, +1. DO, -1. DO, -1. DO, +0. DO, -1. DO,
     3
C
                  -1.D0,-1.D0,+0.D0, +1.D0,-1.D0,+0.D0,
C
     5
                  +1.DO, +1.DO, +0.DO, -1.DO, +1.DO, +0.DO,
C
                  -1. DO, -1. DO, +1. DO, +0. DO, -1. DO, +1. DO,
C
     7
                  +1.DO, -1.DO, +1.DO, +1.DO, +0.DO, +1.DO,
C
     8
                  +1.DO, +1.DO, +1.DO, +0.DO, +1.DO, +1.DO,
C
     9
                  -1.D0,+1.D0,+1.D0, -1.D0,+0.D0,+1.D0/
C
      DATA KEXP3/0,0,0, 1,0,0, 0,1,0, 0,0,1, 1,1,1,
C
     1 1,1,0, 0,1,1, 1,0,1, 2,0,0, 0,2,0, 0,0,2,
C
     2 2,1,0, 2,0,1, 2,1,1, 1,2,0, 0,2,1, 1,2,1,
C
     3 1,0,2, 0,1,2, 1,1,2/
C
C
           HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
C
           COMPILER BUG
C
      CALL INITNI (VKSI1, KEXP1, VKSI2, KEXP2, VKSI3, KEXP3)
C
           ALL OF THIS WAS SIMPLY TO GET AROUND THE
C+++
C+++
           MICROSOFT COMPILER BUG
C
      IDEG=IDEGR
C---- SELECT TABLES VKSI AND KEXP ACCORDING TO NDIM
      II=NDIM*INEL
      DO 5 I=1, I1
      60 TO (1,2,3), NDIM
1
      VKSI(I)=VKSI1(I)
      KEXP(I)=KEXP1(I)
      60 TO 5
2
      VKSI(I)=VKSI2(I)
      KEXP(I)=KEXP2(I)
      60 TO 5
3
      VKSI(I)=VKSI3(I)
```

```
KEXP(I)=KEXP3(I)
5
      CONTINUE
C---- EVALUATE THE PN-INVERSE MATRIX
      CALL PNINV (VKSI, KEXP, VP, K1, VPN)
C---- EVALUATE N, D(N)/D(KSI), D(N)/D(ETA) AT G. P.
      I1=1
      12=1
      DO 10 IG=1, IPG
      KDER(1)=0
      KDER (2) =0
      KDER(3)=0
      CALL NI(VKPG(II), KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI(I2))
      I2=I2+INEL
      KDER(1)=1
      CALL NI (VKPG(II), KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI(I2))
      I2=I2+INEL
      IF (NDIM. EQ. 1) 60 TO 10
      KDER(1)=0
      KDER (2) =1
      CALL NI(VKPG(I1), KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI(I2))
      12=12+INEL
      IF (NDIM. EQ. 2) 60 TO 10
      KDER(2)=0
      KDER(3)=1
      CALL NI(VKPG(I1), KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI(I2))
      12=12+INEL
10
      I1=I1+NDIM
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE ELEMO2 (VDDRE, VPRNE, VPREE, VDLE, VKE, VFE)

```
8 NODES QUADRATIC ELEMENT FOR 2 DIMENSIONAL ELASTICITY
C
           EVALUATE ELEMENT INFORMATIONS ACCORDING TO ICODE VALUE
0
           ICODE=1 ELEMENT PARAMETERS
3
           ICODE=2 INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS AND GAUSS COEFFICIENTS
0
           ICODE=3 STIFFNESS MATRIX
3
           ICODE=4 TANGENT MATRIX ... NOT WRITTEN ...
3
          ICODE=5 MASS MATRIX
0
          ICODE=6 RESIDUALS
3
          ICODE=7 SECOND MEMBER
8
          ICODE=8 EVALUATE AND PRINT STRESSES
3
        ELEMENT PROPERTIES
C
           VPREE(1) YOUNG'S MODULUS
C
          VPREE(2) POISSON'S COEFFICIENT
3
          VPREE (3) .EQ.O PLANE STRESS
0
                    .EQ. 1 PLANE STRAIN
           VPREE (4) SPECIFIC MASS
      IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, U-Z)
      COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NNULL (3), FNULL (3)
      COMMON/ASSE/NSYM, MFILLR(3)
      COMMON/REDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEG, IPG
     1 , ICODE, IDLEO, INELO, IPSO
      COMMON/ES/M, MR, MP, MDUMMY(10)
      DIMENSION VCORE(*), VPRNE(*), VPREE(*), VDLE(*), VKE(*), VFE(*)
          CHARACTERISTIC DIMENSIONS OF THE ELEMENT
                          IPG), VKPG(NDIM*IPG), VDE1(IMATD**2)
     DIMENSION VCPG(
      DIMENSION VCPG(
                           9),VKPG(
                                        18), VDE1( 9)
      DIMENSION VBE (IMATD*IDLE), VDE (IMATD**2), VJ (NDIM*NDIM), VJ1 (NDIX*
3
      DIMENSION VBE ( 48), VDE ( 9), VJ ( 4), VJ1(4)
      DIMENSION VNIX( INEL*NDIM), VNI ((1+NDIM)*INEL*IPG), IPGKED(NDIM)
C
      DIMENSION VNIX (
                             16), VNI (
                                                    216), IPGKED( 2)
      DATA ZERO/O.DO/, DEUX/2.DO/, X05/O.5DO/, RADN/.572957795130823D2/
      DATA EPS/1.D-6/
      SQRT(X) = DSQRT(X)
      ATAN2(X, Y)=DATAN2(X, Y)
          DIMENSION OF MATRIX D
3
     DATA IMATD/3/
0
£+++
          THIS IS COMMENTED OUT BECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
C+++
          ILER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS.
          THIS ARRAY IS NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY
£+++
C+++
          SUBROUTINE INITEG WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE
C+++
          THE NUMBER OF GAUSS POINTS FOR THE CALLING ROUTINE.
C
3
      DATA IPGKED/3,3/
C
3
          HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE COMPILER BUG
```

```
CALL INITEG (IPGKED, 'ELG2')
0
5+++
         ALL OF THIS WAS SOLELY TO BET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
          COMPILER EUG
O----- CHOOSE FUNCTION TO BE EXECUTED
      SG TB (100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800),ICDDE
C---- RETURN ELEMENT PARAMETERS IN COMMON 'RGDT'
C
100
    101E0=16
     INELO=8
      I@S0=9
C
      RETURN
C
C---- EVALUATE COORDINATES, WEIGHTS, FUNCTIONS N AND THEIR
C---- DERIVATIVES AT G.P.
200
    CALL GAUSS (IPSKED, NDIM, VKPS, VCPG, IPG)
      IF(M.LT.2) 60 TO 220
      WRITE(MP, 2000) IPG
2000 FORMAT(/I5,' GAUSS POINTS'/IOX,'VCPG', 25X,'VKPG')
      10=1
      DO 210 IS=1, IPS
      I1=I0+NDIM-1
      WRITE(MP, 2010) VCPG(IS), (VKPG(I), I=I0, I1)
210 IO=IO+NDIM
2010 FORMAT (1X, F20, 15, 5X, 3F20, 15)
220 CALL NIO2(VKPG, VNI)
      IF (M.LT. 2) RETURN
      I1=3*INEL*IPG
      WRITE(MP, 2020) (VNI(I), I=1, II)
2020 FERMAT(/' FUNCTIONS N AND DERIVATIVES'/ (1X, SE12.5))
O---- EVALUATE ELEMENT STIFFNESS MATRIX
C----- INITIALIZE VKE
300 DB 310 I=1.136
310 VKE(I)=ZER0
C---- FORM MATRIX D
      CALL DOS(VPREE, VDE)
      IF(M.GE.2) WRITE(MP, 2030) (VDE(I), I=1, 9)
2030 FORMAT (/' MATRIX D'/1X, 9E12.5)
C----- LODP OVER THE G.P.
      I1=1+INEL
     DO 330 IG=1, IPG
C---- EVALUATE THE JACOBIAN, ITS INVERSE AND ITS DETERMINANT
      CALL JACOB (VNI (II), VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DETJ)
```

```
IF (DETJ.LT.EPS) WRITE (MP, 2040) IEL, IS, DETJ
2040 FORMAT(' *** ELEX ', I5, ' G.P. ', I3, ' DET(J)=', E12.5)
     !F(%.GE.2) WRITE(MP.2050) VJ.VJ1.DETJ
2050 FDRMAT(/' JACOBIAN=',4E12.5 / ' J INVERS=',4E12.5/' DETJ='.E12.5)
C----- PERFORM DACGER
    C=VCPG(IG)*DETJ
     DD 320 I=1,9
380 VDE1(I)=VDE(I)*C
C----- FORM MATRIX B
      GALL DNIDX (VNI(II). VJI, NDIM, INEL, VNIX)
      IF(%.GE.8) WRITE(MP.2060) (VNIX(I), I=1,16)
2060 FORMAT(/' VNIX'/(1X,8E12.5))
      CALL BOS (VNIX, INEL, VBE)
      IF(M.GE.2) WRITE(MP.2070) (VBE(I), I=1,48)
2070 FORMAT(/' MATRIX B'/(1X,10E12.5))
     CALL BIDB (VKE, VBE, VDE1, IDLE, IMATD, NSYM)
330 I1=I1+3*INEL
     RETURN
0
C---- EVALUATE THE ELEMENT TANGENT MATRIX
400 CENTINUE
     RETURN
D----- EVALUATE THE MASS MATRIX
С
500 DD 510 I=1,136
510 VKE(I)=ZERO
C----- LOOP OVER THE G.P.
     IDIM1=NDIM-1
      IDECL=(NDIM+1) *INEL
      II=I+INEL
      12=0
      DO 550 IG=1, IPG
      CALL JACOB(VNI(I1), VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ. VJ1, DETJ)
      D=VCPG(IG)*DETJ*VPREE(4)
C---- ACCUMULATE MASS TERMS
      IDL=0
      DO 540 J=1, INEL
      JJ=12+J
      J0=1+IDL*(IDL+1)/2
      DO 530 I=1, J
      II=I2+I
      C=VNI(II)*VNI(JJ)*D
      VKE(J0)=VKE(J0)+C
      EF (NDIM. EQ. 1) GO TO 530
      J1=J0+IDL+2
      DO 520 II=1, IDIM1
     VKE(J1)=VKE(J1)+C
520 Ji=Ji+Ji+i
530 JO=JO+NDIM
```

```
340 IDL=IDL+VDIM
      II=II+IDECL
550 :8=08+0DECL
      RETURN
C----- EVALUATE THE ELEMENT RESIDUAL
O---- FORM MATRIX D
600 CALL DO2(VPREE, VDE)
C---- INITIALIZE THE RESIDUAL VECTOR
     DO 610 ID=1, IDLE
610 VFE(ID)=ZERO
C---- LOOP OVER THE G.P.
      II=I+INEL
     DG 640 IG=1. IPG
C---- EVALUATE THE JACOBIAN
      CALL JACOB(VNI(II). VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DETJ)
C---- EVALUATE FUNCTIONS D(NI)/D(X)
     CALL DNIDX(VNI(II), VJ1, NDIM, INEL. VNIX)
C---- EVALUATE STRAINS AND STRESSES
      EPSX=ZERO
      EPSY=ZERO
     GAMXY=ZERO
      ID=1
      20 620 IN=1, INEL
     UN=VDLE(ID)
     VN=VDLE(ID+1)
     C1=VNIX(IN)
      IN1=IN+INEL
     D2=VNIX(IN1)
      EPSX=EPSX+C1*UN
     EPSY=EPSY+C2*VN
     GRMXY=GAXXY+C1*VN+C2*UN
520
    ID=ID+2
     C1=VCPG(IG)*DETJ
     C2=VDE(2) *C1
      C3=VDE(9)*C1
      01=VDE(1) *C1
      516X=C1*EPSX+C2*EPSY
     SIGY=02*EPSX+C1*EPSY
     TAUXY=C3*GAMXY
C---- FORM THE RESIDUAL
      ID=1
      DO 630 IN=1, INEL
     C1=VNIX(IN)
      IN1=IN+INEL
     C2=VNIX(IN1)
     VFE(ID)=VFE(ID)+C1*SIGX+C2*TRUXY
     VFE(ID+1)=VFE(ID+1)+C2*SIGY+C1*TAUXY
530 ID=ID+2
640 I1=I1+3*INEL
```

```
RETURN
  ----- EVALUATE VOLUMIC FORCES. FX.FY PER UNIT VOLUME
C
          ( FOR GRAVITY FX=0 FY=-VPREE(4) )
0
700 FX=ZERG
      FY=-VPREE (4)
      DG 710 I=1,16
710
     VFE(I)=ZERO
      [1=1
      IDECL=(NDIM+1) *INEL
      DO 730 IG=1, IPS
      CALL JACOB (VNI (11+INEL), VCGRE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DETJ) -
      DX=VCPG(IG) *DETJ
      DY=DX*FY
      DX=DX*FX
      I2=I1
      13=1
      DO 720 IN=1, INEL
     VFE(I3)=VFE(I3)+DX*VNI(I2)
     VFE(I3+1)=VFE(I3+1)+DY*VNI(I2)
     I2=I2+1
720 13=13+2
730 I1=I1+IDECL
     RETURN
C
C---- EVALUATE AND PRINT STRESSES AT 6.P.
800 WRITE(MP, 2080) ISL
2080 FORMAT(//' STRESSES IN ELEMENT ', IS/
     1 ' P.G.',7X,'X',11X,'Y',9X,'EPSX',8X,'EPSY',7X,'SAMXY',8X,'SISX'.
     2 8X, 'SIGY', 7X, 'TAUXY'. 8X, 'TETA' / 71X , 'SIG1'. 8X, 'SIG2', 7X, 'TAUMAX'
     3 /)
C---- FORM THE MATRIX D
     CALL DOS(VPREE, VDE)
C---- LOOP OVER THE 6. P.
      I1=1+INEL
     12=0
      DD 880 IG=1, IPG
C---- EVALUATE THE JACOBIAN
      CALL JACOB(VNI(I1), VCORE, NDIM, INEL, VJ, VJ1, DETJ)
C---- EVALUATE FUNCTIONS D(NI)/D(X)
      CALL DNIDX (VNI (11), VJ1, NDIM, INEL, VNIX)
C----- COMPUTE STRAINS AND COORDINATES AT G.P.
      EPSX=ZERO
      EPSY=ZERO
      GAMXY=ZERO
     X=ZERO
     Y=ZERO
      ID=1
      DG 810 IN=1, INEL
```

```
UN=VDLE(ID)
      JN=VDLE(ID+1)
      XN=VCDRE(ID)
      :/N=VCB9E(ID+1)
      CI=VNIX(IN)
      IN1=IN+INEL
      C2=VNIX(INI)
      SI+7I=17E
      S3=VNI(IN1)
      EDSX=EDSX+C1*UN
      EPSY=EPSY+C2*VN
      BAMXY=6AMXY+C1*VN+CE*UN
      X=X+C3*XN
      Y=Y+03*YN
3+0I=GI 015
C----- COMPUTE THE STRESSES
      SIGX=VDE(1) *EPSX+VDE(2) *EPSY
      SISY=VDE(2)*EPSX+VDE(1)*EPSY
      TRUXY=VDE (9) *GAMXY
C----- COMPUTE THE PRINCIPAL STRESSES
      TETA=ATAN2 (DEUX*TAUXY, SIGX-SIGY) *X05
      TETA=TETA*RADN
      C1=(SIGX+SIGY)*X05
      C2=(SIGX-SIGY) *X05
      TAUMAX=SQRT(C2*C2+TAUXY*TAUXY)
      SIG1=D1+TAUMAX
      SIGE=C1-TAUMAX
      ARITE(MP, 2090) IG, X, Y, 2P$X, EPSY, GAMXY, SIGX, SIGY, TAUXY.
     1 TETA, SIG1, SIG2, TAUMAX
2090 FORMAT(1X, I5, 8E12.5, 5X, F5. 1/66X, 3E12.5)
      12=12+3*INEL
820
     I1=I1+3*INEL
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE NIO2(VKPG.VNI)

```
TO EVALUATE THE INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS N AND THEIR DERIVATIVES
     D(N)/D(KSI) AND D(N)/D(ETA) BY GENERAL PN-INVERSE METHED
Ū
\Box
       INPUT
               COORDINATES AT WHICH N IS TO BE EVALUATED
          AK58
         IPG
                NUMBER OF POINTS
C
                 NUMBER OF FUNCTIONS N (OR OF NODES)
                                                     INEL.EQ. 8
         INEL
C
                                                      NDIM. EQ. 2
         NDIM NUMBER OF DIMENSIONS
       דטפדעם
C
        VNI
                FUNCTIONS N AND DERIVATIVES
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H.C-Z)
     COMMON/COOR/NDIM, NAULL (3), FAULL (3)
     COMMON/RGDT/IEL, ITPE, ITPE1, IGRE, IDLE, ICE, IPRNE, IPREE, INEL, IDEE, IPG
    1 , NULL (4)
     COMMON/TRVL/VKSI, VPN, VP, KEXP, KDER, K1, RNULL (420), INULL
     DIMENSION VKPG(*), VNI(*)
C..... INFORMATIONS RELATED TO THE 8 NODES REFERENCE SQUARE ELEMENT
          (INEL.EQ.8 NDIM.EQ.2)
     DIMENSION VKSI(NDIX*INEL), KEXP(NDIM*INEL), XDER(NDIM)
DIMENSION VKSI (
                         16),KEXP(
                                       16),KDER(
     DIMENSION VPN (INEL*INEL), VP(INEL), K1(INEL)
     DIMENSION VPN (
                          64), VP( 8), K1( 8)
C
Đ
         NODAL COGRDINATES OF THE REFERENCE ELEMENT
C
     DATA IDEGR/2/
E
6+++
          THIS IS COMMENTED OUT RECAUSE OF THE MS FORTRAN COMP-
          THER BUG WHICH WILL NOT INITIALIZE $LARGE ARRAYS.
C+++
C+++
          THESE ARRAYS ARE NOW INITIALIZED BY A CALL TO A DUMMY
2+++
          SUPROUTINE INITMI WHICH EXISTS SOLELY TO INITIALIZE
C+++
          THESE TWO ARRAYS.
C
C
     DATA VKSI/-1.D0,-1.D0, +0.D0,-1.D0, +1.D0,-1.D0, +1.D0,+0.D0.
C
              +1.D0, +1.D0, +0.D0, +1.D0, -1.D0, +1.D0. -1.D0, +0.D0/
         MONOMIAL EXPONENTS OF THE POLYNOMIAL BASIS, MAX-DEGREE
C
     DATA MEXP/0.0, 1.0, 0.1, 2.0, 1.1, 0.2, 2.1, 1.2/
C
C
          HERE IS THE CALL TO GET AROUND THE MICROSOFT
Ō
          COMPILER BUG
Đ
     CALL INITNE (VKSI, KEXP)
C
C+++
          ALL OF THIS HAS BEEN TO GET AROUND THE
C+++
          COMPILER BUG.
J. . . . . . .
     IDEG=IDEGR
```

```
C----- EVALUATE THE PN-INVERSE MATRIX
      CALL PNINU(VKSI, KEXP, VP, K1, VPN)
C----- EVALUATE N.D(N)/D(MSI),D(N)/D(ETA) AT G.P.
      11=1
      12=i
      DO 10 IG=1, IPG
      KDER(1)=0
      KDER(2) =0
      CALL NI(VKPG(I1), KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI(I2))
      I2=I2+INEL
      KDER(1)=1
      CALL NI(VKPG(I1), KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI(I2))
      IS=IS+INEL
      KDER(1)=0
      KDER(2)=1
      CALL NI(VKPG(II), KEXP, KDER, VP, VPN, VNI(I2))
      12=12+INEL
10
      I1=I1+NDIM
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE DOS(VPRSE, VDS)

```
TO FORM MATRIX D (2 DIMENSIONAL ELASTICITY)
0
C
      INPUT
       VPREE ELEMENT PROPERTIES
0
0
                  VPREE(1) YOUNG'S MODULUS
                  VPREE(2) POISSON'S COEFFICIENT
C
                  VPREE(3) .EQ.O PLANE STRESSES
                          .EQ. 1 PLANE STRAINS
C
      DUTPUT
             MATRIX D (FULL)
       VDE
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, 0-Z)
    DIMENSION VPREE(*), VDE(9)
    DATA ZERD/0.00/, UN/1.00/, DEUX/2.00/
    E=VPREE(1)
    X=VPREE(2)
    A=VPREE(3)
    D1=E*(UN-A*X)/((UN+X)*(UN-X-A*X))
    C2=C1*X/(UN-A*X)
    C3=E/(DEUX*(UN+X))
    VDE(1)=C1
    VDE (2) = C2
    VDE(3) = ZERO
    VDE(4)=02
    VDE(5)=01
    VDE(6)=ZERO
    VDE(7)=ZERO
    VDE(8)=ZERD
    VDE (9) = C3
    RETURN
    END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BOS (VNIX, INEL, VBE)
TO FORM MATRIX & (2 DIMENSIONAL ELASTICITY)
      INPUT
            DERIVATIVES OF INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS W.R.T. X.Y.Z
      VNIX
0
       INEL NUMBER OF INTERPOLATION FUNCTIONS
C
      דטקדעם
0
      VBE
           MATRIX B
IMPLICIT REAL*8(R-H, 0-Z)
    DIMENSION VNIX (INEL, *), VBE(3, *)
    DATA ZERD/0.00/
```

DIMENSION VNIX(INEL, *), VBE(3, *)
DATA ZERB/O.DO/
J=1
DO 10 I=1, INEL
C1=VNIX(I, 1)
C2=VNIX(I, 2)
VBE(1, J)=C1
VSE(1, J+1)=ZERO
VEE(2, J)=ZERO
VEE(2, J+1)=C2
VBE(3, J+1)=C1
J=J+2
RETURN

10

END

SISROUTINÉ ETDE (VKE, VBE, VDE, IDLE, IMATD, NSYY)

```
TO ADD THE PRODUCT B(T).D.B TO VKE
0
0
       INPUT
C
       VKE
               ELEMENT MATRIX NON SYMMETRICAL (NSYM. EG. 1)
                              SYMMETRICAL (NSYM.EQ.0)
        VBE MATRIX B
C
             MATRIX D (FULL)
        VDE
C
        IDLE TOTAL NUMBER OF D.O.F. PER ELEMENT
        IMATD DIMENSION OF MATRIX D (MAX. 6)
C
      CUTPUT
C
        VKE
IMPLICIT REAL*8(A-H, G-Z)
    DIMENSION VKE(*), VBE(IMATD, *), VDE(IMATD, *), T(6)
    DATA ZERB/O.DO/
    IJ=1
    IMAX=IDLE
    DG 40 J=1, IDLE
    DD 20 I1=1, IMATD
    C=ZERO
    50 10 J1=1, IMATD
10
    C=C+VDE(I1, J1) *VBE(J1, J)
20
    T(I1)=0
    IF (NSYM. EQ. 0) IMAX=J
    DG 40 I=1, IMAX
    C=ZERO
    DO 30 J1=1, IMATD
    C=C+VBE(J1, I)*T(J1)
30
    VKE(IJ)=VKE(IJ)+C
40
    IJ=IJ+1
    RETURN
    END
```

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